1971. No. 342 **[C]**

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

Weights

REGULATIONS, DATED 29TH OCTOBER 1971, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE UNDER SECTIONS 5 AND 8 OF THE WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND) 1967.

The Ministry of Commerce in exercise of the powers conferred upon it by sections 5(1) and (3) and 8(1) of the Weights and Measures Act (Northern Ireland) 1967(**a**) (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Regulations:—

PART I

GENERAL

Citation, commencement and interpretation

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Weights and Measures (Weights) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1971 and shall come into operation on 1st November 1971.

(2) In these Regulations the symbols and abbreviations employed to indicate units of weight refer to the units in relation to which those symbols and abbreviations are set out in Schedule 1.

Revocation and application

2.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), Parts II and III shall replace those provisions of the Weights and Measures Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1967(**b**), of the Regulations amending those Regulations(**c**) and of the Weights and Measures (Person Weighing Machines) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1967(**d**) which apply to weights and, accordingly, those Regulations shall be revoked to the extent specified in Schedule 5.

(2) In the case of weights which are first passed for use for trade before 1st January 1972 the provisions of Parts II and III shall have effect subject to the provisions of Schedule 4.

Prescription under section 5

3. All weights shall be a prescribed class of weighing equipment for the purposes of section 5 of the Act.

PART II

CHARACTERISTICS

Materials

4. Save to the extent that it may—

(i) contain lead in an adjusting hole, or

(ii) be painted, coated or otherwise treated to inhibit corrosion,

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(a) 1967. c. 6 (N.I.).
(b) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1967, No. 237.
(c) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1968, No. 255; S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1969, No. 114.
(d) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1967, No. 238.

a weight, other than a weight for use in connection with the manufacture of explosives, shall—

(*a*) if of the flat or wire type, be made of gold or platinum or aluminium or of an alloy of any of those metals or of a metal of a density of not less than 7 nor more than 9·5 grammes per cubic centimetre; or

(*b*) if of any other type, be made of a metal of such a density as aforesaid.

Shape

5.—(1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), a weight shall only be of a type or form mentioned in the following Table in relation to a weight of its purported mass:—

Type or form	Weights which may be of that type or form
1. *Metric weights* (other than carat (metric) weights)	
(i) The rectangular form described in Schedule 2	Weights of 5kg or more
(ii) The cylindrical form described in that Schedule	Weights of not more than 10kg nor less than 20g and of 10, 5, 2 and 1g
(iii) The hexagonal form described in that Schedule	Weights of not more than 2kg nor less than 100g
(iv) The disc form described in that Schedule	Weights of not more than 20g nor less than 1g
(v) Flat type	Weights of not more than 1g nor less than 10mg
(vi) Wire type	Weights of 50mg or less
2. *Carat (metric) weights*	
(i) Cylindrical with a knob	Weights of 5 C.M. or more
(ii) Flat type	Weights of not more than 20 C.M. nor less than 0·05 C.M.
(iii) Wire type	Weights of 0·25 C.M. or less
3. *Imperial weights* (other than grain weights and troy weights)	
(i) Bell, bar, flat-circular or ring type	Any weight other than a weight of 50, 20, 10 or 5lb
(ii) Octagonal type	Weights of 50, 20, 10 or 5lb
4. *Grain weights*	
Flat or wire type	All grain weights
5. *Troy weights*	
(i) Cylindrical with a knob	Weights of 1oz tr or more
(ii) Flat or wire type	Weights of 0·5oz tr or less

(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) or Schedule 2 shall preclude any weight from being regarded as fit for use for trade by reason of the fact that one or more edges are chamfered or rounded.

Adjusting holes

6.—(1) No metric weight of less than 20 grammes and no imperial weight of less than one ounce shall have an adjusting hole.

(2) No other weight shall have more than one adjusting hole.

(3) An adjusting hole shall be in the form of a cavity in a plane surface of the weight, and shall be either

(*a*) undercut and plugged with lead, or

(*b*) closed by a plug or disc made of brass or steel.

(4) Where an adjusting hole is closed with a plug or disc, the plug or disc shall be secured by a lead pellet driven into an undercut recess or, if the cavity is threaded, the thread.

(5) No lead plug or pellet shall protrude from the surface of the weight.

Marking

7.—(1) All weights other than wire weights shall be marked with a durable and legible indication of their purported mass. Metric weights of disc form shall be so marked on both sides.

(2) The marking shall comprise figures indicating the number of units and words or an appropriate symbol or abbreviation mentioned in Schedule 1 to indicate the relevant unit. In the case of weights of disc form the figures shall be at least 4mm high.

