2005

Provided that if a member requires that such proposal be placed before a meeting of the Task Force this subsection shall not apply to the proposal.

Remuneration of members of Task Force.

8

7. Members of the Task Force shall be paid such allowances as the Minister of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and the Attorney-General and Minister of Jutice shall determine, after consultation with the Minister of Finance.

Administrative and secretarial support for Task Force.

- **8.** (1) The Task Force shall have a Secretariat to be located in the Ministry of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and to be headed by a coordinator appointed by the Public Service Commission.
- (2) The Secretariat shall provide administrative and secretarial and other assistance to the Task Force.
- (3) In addition to the Coodinator, the Secretariat shall have such other staff as are required for the efficient performance of the functions of the Secretariat, including public officers seconded from the various Ministries and other organisations represented on the Task Force.
- (4) As head of the Secretariat, the Coodinator shall be responsible to the Task Force for-
  - (a) the day-to-day management of the affairs of the Task Force:
  - (b) the administration, organisation and control of the other staff of the Secretariat:
  - (c) the management of the funds and other property of the Task Force;
  - (d) organising cooperation with other Governments and international organizations against trafficking, and
  - performing such other functions as the Task Force may determine.

## PART III-FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

Funding of Task Force.

**9.** The activities of the Task Force shall be financed by a fund consisting of –

5. Pursuant to section 4, it shall be the responsibility of the Economic Task Force to formulate and propose to Government, either alone or in conjunction with other persons or organisations, measures that for prevention of will enhance economic opportunity for potential victims of trafficking trafficking. as a deterrent to trafficking, including-

- (a) microcredit lending programmes, training in business development, skills training and job counselling:
- (b) programmes to promote women's participation in economic decision making;
- (c) programmes to keep children, especially girls, in elementary and secondary schools, and to educate persons who have been victims of trafficking, and
- (d) the development of educational curricula regarding the dangers of trafficking.
- 6. (1) The Task Force shall meet for the dispatch of Meetings of business at such time and place as the joint chairmen may determine.

- (2) At any meeting at which they are present, one of the chairmen shall preside, and in their absence, the members of the Task Force shall elect a chairman from among their number.
- (3) The quorum at a meeting of the Task Force shall be five.
- (4) Decisions of the Task Force shall be taken by a simple majority of the members of the Task Force present and voting and, in the case of equality of votes, the chairman or other member presiding shall have a casting vote.
- (5) The Task Force may co-opt any person to advise or otherwise render assistance to it at any of its meetings but such person shall not vote on any matter for decision by the Task Force.
- (6) Any proposal circulated among all members and agreed to in writing by a two-thirds majority of all members of the Task Force shall be of the same force or effect as a decision made at a properly constituted meeting of the Task Force and shall be incorporated in the minutes of the next succeeding meeting of the Task Force:

13

2005

- (2) Persons convicted of an offence under subsection (1) shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years but the presence of any one of the following aggravating factors can permit a longer sentence up to a maximum of 10 years:-
  - (a) transporting two or more persons at the same
  - permanent or life-threatening bodily injury to a person transported;
  - (c) transportation of one or more children; or
  - (d) transporting as part of the activity of an organized criminal group.

Penalty for trafficking.

22. A person convicted of the offence of trafficking shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty million leones or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Restitution.

- 23. (1) Where a defendant is convicted of trafficking in persons under section 2, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution to the victim.
  - (2) Restitution shall compensate the victim for-
    - (a) costs of medical and psychological treatment;
    - (b) costs of physical and occupational therapy and rehabilitation:.
    - (c) costs of necessary transportation, temporary housing and child care;
    - lost income;
    - legal practitioner's fees and other legal costs;
    - (f) the greater of the gross income or value to the defendant of the victim's services or labour:
    - (g) compensation for emotional distress, pain, and suffering; and
    - (h) any other losses suffered by the victim.

- (3) Restitution shall, upon the conviction of the defendant, be paid to the victim promptly with the proceeds from any property forfeited under section 24 applied first to the payment of restitution and the return of the victim to his home country or normal place of abode but the absence of the victim from the jurisdiction shall not prejudice the victim's right to receive restitution.
- 24. (1) All property, including but not limited to money, Forfeiture. valuables, real property and vehicles, of any person convicted of the crime of trafficking in persons under section 2 that was used or intended to be used, or was obtained in the course of the offence, or benefits gained from the proceeds of the offence, shall be forfeited to the State.
- (2) Any overseas assets of persons convicted of trafficking in persons shall also be subject to forfeiture to the extent they can be retrieved by Government.
- 25. The Committee may make regulations to carry into effect the Regulations. provisions of this Act.

