Draft Order in Council laid before the House of Commons under section 173(7) of the Finance Act 2006, for approval by resolution of that House.

DRAFT STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2011 No.

TAXES

The International Tax Enforcement (Saint Vincent and the Grenadines) Order 2011

Made - - - - [day] [Month] 2011

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the [date] day of [Month] 2011

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

A draft of this Order was laid before the House of Commons in accordance with section 173(7) of the Finance Act 2006(**1**) and approved by a resolution of that House.

Accordingly, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred upon Her by section 173(1) to (3) of the Finance Act 2006, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, orders as follows—

Citation

1. This Order may be cited as the International Tax Enforcement (Saint Vincent and the Grenadines) Order 2011.

Tax information exchange agreement to have effect

2. It is declared that—

(a) the agreement set out in the Schedule to this Order has been made with the Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines with a view to the exchange of information foreseeably relevant to the administration or enforcement or recovery of the taxes, and debts relating to the taxes, covered by the agreement; and

(b) it is expedient that the agreement should have effect.

(**1**) 2006 c. 25.

Name
Clerk of the Privy Council

SCHEDULE Article 2

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS

The Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines,

desiring to facilitate the exchange of information with respect to taxes;

have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE 1

Object and Scope of the Agreement

The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Contracting Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment and collection of such taxes, the recovery and enforcement of tax claims, or the investigation or prosecution of tax matters. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.

ARTICLE 2

Jurisdiction

A requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession or control of persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 3

Taxes Covered

The taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are all existing taxes imposed or administered by either Contracting Party and any identical or substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of signature of the Agreement.

ARTICLE 4

Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:

   a) the term "Contracting Party" means Saint Vincent and the Grenadines or the United Kingdom as the context requires;

   b) the term "the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland, including any

area outside the territorial sea of the United Kingdom designated under its laws concerning the Continental Shelf and in accordance with international law as an area within which the rights of the United Kingdom with respect to the seabed and sub-soil and their natural resources may be exercised;

c) the term "Saint Vincent and the Grenadines" means the country of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines;

d) the term "competent authority" means

i) in the case of the United Kingdom, the Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs or their authorised representative;

ii) in the case of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, the Minister of Finance or his authorised representative;

e) the term "person" includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;

f) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;

g) the term "publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold "by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

h) the term "principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;

i) the term "recognised stock exchange" means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties;

j) the term "collective investment fund or scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term "public collective investment fund or scheme" means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed "by the public" if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

k) the term "tax" means any tax to which the Agreement applies;

l) the term "applicant Party" means the Contracting Party requesting information;

m) the term "requested Party" means the Contracting Party requested to provide information;

n) the term "information gathering measures" means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Contracting Party to obtain and provide the requested information;

o) the term "information" means any fact, statement or record in any form whatever;

p) the term "criminal tax matters" means tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the applicant Party;

q) the term “criminal laws” means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes.