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DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

Draft Zambian Standard

PLASTICS – FILM SHEETING – Determination of average thickness of a sample and average thickness and yield of a roll by gravimetric techniques (gravimetric thickness)

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ZAMBIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

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The preparation of this Zambian Standard has been under taken by the Plastic Carrier Bags and Flat Bags Technical Working Group constituted by the Environmental Council of Zambia, in collaboration with the Zambia Bureau of Standards and stakeholders drawn from the following organizations;

Acton Plastics Environmental Council of Zambia (Secretariat) Games Stores Limited Habib Industries Limited Lusaka City Council – Waste Management Unit Ministry of Commerce, Trade and Industry Ministry of Finance and National Planning Ministry of Tourism, Environment & Natural Resources Plastex Packaging Polythene Products Shoprite Spar Limited University of Zambia (Chairing) Zambia Bureau of Standards Zambia Revenue Authority

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FOREWORD

This draft Zambian standard has been prepared by the Plastic Carrier Bags and Flat Bags Technical Working Group constituted by the Environmental Council of Zambia, in collaboration with the Zambia Bureau of Standards.

This draft Zambian standard describes a method for the determination of average thickness of a sample and average thickness and yield of a roll of a plastic film and sheeting by gravimetric techniques. It was adopted due to its relevance to the Carrier bags and Flat bags standard (DZS 719). It is technically equivalent to ISO 4591 *PLASTICS – FILM SHEETING – Determination of average thickness of a sample and average thickness and yield of a roll by gravimetric techniques (gravimetric thickness)*, published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4591

Second edition 1992-12-01

Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of average thickness of a sample, and average thickness and yield of a roll, by gravimetric techniques (gravimetric thickness)

Plastiques — Film et feuille — Détermination de l'épaisseur moyenne d'un échantillon, et de l'épaisseur moyenne d'un rouleau, ainsi que de sa surface par unité de masse, par mesures gravimétriques (épaisseur gravimétrique)



Reference number ISO 4591:1992(E)

Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 4591 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Sub-Committee SC 11, *Products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4591:1979), which has been technically revised.

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International Organization for Standardization

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Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of average thickness of a sample, and average thickness and yield of a roll, by gravimetric techniques (gravimetric thickness)

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies

- a method for the determination of the gravimetric thickness of a sample of plastics film or sheeting (see clause 3);
- a method for the determination of the average gravimetric thickness and, if required, the yield (area per unit mass) of a roll of plastics film or sheeting (see clause 4).

These methods are applicable to all plastics films and sheeting, and have special value when mechanical scanning is not sufficiently precise, particularly for measuring the thickness of embossed sheeting.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 1183:1987, *Plastics* — *Methods for determining the density and relative density of non-cellular plastics.*

ISO 4592:1992, Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of length and width.

3 Determination of gravimetric thickness of a sample

3.1 Principle

The gravimetric thickness of a sample is calculated from measurements of its mass, area and density.

3.2 Apparatus

3.2.1 Knife-edged punch, square or circular, having an area of 100 cm² \pm 0,5 cm², or

3.2.2 Square template, having an area of $100 \text{ cm}^2 \pm 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$.

3.2.3 Balance, accurate to 0,000 1 g.

3.3 Specimens

Specimens of area $100 \text{ cm}^2 \pm 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$ shall be cut at positions approximately equally spaced across the width of the sample in each of two bands approximately 1 m apart in the longitudinal direction.

The minimum number of specimens taken from each band across the film or sheeting shall be dependent on the width of the sample as follows:

widths smaller than or equal to 1 000 mm	3
widths greater than 1 000 mm and up to	
1 500 mm	5
widths greater than 1 500 mm	10

In the case of very thin film, when the mass of a specimen of area $100 \text{ cm}^2 \pm 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$ is less than 1 g, two specimens located very close together on the film in the longitudinal (extrusion/calender) direction shall be used for one measurement.

3.4 Procedure

3.4.1 Determine the mass, in grams, of the specimen to at least three significant figures, and its density in accordance with ISO 1183, at a temperature of 23 °C \pm 1 °C.

Take care to prevent the formation of static charges which could affect the reproducibility of this determination of mass.

3.4.2 For moisture-sensitive film or sheeting, the conditioning requirements of time and relative humidity shall be agreed between the buyer and seller.

3.5 Expression of results

Calculate the gravimetric thickness, t_s , in micrometres or millimetres, from equation (1) or (2) respectively, when one specimen is used:

where

- $m_{\rm s}$ is the mass, in grams, of the specimen;
- ρ is the density, in grams per cubic centimetre, of the specimen.

When two specimens are used, use equation (3) or (4):

$$t_{\rm s} = \frac{50 \ m_{\rm s}}{\rho} \ (\mu {\rm m}) \tag{3}$$

3.6 Precision

- c) gravimetric thickness of each specimen, in micrometres or millimetres;
- d) arithmetic mean of the test results, to the nearest $1 \,\mu$ m, or 0,001 mm, reported as the average gravimetric thickness of the sample.

4 Determination of average gravimetric thickness and yield of a roll

4.1 Principle

The average thickness and, if required, the yield of a roll are calculated from measurements of the length, average width and net mass of the roll and of the density of the film or sheeting.

4.2 Apparatus

4.2.1 Weighing device, the accuracy of which is at least 0,5 % of the reading.

4.3 Procedure

4.3.1 Length and average width of film or sheeting in a roll

Determine the length and average width of the roll, in metres, in accordance with ISO 4592.

4.3.2 Net mass of roll

Place the roll of material centrally on the pan or other support of the weighing device. Ensure that the roll of material and the pan are free from contact with other bodies.

Determine the gross mass to an accuracy of 0,5 %. Deduct the mass of the tube, or other object onto which the film or sheeting has been rolled, from the gross mass to give the net roll mass, with the same accuracy.

Determine the net roll mass, in kilograms, to the nearest significant figure corresponding to an accu-

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