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# Ordinance on the Register for Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications for Non-Agricultural Products (PAO/PGI Ordinance for Non-Agricultural Products)

of 2 September 2015 (Status as of 1 January 2017)

#### The Swiss Federal Council,

on the basis of Article 50a of the Trade Mark Protection Act of 28 August 1992<sup>1</sup> and on Article 13 of the Federal Act of 24 March 1995<sup>2</sup> on the Statute and Tasks of the Swiss Federal Institute of Intellectual Property,

ordains:

### Section 1 General Provisions

#### Art. 1 Subject matter

This Ordinance regulates the registration of appellations of origin and geographical indications for products, excluding agricultural products, processed agricultural products and wine, and forestry products and processed forestry products.

#### Art. 2 Definitions

In this Ordinance:

- a. *appellation of origin* means a denomination which identifies a product as originating in a country, region or place, the quality or characteristics of which are essentially or exclusively due to a particular geographical environment with its inherent natural and human factors and all stages of production of which take place in the defined geographical area;
- geographical indication means a denomination which identifies a product as originating in a country, region or place and of which a specific quality, reputation, or characteristic is essentially attributable to its geographical origin.

AS 2015 3669 <sup>1</sup> SR 232.11 <sup>2</sup> SR 172.010.31 Art. 3 Homonymous denominations

<sup>1</sup> Completely or partially homonymous denominations may be registered.

<sup>2</sup> There must be specific conditions which enable a distinction to be made between the completely or partially homonymous denominations in order to ensure that the producers are treated appropriately and the public is not misled.

## Section 2 Registration Procedure

Art. 4 Entitlement to submit an application for registration

<sup>1</sup> Any group of producers that is representative of a product may submit an application for registration to the Swiss Federal Institute of Intellectual Property (IPI).

<sup>2</sup> A group of producers which submits an application for registration of an appellation of origin is deemed representative of the product in question if it fulfils the following criteria:

- a. Its members produce at least half of the total production of the product.
- b. Its members represent at least 60 per cent of the producers involved in each stage of production.

<sup>3</sup> A group of producers which submits an application for registration of a geographical indication is deemed representative of the product in question if it fulfils the following criteria:

- a. Its members produce at least half of the total production of the product.
- b. Its members represent at least 60 per cent of the producers who place the final product on the market.

<sup>4</sup> An individual may be deemed equivalent to a group if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- a. He or she is the only producer that wishes to submit an application for registration.
- b. The geographical area defined in the application for registration possesses characteristics which differ significantly from those of the neighbouring geographical areas or the product possesses characteristics different from those of the products produced in the neighbouring areas.

<sup>5</sup> Applications for registration of foreign denominations may be submitted to the IPI by:

- a. a group or an individual in accordance with paragraph 2, 3 or 4; or
- b. the authority responsible for the country of origin on behalf of the beneficiaries.

<sup>6</sup> If a denomination of a trans-border geographical area or a traditional denomination connected to a trans-border geographical area is registered, several groups or authorities may submit a joint application.

### Art. 5 Content of the application for registration

<sup>1</sup> The application for registration must demonstrate that the requirements of this Ordinance for the registration of the appellation of origin or geographical indication have been met.

<sup>2</sup> It shall include in particular:

- a. the name of the group, its address and composition;
- b. proof that the group is representative;
- c. evidence that the quality, characteristics or reputation of a product is mostly or exclusively connected to its geographical origin; and
- d. the product specification in accordance with Article 6.

<sup>3</sup> For foreign denominations, the dossier must be supplemented with:

- a. the address for service in Switzerland of the group or the authority responsible for the country of origin;
- the name and address of the representative of the group or of the authority responsible for the country of origin as well as their address for service in Switzerland where applicable;
- c. a document which certifies the protection of the denomination in the country of origin; and
- d. a document which describes the system of control applied by the private control bodies or authorities responsible for ensuring compliance with the product specification in accordance with Article 18.

<sup>4</sup> The application for registration must be submitted to the IPI in an official language of the Confederation or be accompanied by a certified translation in one of these languages.

