UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT

UNCTAD

SPECIAL ISSUE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN

AFRICEA

REPORT 2011 FOSTERING INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA IN THE
NEW GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT

EMBARGO

The contents of this Report must not be quoted or summarized in the print, broadcast or electronic media before 11 July 2011, 17:00 hours GMT



UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT

SPECIAL ISSUE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN

AFRICE A

REPORT 2011 FOSTERING INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA IN THE
NEW GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT



NOTE

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Material in this publication may be freely quoted or reprinted, but acknowledgement is requested, together with a reference to the document number. A copy of the publication containing the quotation or reprint should be sent to the UNCTAD secretariat.

UNCTAD/ALDC/AFRICA/2011

UNITED NATIONS PUBLICATION Sales No. E.11.II.D.14 ISBN 978-92-1-112825-3 ISSN 1990-5114

Copyright © United Nations, 2011 All rights reserved.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Economic Development in Africa Report 2011 is the product of joint work between UNCTAD and UNIDO. It was prepared by a research team consisting of Norbert Lebale (team leader), Patrick Osakwe (UNCTAD), Bineswaree Bolaky (UNCTAD), Milasoa Chérel-Robson (UNCTAD) and Philipp Neuerburg (UNIDO).

The work was completed under the overall supervision of Charles Gore, Head, Research and Policy Analysis Branch (UNCTAD); Ludovico Alcorta, Director, Development Policy and Strategic Research Branch, Regional Strategy and Field Operations Division (UNIDO); and Jo Elizabeth Butler, Deputy-Director and Officerin-Charge, Division for Africa, Least Developed Countries and Special Programmes (ALDC). The report benefited from the comments of the following, who participated in a peer review discussion of a draft of the report: Olusanya Ajakaiye, Director of Research, African Economic Research Consortium, Nairobi, Kenya; Helmut Asche, University of Leipzig, Germany; Michele di Maio, Department of Economic Studies, University of Naples, Italy; Erika Kraemer-Mbula, Institute for Economic Research and Innovation (IERI), Pretoria, South Africa; Zeljka Kozul-Wright (UNCTAD); Detlef Kotte (UNCTAD); and Alfredo Saad Filho (UNCTAD).

Statistical assistance was provided by Agnès Collardeau-Angleys (UNCTAD), and Gorazd Rezonja (UNIDO). Heather Wicks and Stephanie West provided secretarial support. The cover was prepared by Sophie Combette based on a design by Hadrien Gliozzo. Lucy Deleze-Black and Michael Gibson edited the text.

The overall layout, graphics and desktop publishing were done by Madasamyraja Rajalingam.

CONTENTS

Explanatory notes	
Abbreviations	viii
CHAPTER I: INTRODUCTION	1
CHAPTER 2: PROMOTING INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA: STAGES, PERFORMANCE AND LESSONS LEARNED	9
A. Stages of industrial development in Africa	10
B. The performance and characteristics of African manufacturing	
C. Lessons learned	26
CHAPTER 3: TOWARDS A NEW INDUSTRIAL POLICY IN AFRICA:	
INDUSTRIAL DIAGNOSIS AND STRATEGY DESIGN	33
A. Introduction	34
B. The question of strategic choice and selectivity in facilitating	
structural change	36
C. A framework for industrial strategy design	39
D. Applying the framework: a typology of African countries' industrial	
performance	
E. Applying the framework: linking countries with different strategic choice F. Steps in the industrial strategy design process	
	00
CHAPTER 4: TOWARDS A NEW INDUSTRIAL POLICY IN AFRICA:	
THE WHY AND THE HOW OF POLICY-MAKING	
A. The rationale for industrial policy	
B. Key principles of new industrial policy	
C. The areas and instruments of new industrial policy D. Institutional and governance issues	
E. The importance of complementary policies	
F. Financing industrial development: Where will the resources for	
industrialization come from?	74
G. The role of regional integration	79
CHAPTER 5: TOWARDS A NEW INDUSTRIAL POLICY IN AFRICA:	
TAKING ACCOUNT OF THE NEW GLOBAL	
ENVIRONMENT	85
A. International trade rules	86

C D	. Rising industrial powers from the South 92 . Climate change 95 . Global value chains 98 . Summary 101
A. B C	MAIN FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 103 Main findings 105 Policy recommendations 106 Conclusion 110 S 112 RENCES 115
BOXES	
1.	Floriculture in Ethiopia: An African success story
TABLES	
2. 3. 4. 5.	Contribution of industry to GDP 1970-2008
FIGURE	S
2.	Structural transformation of Africa's economy vis-à-vis other developing regions

CONTENTS

5. Framework for the comparative assessment of the relative attractiveness	
and strategic feasibility of manufacturing activities for African countries	41
6. Illustration of the relative attractiveness and feasibility of unused potentials	
in various manufacturing industries	43
7. Typology of African countries based on industrial performance	45
8. An overview of African countries' industrialization level and growth	
performance	46
9. African countries' industrial performance	47
10 GDP per capita in Africa and the BBIC countries	83

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The \$ sign refers to the United States dollar.

Sub-Saharan Africa: Except where otherwise stated, this includes South Africa.

North Africa: In this publication, Sudan is classified as part of sub-Saharan Africa, not North Africa.

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二组

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?repo