HOUSING ON FARMS

Farm Houses and Approved Workers' Houses

REGULATIONS, DATED 3RD JULY, 1956, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNDER THE HOUSING ON FARMS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1950.

1956. No. 108 [C]

The Ministry of Health and Local Government (in these Regulations referred to as "the Ministry"), in exercise of the powers conferred upon it by section fifteen of the Housing on Farms Act (Northern Ireland), 1950, hereby makes the following Regulations:—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Housing on Farms Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1956, and shall come into operation on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and fifty-six.

2. The following Regulations are hereby revoked:—
The Housing on Farms Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1951(a), and
The Housing on Farms (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1952(b).

3. The standards of siting, accommodation and construction applicable to the provision of new farm houses and approved workers' houses shall be as specified in the First, Second, Third and Fourth Schedules to these Regulations respectively.

4. The standards of accommodation and construction applicable to the reconditioning of premises for occupation as farm houses and approved workers' houses shall be as specified in the Fifth Schedule to these Regulations.

5. The superficial area of a new farm house or approved worker's house shall be calculated in accordance with the method specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Regulations.

6. The Ministry may assent to the modification of, or departure from, these Regulations.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Health and Local Government this third day of July, One (L.S.) thousand nine hundred and fifty-six.

Dehra Parker,
Minister of Health and Local Government.

(a) S.R. & O. 1951, No. 111.
(b) S.R. & O. 1952, No. 136.

FIRST SCHEDULE

STANDARDS OF SITING

Farmhouses

(1) The minimum distances in this Schedule are prescribed without prejudice to the application of any enactment or bye-law, and shall be deemed to relate to measurements taken at right angles to the wall or walls of the house.

(2) Distances from Adjacent Buildings:
- (*a*) The distance between any wall of the house and any adjacent building or structure not directly required for the purposes of the house shall be not less than 20 feet.
- (*b*) Where the wall of the house contains a principal window (i.e., a window providing the minimum lighting required in respect of a living room or a bedroom, or a kitchen or scullery or a ground floor bathroom), and where the adjacent building or structure measures less than 10 feet from ground level to the eaves or the parapet, the distance shall be not less than 35 feet.
- (*c*) Where the wall of the house contains a principal window and where the adjacent building or structure measures more than 10 feet from ground level to the eaves or the parapet the distance shall be determined by the Ministry in the light of the particular circumstances of the case.

SECOND SCHEDULE

STANDARDS OF SITING

Approved Workers' Houses

(1) The minimum distances in this Schedule are prescribed without prejudice to the application of any enactment or bye-law, and shall be deemed to relate to measurements taken at right angles to the wall or walls of the house.

(2) The prescribed minimum distances shall apply in respect of approved workers' houses built as single-storey or two-storey dwellings.

(3) For the purposes of these standards, the words "main front wall" and "main front walls" shall be deemed to exclude porches and bay-windows; the words "main back wall" and "main back walls" shall be deemed to exclude porches, bay-windows and one-storey projections or outbuildings, but shall be deemed to include projections or outbuildings having more than one storey.

(4) There shall be provided a distance not less than:—
- (*a*) 50 feet between building lines;
- (*b*) 50 feet between main front walls;
- (*c*) 50 feet between main back walls;
- (*d*) 50 feet between a main front wall and a main back wall;
- (*e*) 35 feet between a main front wall, or a main back wall, and a gable (end) wall; and
- (*f*) 10 feet between a main front wall and a public road or footpath.

(5) The distance between the main front wall, or the main back wall, of a house and a one-storey outbuilding, structure or projection, which is outside the curtilage of the house and which is not more than 10 feet in height measured from ground level to eaves or parapet, shall be not less than 35 feet, provided that, where the said height exceeds 10 feet, the specific siting requirements shall be determined by the Ministry having regard to the circumstances of the case.

(6) The distance between gable (end) walls shall be not less than:—
(a) 8 feet where there are no windows or doors in the said walls;
(b) 12 feet where in the said walls there are doors, or windows which are not required to be taken into account for the purposes of compliance with Paragraph (11) of the Third Schedule of these Regulations, or which do not serve bathrooms on the ground floor; and
(c) 20 feet in all other cases.

(7) The average distance between the rear boundary of the curtilage and the main back wall shall be not less than 20 feet.

(8) Houses shall be sited within a distance of 200 feet from a laneway or roadway and shall be connected therewith by means of a properly constructed pathway.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Standards of Accommodation

Farmhouses and Approved Workers' Houses

(1) The standards in this Schedule are prescribed without prejudice to the application of any enactment or bye-law.

