

RETHINKING DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES AFTER THE FINANCIAL CRISIS

Volume II: Country Studies and International Comparisons





**Hochschule für Technik
und Wirtschaft Berlin**

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Volume II: Country Studies and International Comparisons

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Explanatory notes

Classification by country or commodity group

The classification of countries in this publication has been adopted solely for the purposes of statistical or analytical convenience and does not necessarily imply any judgement concerning the stage of development of a particular country or area.

The terms “country” / “economy” refer, as appropriate, also to territories or areas.

References to “Latin America” in the text or tables include the Caribbean countries unless otherwise indicated.

References to “sub-Saharan Africa” in the text or tables include South Africa unless otherwise indicated.

Other notes

References in the text to *TDR* are to the *Trade and Development Report* (of a particular year). For example, *TDR 2014* refers to *Trade and Development Report, 2014* (United Nations publication, sales no. E.14.II.D.4).

References in the text to the United States are to the United States of America and those to the United Kingdom are to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

The term “dollar” (\$) refers to United States dollars, unless otherwise stated.

The term “billion” signifies 1,000 million.

The term “tons” refers to metric tons.

Annual rates of growth and change refer to compound rates.

Use of a dash (–) between dates representing years, e.g. 1988–1990, signifies the full period involved, including the initial and final years.

An oblique stroke (/) between two years, e.g. 2000/01, signifies a fiscal or crop year.

Decimals and percentages do not necessarily add up to totals because of rounding.

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