## THE DRUG COURT (TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS) ACT

REGULATIONS (under section 18)

## THE DRUG COURT (TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS) REGULATIONS, 2001

(Made by the Minister on the 28th day of December, 2000)

L.N. 2B/2001

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Drug Court (Treatment and Rehabilitation of Offenders) Regulations, 2001.

2. The Minister may in writing, designate any individual or organization Approval of as an approved treatment provider if he is satisfied as to the kind of care, provider treatment or rehabilitation which is to be provided by that individual or organization.

3. A person is an eligible person for the purposes of section 5(c) of the Act if that person-

- (a) is at least seventeen years of age; and
- (b) is not suffering from any mental condition that could prevent or restrict the person's active participation in a prescribed treatment programme.
- 4.—(1) For the purposes of section 6 of the Act (procedure after arrest) the person arrested shall be brought before the court on the first sitting of the court following the date of arrest.

- (2) Where, pursuant to section 6 (2) of the Act, a recommendation is made to the court that a person be referred to the Drug Court, the Resident Magistrate shall-
  - (a) ascertain whether the person is an eligible person;
  - (b) explain to the person the reasons why he is being referred to the Drug Court and the consequences of such referral; and
  - (c) require the person to signify in writing, his consent to being so referred.
- 5.—(1) The Drug Court shall, in relation to a person referred to it under section 6 of the Act or brought directly before it under section 7 of the Court Act-

- (a) explain to the person that he will be assessed by an approved treatment provider in order to determine his suitability for participation in a prescribed treatment programme;
- (b) if the person agrees to undergo such assessment, adjourn the case for a period of two weeks to facilitate the carrying out of the assessment during that period.
- (2) Where the approved treatment provider recommends to the Drug Court that a drug offender is suitable to participate in a prescribed treatment programme and furnishes to that Court, a plan of that programme, the Drug Court shall, if satisfied as to the matters specified in section 9(1) of the Act—
  - (a) require the drug offender to signify in writing his consent to such participation;
  - (b) require a probation officer to carry out a means test in relation to the drug offender in order to determine the amount of contribution, if any, to be made by that offender in relation to such participation; and
  - (c) make an order in relation to that offender in accordance with section 9(2) of the Act.
- (3) Where an assessment is not completed at the end of the period referred to in paragraph (1) (b), the Drug Court shall adjourn the case for such further period as it thinks fit to facilitate the completion of the assessment.
- (4) An assessment shall include the following in relation to a drug offender—
  - (a) social, economic and family background;
  - (b) health profile;
  - (c) history of drug use and previous treatment, if any;
  - (d) level of education;
  - (e) vocational achievements;
  - (f) previous convictions, if any.
- (5) The provisions of paragraphs (1) (a) and (2) shall apply in relation to a person who is convicted of a relevant offence before a regular sitting.

Conditions

6.—(1) The conditions which may be imposed by the Drug Court pursuant to section 9(1)(c) of the Act in relation to a drug offender's

participation in a prescribed treatment programme may include the advantages specified in paragraph (2) and the sanctions specified in paragraph (3).

- (2) The following advantages may be specified by the Drug Court on the recommendation of the approved treatment provider in relation to a drug offender who maintains a satisfactory level of compliance with the programme—
  - (a) specified privileges;
  - (b) a change in the frequency of counselling or other treatment;
  - a decrease in the degree of supervision to which the drug offender is subject;
  - (d) a decrease in the frequency with which the drug offender is required to undergo drug tests;
  - (e) a change in the nature of the vocational and social services attended by the drug offender or the frequency with which he is required to attend those services.
- (3) The following sanctions may be specified by the Court on the recommendation of the approved treatment provider in relation to a drug offender who fails to comply with the programme—
  - (a) withdrawal of privileges referred to in paragraph (2)(a);
  - (b) an appropriate change in the frequency of counselling or other treatment:
  - (c) an increase in the degree of supervision to which the drug offender is subject;
  - (d) an increase in the frequency with which the drug offender is required to undergo drug tests;
  - (e) a change in the nature of the vocational and social services attended by the drug offender or the frequency with which he is required to attend those services.
- 7. In carrying out a means test pursuant to regulation 5(2)(b), the means probation officer shall take into account such factors as he considers relevant, including—
  - (a) the nature of the offence committed by the drug offender;
  - (b) the drug offender's income and expenses;
  - (c) the drug offender's property, if any;

(d) the ability and willingness of the offender's relatives, friends or employers to make the contribution referred to in regulation 5(2)(b).

Duration of programme

- 8.—(1) A prescribed treatment programme shall commence on the date specified by the Court in the order under section 9(2) of the Act and shall, unless it is sooner terminated pursuant to section 12(1)(b) or (c) of the Act, be for such period as the Court shall specify in the order.
- (2) Before the commencement of the prescribed treatment programme, the approved treatment provider shall conduct an intake interview with the drug offender, in the form of a discussion of the following—
  - (a) the goals and objectives for participation, including abstinence from the use of drugs during the period of the programme;
  - (b) counselling and education requirements;
  - (c) attendance requirements;
  - (d) drug testing requirements;
  - (e) payment of contribution, if any;
  - (f) the place and times for participation;
  - (g) reasons for termination of the programme;
  - (h) rules which will relate to the drug offender.
- (3) The drug offender shall sign the rules referred to in paragraph (2)(h) in duplicate and one copy shall be given to the offender and the other shall be kept in the record of the offender's participation in the programme.
- (4) The following documents shall be used for enrolment of a drug offender in the prescribed treatment programme—
  - (a) registration form containing the information referred to in paragraph (2);
  - (b) a form permitting the release of confidential information concerning the drug offender to the Drug Court;
  - (c) an agreement to be signed by the drug offender and the approved treatment provider, listing the services to be provided under the programme, the amount of contribution, if any, payable by the offender, attendance requirements and the reasons for termination of the programme.
- (5) One copy of the signed agreement shall be given to the drug offender and a copy shall be kept in the record of his participation in the programme.