<sup>5</sup> Where the original language of the denomination does not use letters of the Latin alphabet, the denomination must also be transcribed into such letters.

## Art. 6 Product specification

<sup>1</sup> The product specification shall contain the following information:

- a. the denomination or denominations as well as the category of the registration (appellation of origin or geographical indication);
- b. the definition of the geographical area of the product;
- c. if the application concerns an appellation of origin: a definition of the production stages;
- d. a description of the product, including the raw materials and the main sensory, physical, chemical and microbiological properties;
- e. a description of the production method;
- f. the designation of one or more certification bodies in accordance with Article 15, or, for foreign denominations, the designation of one or more private

control bodies or authorities responsible for ensuring compliance with the product specification in accordance with Article 18.

<sup>2</sup> It may also include the following information:

- a. the criteria for evaluating the quality of the final product;
- b. a description of the distinctive shape of the product;
- c. the specific elements of the labelling or outer packaging;
- d. elements of the inner packaging, where the group is able to justify that the inner packaging is necessary in order to guarantee the quality as well as the traceability or control of the product in the defined geographical area.

#### Art. 7 Opinions

<sup>1</sup> The IPI may obtain opinions from experts.

<sup>2</sup> It shall invite the relevant cantonal and federal authorities to submit their opinions.

#### Art. 8 Examination, decision and publication

<sup>1</sup> The IPI shall decide whether the application for registration meets the requirements of Articles 2–6 and shall take the opinions submitted into account.

 $^2$  The decision on the registration may contain specific conditions as defined in Article 3 paragraph 2 or may clarify that protection is not granted for certain elements of the denomination concerned.

<sup>3</sup> The IPI shall publish:

- a. once the application for registration has been received: the denomination or denominations concerned, the name and address of the group or authority responsible for the country of origin as well as their representative where applicable, the category of the requested registration (appellation of origin or geographical indication) and the date of receipt of the application;
- b. if the application is approved: the information under Article 11 paragraph 4.

<sup>4</sup> The IPI shall determine the organ of publication.

#### Art. 9 Objection to the registration

<sup>1</sup> The following may object to the registration:

- a. any party as defined in the Federal Act of 20 December 1968<sup>3</sup> on Administrative Procedure;
- b. the cantons, provided the case relates to a Swiss denomination, a transborder denomination within the meaning of Article 4 paragraph 6 or a foreign denomination that is the same as or similar to that of a cantonal geographical unit or a traditional denomination used in Switzerland.

#### <sup>3</sup> SR 172.021

 $^{2}$  The objection must be submitted in writing to the IPI within three months of the publication of the registration.

<sup>3</sup> In particular, the following grounds for objection may be asserted:

- a. The denomination does not comply with the definitions under Article 2; a generic denomination, in particular, does not comply with the definitions under Article 2.
- b. The applicant group is not representative.
- c. The proposed registration would be disadvantageous to a completely or partially homonymous trade mark used for a similar product in view of the length of use of this trade mark, its reputation and its degree of notoriety.

<sup>4</sup> The IPI shall make a decision on the objection.

#### Art. 10 Amendment of the product specification

<sup>1</sup> For applications to amend the product specification, the same procedure applies as for applications for registration.

<sup>2</sup> In the following cases, the IPI shall make a decision without carrying out all stages of the registration procedure:

- a. The application solely concerns the certification bodies under Article 15 or the control bodies or authorities under Article 18.
- b. The application solely concerns labelling elements.
- c. The application solely concerns the definition of the geographical area without changing the delimitation.

## Section 3 Register

#### Art. 11 Entry in the Register

<sup>1</sup> The IPI shall maintain the Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications in accordance with this Ordinance.

<sup>2</sup> It may maintain the Register in electronic form.

<sup>3</sup> It shall enter the approved denominations in the Register if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- a. There has been no objection within the time limit provided.
- b. Any objections and appeals have been rejected.

<sup>4</sup> The Register shall include:

- a. the denomination or denominations;
- b. the category of the registration: protected appellation of origin or protected geographical indication;