(2) In calculating floor areas for the purposes of these standards, the measurements shall be taken to the unfinished wall surfaces (the normal thickness of plaster, if any, being assumed), so as to include the areas of built-in cupboards or presses having a minimum head-room of six feet six inches, and to exclude the areas of chimney breasts, larder, hot press, or stair bulkheads less than six feet six inches from the ceiling or floor.

Where accommodation is provided wholly or partly in the roof space any area having a ceiling height of less than 5 feet (measured from floor level to the ceiling, and where there is no ceiling, to the underside of the rafters or joists) shall be excluded.

(3) *Living Room and Kitchen or Scullery Accommodation.*
(a) The combined floor area of the living room and kitchen or scullery accommodation shall be not less than:—
(i) in the case of one living room, 215 square feet;
(ii) in the case of two living rooms, 315 square feet; and
(iii) in the case of three living rooms, 415 square feet;
provided that the floor area of a living room shall be not less than 100 square feet.
(b) The kitchen or scullery accommodation shall contain a suitable sink and draining board.

(4) *Bedroom Accommodation.*
(a) The floor area of the bedroom accommodation shall be not less than:—
(i) in the case of one bedroom, 120 square feet;
(ii) in the case of two bedrooms, 210 square feet;
(iii) in the case of three bedrooms, 275 square feet;
(iv) in the case of four bedrooms, 355 square feet; and
(v) in the case of five bedrooms, 435 square feet;
provided that the floor area of a bedroom shall be not less than 65 square feet.
(b) The sole means of access to a bedroom shall not be through another bedroom and there shall not be any direct access between a bedroom and a kitchen or scullery.

(5) *Ceiling Heights.*
(a) The ceiling height of a living room, bedroom or the kitchen or scullery accommodation shall be not less than seven feet six inches.
(b) Where accommodation is provided wholly or partly in the roof space, the said accommodation, to the extent of not less than half of the floor area thereof, calculated in accordance with Paragraph 2 of this Schedule, shall have a ceiling height of not less than seven feet six inches.

(6) *Facilities for Cooking, for Heating of Water, and for Artificial Lighting.*

(*a*) *Cooking.*
A suitable solid fuel cooking appliance shall be provided unless electricity or gas services are available in which case arrangements for the installation of a suitable electric or gas cooker may be substituted.

(*b*) *Heating of Water.*
Where a piped water supply is available, a suitable hot water circulating system shall be provided.

(*c*) *Artificial Lighting.*
Where electricity services are available, sufficient points for the adequate lighting of each room, compartment, and passage shall be provided.

(7) *Room Heating.*

(*a*) Where solid fuel will be the principal source of heating, a fireplace shall be provided in the living room, or, in the case of two or more living rooms, in the principal living room. In addition, there shall be provided in the living room or rooms, other than the principal living room, and in the first or second bedroom, either:—
(i) a fireplace;
(ii) some other fixed means of providing adequate heating; or
(iii) an electric or gas service connection to which a heating appliance can be conveniently connected provided services are available.

(*b*) Where solid fuel will not be the principal source of heating, the heating arrangements and the provision or omission of fireplaces shall be determined by the Ministry according to the circumstances of the particular case.

(8) *Larder Accommodation.*
Larder accommodation, having a minimum floor space of 4 square feet and a minimum height of 6 feet 6 inches, and with adequate shelving and effective means of permanent ventilation directly to the outside air, shall be provided within the house.

(9) *Cupboard Accommodation.*
In addition to the larder and hot press, cupboard accommodation with adequate shelving shall be provided to afford, as a minimum:—
(*a*) 30 cubic feet in respect of all bedrooms; and
(*b*) 14 cubic feet other than in respect of bedrooms.

(10) *Shelving, etc.*
There shall be provided:—
(*a*) shelving (in addition to shelving prescribed for larder and cupboards), having a minimum area of six square feet, either in a living room or in the kitchen or scullery accommodation; and
(*b*) adequate arrangements for hanging hats and coats.

(11) *Windows.*

(*a*) The window glass area shall be, in the case of a living room, or the kitchen or scullery accommodation, not less than one-eighth, and, in the case of a bedroom, not less than one-tenth, of the floor area of the said room or accommodation.

(*b*) Where the ceiling height is not less than eight feet, the distance from the floor to the bottom of the lintel of a window which is required to be taken into account for the purposes of the sub-paragraph immediately preceding shall be not less than six feet six inches.

(*c*) Where the ceiling height is less than eight feet, the distance from the floor to the bottom of the lintel of a window which is required to be taken into account for the purposes of sub-paragraph (*a*) shall be not less than six feet.

(12) *Storage Accommodation.*

(*a*) Space, normally 4 feet 6 inches by 2 feet, capable of accommodating a perambulator, shall be provided on the ground floor and free of passages, it being assumed that a minimum width of two feet nine inches is required for the purposes of a passage.