

Central Provident Fund (Medisave Account Withdrawals) Regulations 2001

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THE SCHEDULE

No. S 570

CENTRAL PROVIDENT FUND ACT (CHAPTER 36)

CENTRAL PROVIDENT FUND (MEDISAVE ACCOUNT WITHDRAWALS) REGULATIONS 2001

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 77(1)(j) of the Central Provident Fund Act, the Minister for Manpower, after consultation with the Central Provident Fund Board, hereby makes the following Regulations:

Citation and commencement

- 1.** These Regulations may be cited as the Central Provident Fund (Medisave Account

Withdrawals) Regulations 2001 and shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1st November 2001.

Definitions

2.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires —

“approved centre” means any centre in a hospital or clinic approved by the Minister for Health for renal dialysis treatment;

“approved clinic” means any medical clinic approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved community hospital” means any premises which, in the opinion of the Minister for Health, provides an intermediate level of care for out-patients and in-patients who have simple ailments which do not require specialist medical and nursing care and is approved by that Minister for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved convalescent hospital” means any premises which provides in-patient medical care for the recovery or rehabilitation of patients and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved day hospital” means any premises which provides for day rehabilitative assessment and treatment of patients and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved day surgery centre” means any centre which provides day surgical treatment to a member or his dependant and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved hospice” means any premises which provides for the medical treatment and care of terminally ill patients and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved hospital” means any hospital approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved medical institution” means any of the following:

- (a) approved centre;
- (b) approved clinic;
- (c) approved community hospital;
- (d) approved convalescent hospital;
- (e) approved day hospital;

- (f) approved day surgery centre;
- (g) approved hospice;
- (h) approved hospital;
- (i) School Health Service;
- (j) Senior Citizens Health Care Centre;
- (k) Singapore Gamma Knife Centre;

“approved medical practitioner” means any registered medical practitioner approved by the Minister for Health or such other person as he may appoint for the purposes of these Regulations;

“approved medical treatment” means such medical treatment as is specified under the first column in the Schedule;

“approved treatment” means any form of treatment which is provided by a Senior Citizens Health Care Centre and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;

“cancer chemotherapy treatment” means the administration of tested and approved chemotherapeutic drugs by the usual and known routes in the treatment of cancer;

“day surgical treatment” means any surgical treatment received by a person who is admitted and discharged on the same day;

“dependant” means —

- (a) a member’s spouse, child or parent; and
- (b) a member’s grandparent who is a citizen or permanent resident of Singapore;

“gamma knife treatment” means the treatment of neurosurgical and neurological disorders by way of radiotherapeutic procedure as specified in the Schedule;

“in-patient” means —

- (a) a patient who has been hospitalised for one day or more for medical treatment;
- (b) a patient who has been hospitalised for a period of not less than 8 hours; or
- (c) a patient who has died within 8 hours of being hospitalised,

- but does not include a patient who has been hospitalised for day surgical treatment;
- “medical clinic” means any premises used by one or more approved medical practitioners for the diagnosis or treatment of persons but does not include any such premises which forms part of the premises of an approved hospital;
- “medical treatment” means any medical treatment, cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, gamma knife treatment, renal dialysis treatment, or surgical treatment and includes investigations, medicines, curative materials and devices and, where such treatment has been received by a person as an in-patient, includes the maintenance of that person in any approved medical institution, except a Senior Citizens Health Care Centre;
- “medical treatment for conception” means assisted conception procedures, for example, Invitro Fertilisation (IVF), Gamete Intra-fallopian Transfer (GIFT), etc.;
- “member” includes a member who is an undischarged bankrupt;
- “out-patient” means a patient other than an in-patient or a patient receiving day surgical treatment;
- “psychiatric treatment” includes any therapeutic procedure given to control and relieve any psychiatric symptom or to prevent its recurrence;
- “radiotherapy treatment” means the treatment of any malignant disease or certain benign condition with ionising radiation delivered externally or internally by sealed or unsealed radionuclides and irradiating apparatus as specified in the Schedule;
- “renal dialysis treatment” means treatment received by a member with renal failure for the purpose of purifying his blood of waste metabolites accumulated as a result of failure and includes haemodialysis and continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis received at any approved centre or at the member’s home;
- “Singapore Gamma Knife Centre” means any premises which provides gamma knife treatment for the care of in-patients and is approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;
- “surgical treatment” means any surgical treatment approved by the Minister for Health for the purposes of these Regulations;
- “treatment for sexual sterilization” has the same meaning as in the Voluntary Sterilization Act (Cap. 347).