

National Programme Document - Zambia

UN-REDD PROGRAMME

17-19 March 2010















UN COLLABORATIVE PROGRAMME ON REDUCING EMISSIONS FROM DEFORESTATION AND FOREST DEGRADATION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES NATIONAL JOINT PROGRAMME DOCUMENT

Country: Republic of Zambia

Programme – Zambia Quick Start Initiative

Programme Goal: To prepare Zambian institutions and stakeholders for effective nationwide implementation of the REDD+ mechanism.

Programme Objectives:

- i) Build institutional and stakeholder capacity to implement REDD+
- ii) Develop an enabling policy environment for REDD+
- iii) Develop REDD+ benefit-sharing models
- iv) Develop Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV) systems for REDD+

Joint Programme Outcomes:

Outcome 1: Capacity to manage REDD+ Readiness strengthened

Outcome 2: Broad-based stakeholder support for REDD+ established

Outcome 3: National governance framework and institutional capacities for the implementation of REDD+ strengthened

Outcome 4: National REDD+ strategies identified

Outcome 5: MRV capacity to implement REDD+ strengthened

Outcome 6: Assessment of reference emission level (REL) and reference level (RL) undertaken

Programme Duration: __3 years_____

Anticipated start/end dates: <u>09/2010-08/2013</u>

Fund Management Option(s): pass-through

Managing or Administrative Agent: UNDP MDTF

Office

Total estimated budget*: <u>USD 4.49 million</u>

Out of which:

1. Funded Budget: USD 4.49 million

Unfunded budget: Nil

* Total estimated budget includes both programme costs and indirect support costs

Sources of funded budget:

Government Nil

• UN-REDD MDTF USD 4.49 million

Other
 Nil









Names and signatures of (sub) national counterparts and participating UN organizations

| UN organizations | National Coordinating Authorities |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Macleod Nyirongo | Name of Lead Implementing Partner Contact |
| UN Resident Coordinator | Name of Institution |
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| Dr Nourredin Mona | Name of National Coordinating Authority Contact |
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| Viola Morgan | Name of Sub-National Implementing Partner Contact |
| UNDP Country Director | (if needed) |
| | Name of Institution |
| Signature | |
| | Signature |
| Date | |
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| Angela Cropper | Name of other Implementing Partner Contact |
| UNEP Deputy Executive Director | (if needed) |
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| Signature | |
| | Signature |
| Date | Date |
| | |

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1. Acronym List

AC/QC Assurance Control/Quality Control ACCA Anti Corruption Commission Act

AD Activity Data

ADC Area Development Committee

ADMADE Administrative Management Design for Game Areas

AFOLU Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use

AER Agro-Ecological Region

ASIP Agriculture Sector Investment Programme

AWP Annual Work Plan

CBNRM Community-based Natural Resource Management

CA Conservation Agriculture

CCFU Climate Change Facilitation Unit
CBD Convention on Biological Diversity
CBO Community-Based Organisation
CEC Copperbelt Energy Consortium

COMACO Community Markets for Conservation
COP Conference of the Parties (of the UNFCCC)

CRB Community Resource Board CSO Civil Society Organisation

DDCC District Development Coordination Committee

ECZ Environment Council of Zambia

EF Emission Factor

EIA Environmental impact assessment

EITI World Bank Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative

ENRMMP Environment and Natural Resource Management and Mainstreaming Programme

ENSO El Nino/Southern Oscillation FAO Food and Agriculture Organisation

FD Forestry Department

FINNIDA Finnish International Development Agency
FNDP Fifth National Development Programme
FRMP Forest Resource Management Project

FSP Forest Stewardship Program
GCM Global Circulation Model
GDP Gross Domestic Product
GMA Game Management Area

GPG-LULUCF Good Practice Guidance for Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry

GRZ Government of the Republic of Zambia

HIPC Highly Indebted Poor Countries
IGA Income Generating Activity
ILUA Integrated Land Use Assessment

IP Implementing Partner

IPCC Inter-Governmental Panel on Climate Change IRDB Integrated Resource Development Boards

ITCZ Inter-Tropical Convergence Zone
JFM Joint Forestry Management

LU Land Use

LUC Land Use Change LUP Land Use Planning

MACO Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives MCT Ministry of Communication and Transport

MCDSS Ministry of Community Development and Social Services

MEWD Ministry of Energy and Water Development

MFNP Ministry of Finance and National Planning MLGH Ministry of Local Government and Housing

MMU Minimum Mapping Unit
MoE Ministry of Education
MoF Ministry of Finance
MoL Ministry of Lands
MoM Minutes of Meeting