Passed in Parliament this 9th day of June, in the year of our Lord two thousand and five.

> J. A. CARPENTER, Clerk of Parliament.

This Printed Impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed Parliament and found by me to be a true and correct printed copy of the said Bill.

> J. A. CARPENTER. Clerk of Parliament.

(3) The Task Force shall also submit to the Minister of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and the Attornev-General and Minister of Justice such other reports on its affairs as they may, in writing request from time to time.

## PART IV-PROSECUTION OF TRAFFICKING OFFENCES

Jurisdiction.

10

- 14. A court in Sierra Leone shall have jurisdiction to try an offence under this Act where the act constituting the offence has been carried out
  - wholly or partly in Sierra Leone;
  - (b) by a citizen of Sierra Leone anywhere;
  - (c) by a person on board a vessel or aircraft registered in Sierra Leone.

Consent, etc. of victim irrelevant.

- 15. In a prosecution for trafficking under section 2–
  - (a) the consent of a victim to the intended or realised exploitation is irrelevant where any of the means specified in subsection (2) of that section has been used;
  - (b) a victim's past sexual behaviour is irrelevant and inadmissible for the purpose of proving that the victim was engaged in other sexual behaviour or to prove the victim's sexual predisposition;
  - (c) the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring or receipt of a child for the purpose of exploitation shall be regarded as trafficking in persons even if this does not involve any of the means specified in subsection (2) of section 2;
  - (d) the legal age of consent to sex, legal age of marriage or other discretionary age shall not be a defence to trafficking.

**16.** A victim of trafficking is not liable for any criminal offence Victim's that was a direct result from being trafficked.

immunity.

17. Any request for extradition of an offender shall be subject Extradition to the Extradition Act, 1974 which shall be applied as if trafficking is an offence for which extradition may be granted.

No. 11 of 1974.

**18.** An attempt or conspiracy to commit trafficking or aiding, Attempts, abetting, counselling, commanding or procuring the commission of trafficking shall be punishable as if the offence had been completed.

abetting etc.

**19.** Where an offence under this Act is committed by a body Offence by of persons -

body of persons.

- (a) if the body of persons is a body corporate, every director or officer of that body shall be deemed to have committed that offence:
- (b) if the body of persons is a firm, every partner of that firm shall be deemed to have committed that offence:

Provided that no such person referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) shall be deemed to have committed an offence under this Act if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.

**20.** Any person who, acting or purporting to act as another Unlawful person's employer, manager, supervisor, contractor, employment withholding agent, or solicitor of clients (such as a pimp), knowingly procures, of identification destroys, conceals, removes, confiscates, or possesses any passport, document. immigration document or other government identification document. whether actual or purported, belonging to another person, for any unlawful purpose, commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding thirty million leones or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

21. (1) Any person who knowingly transports any person Transporting across an international border for the purpose of exploiting that person for person's prostitution commits an offence.

purpose of exploiting prostitution.

Provided that if a member requires that such proposal be placed before a meeting of the Task Force this subsection shall not apply to the proposal.

Remuneration of members of Task Force.

8

7. Members of the Task Force shall be paid such allowances as the Minister of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and the Attorney-General and Minister of Jutice shall determine, after consultation with the Minister of Finance.

Administrative and secretarial support for Task Force.

- **8.** (1) The Task Force shall have a Secretariat to be located in the Ministry of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and to be headed by a coordinator appointed by the Public Service Commission.
- (2) The Secretariat shall provide administrative and secretarial and other assistance to the Task Force.
- (3) In addition to the Coodinator, the Secretariat shall have such other staff as are required for the efficient performance of the functions of the Secretariat, including public officers seconded from the various Ministries and other organisations represented on the Task Force.
- (4) As head of the Secretariat, the Coodinator shall be responsible to the Task Force for-
  - (a) the day-to-day management of the affairs of the Task Force:
  - (b) the administration, organisation and control of the other staff of the Secretariat;
  - (c) the management of the funds and other property of the Task Force;
  - (d) organising cooperation with other Governments and international organizations against trafficking, and
  - performing such other functions as the Task Force may determine.

