The Cinematograph Act, 1918

(ACT NO. II OF 1918)

An Act to make provision for regulating exhibitions by means of Cinematographs.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for regulating exhibitions by means of cinematographs; It is hereby enacted as follows:-

Short title, extent and 1.(1) This Act may be called the Cinematograph Act, 1918.

commencement(2) It extends to the whole of ¹[Bangladesh].

²[(3) It shall come into force at once.]

Definitions

- ³[2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-
- (a) "cassette" means a magazine or container of ferromagnetic recording tapes having the operating characteristic of being directly loaded into magnetic tape recording or re-producing machine;
- (b) "cinematograph" means a composite equipment including a videocassette recorder used for production, projection and exhibition of motion picture film;
- (c) "film", in relation to a motion picture, means a thin flexible ribbon of transparent material having perforations along one or both edges and bearing a sensitized layer or other coating capable of producing photographic images; and includes unexposed film, exposed but unprocessed film and exposed and processed film;
- (d) "place" includes a house, building, tent or vessel;
- (e) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act; and

The Cinematograph Act, 1918 (f) "video-cassette recorder" means an electromagnetic equipment for recordina and reproducing motion picture and sound signals simultaneously on cassette tapes.]

exhibition to be licensed

Cinematograph 3. Save as otherwise provided in this Act, no person shall give an exhibition by means of a cinematograph elsewhere than in a place licensed under this Act, or otherwise than in compliance with any conditions and restrictions imposed by such license.

Videocassette recorder not to be used for public exhibition

 4 [3A. No person shall give a public exhibition by means of a video-cassette recorder and no place shall be licensed under this Act for such exhibition.]

Licensing authority

⁵[4. The authority having power to grant licences under this Act (hereinafter referred to as the "licensing authority") shall be the Deputy Commissioner.]

Restrictions on powers of licensing authority

- 5.(1) The licensing authority shall not grant a licence under this Act, unless it is satisfied that-
- (a) the rules made under the Act have been substantially complied with; and
- (b) adequate precautions have been taken in the place in respect of which the licence is to be given to provided for the safety of persons attending exhibitions therein.
- (2) A condition shall be inserted in every licence that the licensee will not exhibit, or permit to be exhibited, in such place any film other than a film which has been certified as suitable for public exhibition by ⁶[the authority] constituted under the Censorship of Films Act, 1963, and which, when exhibited, displays the prescribed mark of that authority, and has not been altered or tampered with in any way since such mark was affixed thereto.
- (3) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this section, and to the control of the ⁷[* * *] Government, the licensing authority may grant licences under