

Central Provident Fund (MediShield Scheme) Regulations 2005

Table of Contents

Enacting Formula

Part I PRELIMINARY

1 Citation and commencement

2 Definitions

3 Persons not covered under Scheme

Part II MEDISHIELD SCHEME

Division 1 — General

4 Double insurance prohibited

5 Automatic termination of existing insurance cover

Division 2 — MediShield

6 Persons covered under MediShield

7 Application to be covered under MediShield

8 Premium

9 Period of insurance cover

Division 3 — MediShield Plus

11 Application to be covered under MediShield Plus

12 Premium

13 Medisave account deduction limit

14 Period of insurance cover

14 (Deleted)

15 Maximum claim under MediShield Plus

Part III GENERAL PROVISIONS

16 Cancellation of insurance cover

17 Premium rebate

18 Effect of change of Division or Plan of Scheme on premium rebate

19 Non-payment of claim by Board in certain circumstances

20 Reimbursement of medical expenses by person other than Board

21 Renewal of insurance cover

22 Termination by insured person other than dependant

23 Termination by or on behalf of dependant

24 Effective date of termination of insurance cover

25 Cessation of insurance cover

26 Notional date of birth

27 Application

28 Revocation

29 Transitional

FIRST SCHEDULE Excluded Medical Treatment

SECOND SCHEDULE Part I Table Showing the Amount of Annual Premium Payable under the Scheme

THIRD SCHEDULE Part I Assured Amounts

FOURTH SCHEDULE Insured's Contribution

FIFTH SCHEDULE Premium Rebate under Division 2 Scheme (the Medishield Scheme)

SIXTH SCHEDULE Pro-rating Factor under Division 2 Scheme (the Medishield Scheme)

No. S 427

**CENTRAL PROVIDENT FUND ACT
(CHAPTER 36)**

CENTRAL PROVIDENT FUND (MEDISHIELD SCHEME) REGULATIONS 2005

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 57 of the Central Provident Fund Act, the Minister for Manpower hereby makes the following Regulations:

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Central Provident Fund (MediShield Scheme) Regulations 2005 and shall come into operation on 1st July 2005.

Definitions

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires —

“approved community hospital” means any premises which, in the opinion of the

Minister for Health, provides an intermediate level of care for out-patients and in-patients who have simple ailments that do not require specialist medical and nursing care and which is approved by that Minister for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved hospital” means any hospital, clinic or centre which provides medical treatment and which is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved medical practitioner” means any medical practitioner who is approved by the Minister for Health or such other person as he may appoint for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved private hospital” means any private hospital approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved restructured hospital” means any restructured hospital approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“assured amount” —

- (a) in relation to each item of medical treatment received by a person insured under the Scheme in Division 2 of Part II, means the amount specified in the second column of the Third Schedule in respect of that item of medical treatment;
- (b) in relation to each item of medical treatment received by a person insured under Plan A of the Scheme in Division 3 of Part II, means the amount specified in the third column of the Third Schedule in respect of that item of medical treatment;
- (c) in relation to each item of medical treatment received by a person insured under Plan B of the Scheme in Division 3 of Part II, means the amount specified in the fourth column of the Third Schedule in respect of that item of medical treatment;

“claim limit”, in relation to each item of medical treatment, means the charge levied by the approved hospital for that item of medical treatment or the assured amount for that item of medical treatment, whichever is the lower;

“day surgical treatment” means any surgical treatment received by a person who is admitted and discharged on the same day, and includes any ancillary medical treatment received by that person between such admission and discharge, but shall not include any excluded medical treatment;

“dependant”, in relation to a member, means —

- (a) a member’s spouse, child, parent or grandparent; or
- (b) any other person who is dependent on the member and whom the Board may approve for the purpose of these Regulations;

“excluded medical treatment” means any medical treatment specified in the First Schedule;

“gamma knife treatment” has the same meaning as in the Central Provident Fund (Medisave Account Withdrawals) Regulations (Rg 17, 2005 Ed.) and shall not include any excluded medical treatment;

“Government premium rebate” means the sum of money, equivalent to the amount of premium payable under the Scheme in Division 2 of Part II after deducting any premium rebate in regulation 17, which may be paid by the Government to a person under the MediShield Scheme for the Elderly;

“incapacitated” has the same meaning as in section 28 of the Act;

“insured’s contribution”, in relation to any claim by an insured person, means the amount specified in the Fourth Schedule for which the insured person is responsible under the Scheme in respect of any one or more claims in a policy year;

“insured out-patient medical treatment” means any of the following medical treatment as an out-patient of any approved hospital:

- (a) renal dialysis;
- (b) treatment of neoplasms by chemotherapy;
- (c) radiotherapy for cancer;
- (d) administration of cyclosporin or tacrolimus for organ transplant;
- (e) administration of erythropoietin for dialysis and chronic renal failure;
- (f) gamma knife treatment;

“insurer” means any insurer which is registered under the Insurance Act (Cap. 142);

“integrated medical insurance plan” means any plan under which a person is insured —