134 of the Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland), 1950, hereby makes the following Regulations :—

1. The contributions to be made under sub-section (1) of Section 126 of the Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland), 1950, by the local authority named in a training school order to the expenses of the managers of a training school throughout any time in the financial year 1953-54 during which the person to whom the order relates is under the care of the said managers and not out on licence or under supervision shall be at the rate of fifty shillings and nine pence a week.

2. The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

3. These Regulations may be cited as the Training Schools (Contributions by Local Authorities) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1953.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland this twelfth day of March, Nineteen Hundred and Fifty-three, in the presence of

(L.S.) *J. B. O'Neill,*
Assistant Secretary.

The Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland hereby approves the foregoing Regulations, in so far as such approval is necessary under sub-section (2) of Section 107 of the said Act.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland this 12th day of March, Nineteen Hundred and Fifty-three, in the presence of

(L.S.) *Thom McCrea,*
Assistant Secretary.

CINEMATOGRAPH

REGULATIONS DATED 18TH SEPTEMBER, 1953, MADE BY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER THE CINEMATOGRAPH ACT, 1909.

1953. No. 125

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTHERN IRELAND

I, JOHN DE VERE, BARON WAKEHURST, Knight Commander of the most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor of Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Cinematograph Act, 1909, and the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, and all other powers me thereunto enabling do hereby make the following Regulations :—

Interpretation of Terms

1.—(*a*) In these Regulations the expression " the principal Regulations " means The Cinematograph (Northern Ireland) Regulations, 1931, and the following words and expressions have the meanings hereinafter respectively assigned to them :—

" authorised person " means a person authorised either by the licensee or in writing by the licensing authority to perform on the premises any function to which the Regulation in which the expression occurs relates, and " unauthorised " shall be construed accordingly ;

" the projection room " means the enclosure required by Regulation 11 of the principal Regulations ;

" the reserved space " has the meaning assigned to it by and for the purposes of Regulation 22 of the principal Regulations ;

" television projector " means apparatus whereby electrical signals are converted into the form of an image which is projected by optical or other means upon a screen visible from the auditorium ;

" television recording apparatus " means apparatus for receiving electrical signals which represent a visible image or recorded scene (with or without other electrical signals which represent the accompanying sound) and recording those signals in the form of a visible image on inflammable film.

(*b*) Words and expressions to which a meaning is assigned in Regulation 1 of the principal Regulations shall have the same meaning when occurring in these Regulations.

General

2.—(*a*) Where a pipe, duct, or conductor, for gas, water, electricity or other services enters a building through a hole in the lowest floor or made in an external wall below the level of the ground immediately adjoining that wall the hole shall be so stopped as to prevent the passage of gas except by means of a gas supply pipe.

(*b*) The holes through which pipes, ducts, or conductors, within a building pass through a fire-resistive wall, partition, or floor shall be so sealed as to prevent the passage of fire and smoke.

3. Main valves and cocks controlling a supply of gas shall be placed as near as is practicable to a door which is easily accessible from a highway, and shall be secured against unauthorised interference.

LIGHTING

General Lighting

4.—(*a*) Every part of premises to which for the time being the public have access shall unless it is adequately lighted by daylight be provided with means of adequate illumination, hereafter in these Regulations called " the general lighting ".

(*b*) If premises are regularly used for the purpose of cinematograph exhibitions the general lighting shall be by electricity or gas.

(*c*) Subject to the provisions of Regulation 10 the general lighting shall at all times when the public are upon the premises be —

(i) maintained in working order and capable of full illumination, and

(ii) so kept in use that illumination is adequate, but illumination shall not be deemed inadequate on the ground that by such arrangements as are allowed by the next following Regulation the intensity of illumination is reduced in the auditorium.

Dimming

5. Any arrangement for reducing the intensity of illumination in the auditorium shall be such —

(i) where the said illumination is by gas that the means of regulating its intensity is not situated in the reserved space, the projection room, or a room in which film is manipulated, used, or stored,

(ii) where the said illumination is by electricity that the means of regulating its intensity is not situated in a rewinding room, or a room in which film is stored, and

(iii) whatever is the method of the said illumination that independent means of regulating its intensity not being upon the stage or in the reserved space or in a room in which film is manipulated, used, or stored is provided in a position or positions readily accessible to the staff, access to which is not likely to be impeded by the public.

Safety Lighting

6.—(*a*) Means of illumination, hereafter in these Regulations called " the safety lighting ", shall be provided —

(i) in the auditorium and,

(ii) unless they are adequately lighted by daylight, in all exits leading therefrom to the outside of the premises, including all courts, passages, stairways, or ramps, and in all other parts of the premises to which for the time being the public have access, and

(iii) for all notices indicating exits from any part of the premises.

(*b*) Subject to the provisions of Regulation 10, the safety lighting of every part of the premises not adequately lighted by daylight shall at all times when the public are upon the premises be maintained in working order, and so kept in use that it is adequate to enable the public to see their way out of the premises.