(3) No weight shall bear any marking other than the marking hereinbefore mentioned, the name or mark of the maker or the stamp applied by an inspector of weights and measures, or in the case of a weight in use for trade before 1st November 1971, the name of the owner or an indication of his name.

(4) Where a weight bears the name or mark of its maker, the height of the mark or lettering shall not exceed one half of the height of the figures employed to indicate its purported weight.

PART III

TESTING, STAMPING AND OBLITERATION OF STAMPS

8. Weights shall not be submitted for testing or tested unless they are in a clean condition.

9. An inspector shall test a weight by comparison with an appropriate local or working standard weight by the method of substitution on a balance or beamscale or, if he considers it sufficient, by direct comparison.

10. A weight shall not be passed as fit for use for trade if upon testing it is found to be too heavy by more than the relevant amount specified in Schedule 3 or to be light or not to comply with the relevant requirements of Part II.

11. A weight which is passed as fit for use for trade shall be stamped upon the lead in the adjusting hole or, if it has no adjusting hole, upon its under surface or, if it is of disc form, on either of its flat surfaces.

12.—(1) Where a weight bearing the prescribed stamp is found by an inspector to differ from its purported weight by more than the relevant amount specified in Schedule 3 he shall either obliterate the stamp or serve upon the person in possession of the weight a notice requiring him to have it adjusted within 28 days.

(2) Where notice is served as aforesaid and the weight is consequently retested after the expiration of that period and found to be outside the relevant limits of error, the inspector shall obliterate the stamp on it.

(3) Where a weight bearing the prescribed stamp is found by an inspector not to comply with the relevant requirements of Part II he shall obliterate the stamp on it.

(4) A stamp shall be obliterated pursuant to this Regulation by impressing on it a design in the form of a six-pointed star.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland this 29th day of October 1971.

(L.S.) *W. E. Bell,*
Deputy Secretary.

SCHEDULE 1

Abbreviations of Units of Weight

Metric

kilogramme	kg *or* kilogram
gramme	g *or* gram
milligramme	mg *or* milligram
carat (metric)	C.M.

Imperial

pound	lb
ounce	oz
dram	dr
grain	gr
ounce troy	oz tr *or* oz troy

SCHEDULE 2

Form of Metric Weights

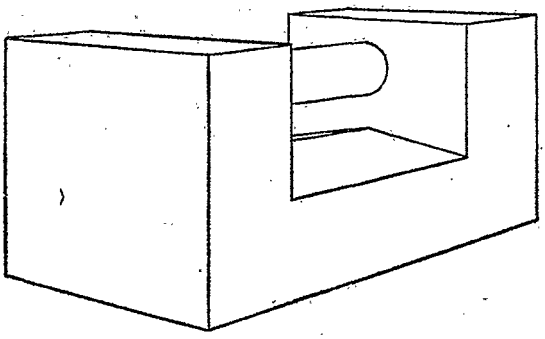
Rectangular

1. The form of rectangular weight referred to in paragraph 1(i) of the Table in Regulation 5 shall be as shown in diagrams (i), (ii) and (iii) below, except that—

(*a*) the length of the weight at the top and the length at the bottom may differ by an amount which does not exceed five per cent of the smaller length; and

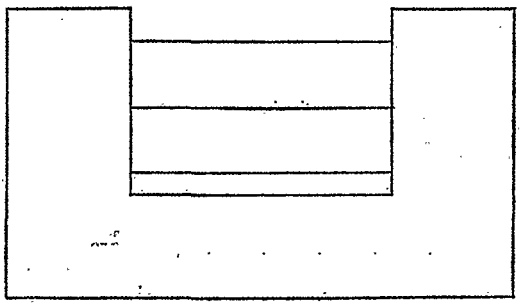
(*b*) the width of the upper surface and the width of the lower surface may differ by an amount which does not exceed ten per cent of the smaller width.

Diagram (i)



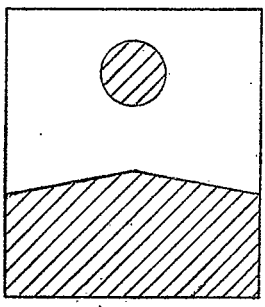
(Viewed obliquely and from above the level of the top surface)

Diagram (ii)



(Viewed from the side)

Diagram (iii)



(Viewed from the end)

Cylindrical

2. The form of cylindrical weight referred to in paragraph 1(ii) of the said Table shall be such that—

(*a*) any horizontal section is circular; and

(*b*) any vertical section through the axis is of the form shown in the diagram below, except that—

(i) the diameter of the knob may vary provided that it is not less than one and one half times nor more than twice the diameter of the neck; and

(ii) the diameter of the body may vary provided that it is not more than twice the diameter of the neck nor less than the diameter of the knob.