

capital and of all money received by the Government from the profits of the said bank, which shall be put into a separate fund; and this fund shall be administered by the Government for such purposes as shall be determined by Law to be enacted hereafter.

Short title.

4. This Law may be cited as the Agricultural Bank Law, 1890.

AGRICULTURAL INSTRUMENTS (HIRE PURCHASE).

39 OF 1922.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE HIRE-PURCHASE OF AGRICULTURAL INSTRUMENTS.

MALCOLM STEVENSON.]

[November 13, 1922.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Agricultural Instruments (Hire-purchase) Law, 1922.

Interpretation.

2. In this Law:—

“Agricultural Instrument” means a wind-mill for pumping water and any other agricultural instrument declared by order of the High Commissioner in Council to be an agricultural instrument for the purposes of this Law.

“Contract of hire-purchase” means a contract for the payment of hire and purchase price of an agricultural instrument by a stated number of instalments.

“Owner” means a person granting to a hire-purchaser an agricultural instrument upon a contract of hire-purchase.

“Hire-purchaser” means a person taking from an owner an agricultural instrument upon a contract of hire-purchase.

Registration of contract.

3. An owner granting to a hire-purchaser an agricultural instrument may register the contract of hire-purchase under the provisions of this Law.

Effect of registration.

4. Where a contract of hire-purchase has been duly registered under the provisions of this Law, the property in the agricultural instrument shall remain in the owner until the registration of the contract of hire-purchase has been cancelled; and no right or title