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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

ACTS SUPPLEMENT

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The following Act was passed by Parliament on 18th February 2014 and assented to by the President on 17th March 2014:—

PUBLIC ORDER (ADDITIONAL TEMPORARY MEASURES) ACT 2014

(No. 12 of 2014)

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Section

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-

REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

No. 12 of 2014.

I assent.

(LS)

TONY TAN KENG YAM,
President.
17th March 2014.

An Act to make temporary provisions for the area within Singapore commonly known as Little India so as to continue to maintain public order in that area following the violence on 8th December 2013 in that area.

Be it enacted by the President with the advice and consent of the Parliament of Singapore, as follows:

Short title and commencement

1.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Public Order (Additional Temporary Measures) Act 2014.

(2) This Act shall continue in force until the end of 12 months after the date of its commencement.

Interpretation

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires —

“alcohol” means —

- (a) a beverage containing more than 0.5% ethanol by mass or volume;
- (b) a mixture of ethanol and some other substance or liquid (including water) and containing more than 0.5% ethanol by mass or volume; or
- (c) any other beverage or substance or liquid that is prescribed by the regulations as alcohol;

“approved person”, in relation to any power under section 9, 10 or 11, means any auxiliary police officer approved by the Commissioner in writing to exercise such power under that provision at or in relation to the special zone specified in that approval;

“authorised officer”, in relation to any provision in this Act or the regulations, means any police officer authorised in that behalf by the Commissioner for the purposes of that provision;

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Police appointed under the Police Force Act (Cap. 235), and includes any police officer for the time being executing the duties of that office;

“entrant”, in relation to a special zone, means a person who is about to enter or is in the special zone;

“freeze period” means the period starting on the date of commencement of this Act and ending at the end of

12 months after that date (or such earlier date as the Minister may prescribe in substitution);

“licensed premises” means any premises that is the subject of and specified in a liquor licence;

“liquor licence” means a licence specified in section 74(1) of the Customs Act (Cap. 70) relating to any premises, and includes such a licence for a specified period of not more than 30 days;

“Liquors Licensing Board” means the Liquors Licensing Board constituted under section 70(1) of the Customs Act;

“permit” means a permit granted by the Commissioner under section 5(1), and includes a class permit that is the subject of a notification published in the *Gazette* under section 5(2);

“permit holder” includes a person to whom a class permit applies;

“place” includes any motor vehicle, train, vessel, aircraft or other conveyance;

“premises” means any house, building or structure, and any place (whether open to the air or enclosed);

“prohibited item” means —

(a) any weapon, substance or other thing the possession of which (for any purpose) would constitute an offence under the Arms and Explosives Act (Cap. 13), the Corrosive and Explosive Substances and Offensive Weapons Act (Cap. 65) or the Dangerous Fireworks Act (Cap. 72); or

(b) any other article, substance or thing that the Minister prescribes to be a prohibited item;

“public place” means —

(a) any place (whether open to the air or enclosed) to which members of the public have access as of right or by virtue of express or implied permission, whether or not on payment of a fee and whether or not access to the place may be restricted at particular times or for