



# **UNECE** RENEWABLE ENERGY STATUS REPORT



## PARTNER ORGANISATIONS

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REN21 is the only global renewable energy community of actors from science, governments, nongovernmental organisations and

industry. It provides up-to-date and peer-reviewed facts, figures and analysis of global developments in technology, policies and markets. The goal: to enable decision makers to make the shift to renewable energy happen – now.

REN21 creates an enabling environment to support renewables. It offers a platform for a variety of stakeholders to engage and collaborate. Armed with knowledge and tools, supported by a culture of dialogue and debate, and augmented by new ecosystems, this community of change strategically drives the deep transformations needed to make renewables the norm.



The United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) was set up in 1947 by the United Nations Economic

and Social Council (ECOSOC) and is one of five regional commissions of the United Nations. UNECE's major aim is to promote pan-European economic integration. To do so, it brings together 56 countries of Europe, but also countries of North America, Central Asia and Western Asia. Over 70 international professional organisations and other non-governmental organisations take part in UNECE activities.



Dena, the German Energy Agency, is Germany's centre of expertise for energy efficiency, renewable energy sources and intelligent energy systems. As the "Agency for the

Applied Energy Transition" it contributes to the attainment of energy and climate policy objectives. dena develops solutions and put them into practice, both nationally and internationally. This report was commissioned by REN21 as part of the UNECE Renewable Energy Uptake Project. The Project is a joint undertaking by REN21, UNECE and dena with financing provided by the German Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action (BMWK). A



Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action

#### on the basis of a decision by the German Bundestag

major share of the research for this report was conducted on a voluntary basis.



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Note: All references to Kosovo in the report are made in the context of United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999).

# REN21 CROWD-SOURCED KNOWLEDGE AND DATA

The REN21 community is at the heart of REN21's data and reporting culture. Collectively, hundreds of experts make REN21 reports among the world's most comprehensive crowd-sourced and peer-reviewed publications on renewables. This unique reporting and verification process makes REN21 a globally recognised data and knowledge broker.

REN21 reports that carry the \*REN21 Crowd-Sourced Knowledge and Data\* stamp verify that the following collaborative process was applied:

Developing **data collection** methods that build on a global multi-stakeholder community of experts from diverse sectors, enabling access to dispersed data and information that frequently are not consolidated and are difficult to collect.

Consolidating **formal** (official) and **informal** (unofficial/unconventional) data gathered from a wide range of sources in a collaborative and transparent way, for example, by using extensive referencing.

Complementing and validating data and information in an open peer-review process.

Obtaining expert input on renewable energy trends through **interviews** and personal communication between the REN21 team and authors.

Using validated data and information to provide fact-based evidence and to develop a supportive narrative to **shape the sectoral, regional or global debate** on the energy transition, monitor advancements and inform decision processes.

Making data and information **openly available** and clearly documenting our sources so they can be used by people in their work to advocate for renewable energy.

Using crowd-sourced data to develop a **shared language** and create an understanding as the foundation for collaboration.



## Over **260 experts** contributed to the REN21 UNECE report

2022, working alongside an international authoring team and the REN21 Secretariat.



#### A variety of sources were

used to compile this report, including interviews with experts in the region.



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## FOREWORD

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Since 2018, the UNECE region has observed a noticeable scale-up in the uptake of renewable energy technologies. Renewables are becoming a mainstream solution to provide sustainable, affordable and reliable power supply to the region's 310 million people. The accelerated transition to low-carbon energy in the region reflects an increasing recognition of the multiple benefits that renewable energy provides for national energy security, greenhouse gas emission reduction, and enhanced access to and resilience of the energy supply, along with the improvement in environmental quality and people's health.

The 2022 UNECE Renewable Energy Status Report examines in detail the progress made by 17 UNECE countries in harnessing their abundant renewable energy resources to decarbonise power, heat and mobility. It also offers a comprehensive overview of the region's journey towards achieving the United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 7 on "Affordable and Clean Energy" by looking at renewable energy alongside improvements in energy efficiency and energy access.

By delivering detailed analysis of the national policy frameworks and investment flows for a low-carbon energy transition, the report provides valuable insights on

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