



THE OBSTRUCTIONS IN FAIRWAYS ACT, 1881



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THE OBSTRUCTIONS IN FAIRWAYS ACT, 1881

¹ACT NO. XVI OF 1881

[15th March, 1881]

An Act to empower the Government to remove or destroy obstructions in fairways, and to prevent the creation of such obstructions.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the Government to remove or destroy obstructions to navigation in fairways leading to ports in ²[Pakistan], and to prevent the creation of such obstructions; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Short title. This Act may be called the Obstructions in Fairways Act 1881;

3* * * * * *

But nothing herein contained shall apply to vessels ⁴[belonging to, or hired by a contract made on behalf of, the ⁵[Government]].

¹For the Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Gazette of India, 1881, Pt. V, p.3 ; for Proceedings in Council, see ibid., 1881, Supplement, pp. 19 and 405.

The Act has been extended to the whole of Pakistan by the Central Laws (Statute Reform) Ordinance, 1960 (21 of 1960), s. 3 and 2nd Sch. (with effect from the 14th October, 1955).

²Subs. by Ord. 21 of 1960, s. 3 and 2nd Sch. (with effect from the 14th October, 1955), for "the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation" which had been subs. by A. O., 1949, Arts. 3(2) and 4, for "British India".

³The words "and it shall come into force at once" rep. by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1914 (10 of 1914).

⁴Subs. by A. O., 1937, for "belonging to Her Majesty or hired by Her Majesty or by the Secretary of State for India in Council".

⁵Subs. by A.O., 1961, Art. 2, for "Crown" (with effect from the 23rd March, 1956).

2. Federal Government empowered to remove or destroy obstruction in fairway. Whenever, in any fairway leading to any port in ¹[Pakistan], any vessel is sunk, stranded or abandoned, or any fishing-stake, timber or other thing is placed or left, ²[the ³[Federal Government]] may, if in its opinion such thing is, or is likely to become, an obstruction or danger to navigation,—

(a) cause such thing or any part thereof to be removed; or

(b) if such thing is of such a description or so situate that, ⁴[in the opinion of the ³[Federal Government]], it is not worth removing, cause the same or any part thereof to be destroyed.

3. Federal Government entitled to expenses incurred in removing obstruction. Whenever anything is removed under section 2, ⁵[the ³[Federal Government]] shall be entitled to receive a reasonable sum, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, for the expenses incurred in respect of such removal.

Dispute concerning such expenses. Any dispute arising concerning the amount due under this section, in respect of anything so removed, shall be decided by the District Magistrate ⁶* * * having jurisdiction at the place where such thing is, upon application to him for that purpose by either of the disputing parties; and such decision shall be final.

4. Notice of removal to be given by Federal Government. The ⁷[Federal Government] shall, whenever anything is removed under section 2, publish in the ⁸[official Gazette] a notification containing a description of such thing, and the time at which and the place from which the same was so removed.

5. Things removed may, in certain cases, be sold. If, after publishing such notification, such thing is unclaimed, or if the person claiming the same fails to pay the amount due for the said expenses and any customs-duties or other charges properly incurred by the ⁷[Federal Government] in respect thereof,

the ⁷[Federal Government] may sell such thing by public auction, if it is of a perishable nature, forthwith, and, if it is not of a perishable nature, at any time not less than six months after publishing such notification as aforesaid.

6. Proceeds how applied. On realizing the proceeds of such sale, the amount due for expenses and charges as aforesaid, together with the expenses of the sale, shall be deducted therefrom, and the surplus (if any) shall be paid to the owner of the thing sold, or, if no such person appear and claim such surplus, shall be held in deposit for payment, without interest, to any person thereafter establishing his right to the same:

Provided that he makes the claim within one year from the date of the sale.

¹Subs. by Ord. 21 of 1960, s. 3 and 2nd Sch. (with effect from the 14th October, 1955), for "the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation" which had been subs. by A. O., 1949, Arts. 3(2) and 4, for "British India".

²Subs. by A. O., 1937, for "the L. G. of the part of British India in which such port is situate".

³Subs. by F. A. O., 1975, Art. 2 and Table, for "Central Government".

⁴Subs. by A. O., 1937, for "in the opinion of the L. G.".

⁵Subs. *ibid.*, for "the Govt.".

⁶The words "or Presidency Magistrate" omitted by the Central Laws (Statute Reform) Ordinance, 1960 (21 of 1960) s. 3 and 2nd Sch. (with effect from the 14th October, 1955).

⁷Subs. by F. A. O., 1975, Art. 2 and Table, for "Central Government" which was subs. by A. O., 1937 for "L.G.".

⁸Subs. by A. O., 1937, for "local official Gazette".