MoU Memorandum of Understanding MRV Monitoring, Reporting and Verification

MS Monitoring System

MTENR Ministry of Tourism, Environment and Natural Resources

NAPA National Adaptation Programme of Action NCCRS National Climate Change Response Strategy

NFI National Forest Inventory NGO Non-Governmental Organisation

NJP National Joint Programme

NRSC National Remote Sensing Centre
NRCF Natural Resources Consultative Forum

NFFP Non-Timber Forest Product
OMS Operational Monitoring System

PA Protected Area

PDCC Provincial Development Coordination Committee

PFAP Provincial Forestry Action Programme

PPF Peace Parks Foundation

PPCR Pilot Programme on Climate Resilience PSRP Public Service Reform Programme

RCU REDD Coordination Unit

REDD Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation

REDD+ Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD), as well as

sustainable management of forests, forest conservation and the enhancement of

forest carbon stocks (+)¹

REIS Rural Electrification and Improved Stoves

REL Reference Emission Level

REMNPAS Reclassification of the Management of the Protected Area System

RL Reference Level RS Remote Sensing

SADC Southern African Development Community

SAG Sector Advisory Group

SBSTA Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technical Advice

SLAMU South Luangwa Area Management Unit SMF Sustainable Management of Forests TFCA Transfrontier Conservation Area

ToR Terms of Reference

UNDAF United Nations Development Assistant Framework

UNDP United Nations Development Programme UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNIFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organisation

UN-REDD United Nations Collaborative Programme on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation

and Forest Degradation in Developing Countries

USD US Dollars

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¹ IWG-IFR. 2009. Report of the Informal Working Group on Interim Finance for REDD+: Discussion Document. Available online at: http://www.unredd.net/index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_download&gid=1096&Itemid=53

VAC Vulnerability Assessment Committee

WWF World Wide Fund for Nature ZAWA Zambian Wildlife Authority

ZCBNRMF Zambian Community Based Natural Resource Management Forum

ZESCO Zambian Electricity Supply Company

ZFAP Zambia Forest Action Plan

ZMD Zambia Meteorological Department

2. Executive Summary

Deforestation and forest degradation comprise a large proportion (in the region of one fifth) of global anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions. The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) is developing the REDD+ mechanism to provide financial incentives to reduce such emissions. REDD+ includes Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (initially referred to as REDD) as well as: i) conservation of indigenous forests; ii) sustainable management of forests; and iii) the enhancement of forest carbon stocks.

Zambia has approximately 50 million hectares of forest, with an estimated deforestation rate of 250,000 to 300,000 hectares per year. In recognition of the role REDD+ can play in reducing emissions and facilitating sustainable socio-economic development, the Zambian government is presently assessing the opportunities potentially delivered through REDD+. Zambia is currently one of nine developing countries in the world that will be piloting the UN-REDD Programme, which aims to prepare countries for future REDD+ implementation. The first phase in the UN-REDD Programme is the UN-REDD Quick Start initiative. This project document describes the activities of this initiative, which will be a National Joint Programme (NJP). The NJP will develop a National REDD+ strategy and thereby assist in attracting financing for National REDD+ implementation.

The primary drivers of deforestation and forest degradation need to be addressed in order to ensure the success of National REDD+. Within Zambia, these drivers vary across regions and include *inter alia* i) charcoal and wood fuel use (for domestic, commercial and industrial uses); ii) timber production; and iii) unsustainable agricultural methods and other land use practices. Drivers of deforestation and forest degradation are a result of a complex set of underlying causes that are primarily caused by past and current development processes. These underlying causes cut across numerous sectors (e.g. energy, forestry, agriculture and water). In order to address them and thereby to facilitate REDD+, the entire mode of development within Zambia will need to be altered. Both the supply and demand for wood and non-wood forest products will, for example, need to be addressed simultaneously.

The large scale and cross-cutting nature of interventions required to implement REDD+ will necessitate high level government support and large scale cross-sectoral reforms. Preparation for REDD+ will require a specific set of interventions including *inter alia*: i) developing capacity from community to government level; ii) strengthening of institutional, policy and legislative frameworks; iii) strengthening the implementation of policy and enforcement of legislation; iv) widespread sharing of knowledge on REDD+; and v) developing incentives for the adoption of alternative livelihoods and energy sources. Ultimately, the success of National REDD+ will also require large scale stakeholder engagement across all levels, but specifically at the community level in order to ensure that communities receive tangible benefits from REDD+.

预览已结束,完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 10001