## PART III-FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

Funding of Task Force.

**9.** The activities of the Task Force shall be financed by a fund consisting of –

- (a) moneys appropriated for the purposes of the Task Force by Parliament;
- (b) grants, gifts and donations made to the Task Force by any person or authority;
- (c) any other moneys that may become part of the funds of the Task Force otherwise than stated in paragraphs (a) and (b).
- 10. The Task Force shall keep proper books of accounts and Accounts and proper records in relation thereto and such accounts, books and other records. records shall be in the form approved by the Auditor-General.

- 11. The financial year of the Task Force shall be the same as Financial year. the financial year of the Government.
- 12. (1) The books and accounts of the Task Force shall each Audit of year be audited by the Auditor-General or by an auditor appointed or accounts and authorised by the Auditor-General.

- (2) The Auditor-General may, in addition to any accounts audited under subsection (1), at any time, audit the accounts and the records in relation thereto of the Task Force.
- (3) The Auditor-General shall submit to the Task Force a report of the audit carried out by him.
- (4) The Task Force shall as soon as practicable upon receiving the audit report, forward a copy to the joint chairmen who shall include it in the annual report required to be laid before Parliament by section 13.
- 13. (1) The Task Force shall, as soon as practicable, after the Annual end of each financial year, but within six months thereafter, submit to reports. the Minister of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs and the Attorney-General and Minister of Justice an annual report dealing generally with the activities and operations of the Task Force within that financial year.
- (2) The Minister of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs or the Attorney-General and Minister of Justice shall, as soon as practicable after receiving the annual report of the Task Force, cause it to be laid before Parliament.

7

Functions of Task Force.

6

- **4.** (1) The object for which the Task Force is established is generally to coordinate the implementation of this Act, especially concerning the enforcement of the law against trafficking, including the prosecution of corrupt public officials who facilitate trafficking, the rendering of assistance to victims of trafficking, the prevention of trafficking through the adoption and encouragement of local initiatives to improve the economic well-being and opportunity for potential victims and increased public awareness of the causes and consequences of trafficking.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), it shall be the responsibility of the Task Force to -
  - (a) receive and investigate reports of activities of trafficking from the public or otherwise coming to its notice;
  - (b) monitor the immigration and emigration patterns of Sierra Leone for evidence of trafficking and to secure the prompt response of the police and other law enforcement agencies;
  - initiate measures to inform and educate the public, including potential victims, about the causes and consequences of trafficking;
  - cooperate with other governments in the investigation and prosecution of trafficking;
  - (e) cooperate with non-governmental organizations active in the field of trafficking;
  - (f) advise Government on trafficking, including the need to cooperate in any international efforts against trafficking, the adoption of the economic alternatives to prevent and deter trafficking contained in section 5; and
  - do all such things as will be conducive to the attainment of the object stated in subsection (1).

5. Pursuant to section 4, it shall be the responsibility of the Economic Task Force to formulate and propose to Government, either alone or alternatives in conjunction with other persons or organisations, measures that for prevention of will enhance economic opportunity for potential victims of trafficking trafficking. as a deterrent to trafficking, including-

- (a) microcredit lending programmes, training in business development, skills training and job counselling;
- (b) programmes to promote women's participation in economic decision making;
- (c) programmes to keep children, especially girls, in elementary and secondary schools, and to educate persons who have been victims of trafficking, and
- (d) the development of educational curricula regarding the dangers of trafficking.
- 6. (1) The Task Force shall meet for the dispatch of Meetings of business at such time and place as the joint chairmen may determine.

Task Force.

- (2) At any meeting at which they are present, one of the chairmen shall preside, and in their absence, the members of the Task Force shall elect a chairman from among their number.
- (3) The quorum at a meeting of the Task Force shall be five.
- (4) Decisions of the Task Force shall be taken by a simple majority of the members of the Task Force present and voting and, in the case of equality of votes, the chairman or other member presiding shall have a casting vote.
- (5) The Task Force may co-opt any person to advise or otherwise render assistance to it at any of its meetings but such person shall not vote on any matter for decision by the Task Force.
- (6) Any proposal circulated among all members and agreed to in writing by a two-thirds majority of all members of the Task Force shall be of the same force or effect as a decision made at a properly constituted meeting of the Task Force and shall be incorporated in the minutes of the next succeeding meeting of the Task Force: