Greenland Air Quality Policies

This document is based on research that UNEP conducted in 2015, in response to Resolution 7 of the UNEA 1. It describes country-level policies that impact air quality. Triple question marks (???) indicate that information for the section couldn't be found.

Please review the information, and provide feedback. A Word version of the template can be provided upon request. Corrections and comments can be emailed to Vered.Ehsani@unep.org and George.Mwaniki@unep.org.

Greenland Air Quality Policy Matrix		
Goals	Status	Current Policies & Programmes
GENERAL OVERVIEW	Overall situation with respect to air quality in	National Ambient air quality standards: exists
	the country, including key air quality challenges:	National Air Quality Policy: ???
	• Air quality in Greenland is in general clean and less polluted than the air in more densely	Air Quality legislation / programmes: ???
	populated countries in Europe and North America	Other: ???
	• This is partly as a result of low population	
	density in the country Air quality monitoring system:	
	•	
REDUCE	Industries that have the potential to impact air	Emission regulations for industries:
EMISSIONS FROM INDUSTRIES	quality:	Small installation's emissions regulated: (Yes/No)
	Air pollution from industrial installations	Renewable energy investment promoted:
	emanates from the following: fish processing (mainly shrimp and Greenland halibut); gold,	Energy efficiency incentives: (ex: Subsidies, labelling, rebates etc) ???
	niobium, tantalite, uranium, iron and diamond mining; handicrafts, hides and skins, small	Incentives for clean production and installation of pollution prevention technologies: ???
	shipyards among others	Actions to ensure compliance with regulations: (monitoring, enforcement, fines etc) ???
	GDP of country : USD 2.16 B in 2013 ¹	• Other actions at national, sub-national and / or local level to reduce industrial emissions: (can include incentives to move industries to less populated areas here) ???

¹ 'Countries of the World - 32 Years of CIA World Fact Books', 2015 http://www.theodora.com/wfb/#R>.

	Industries' share of GDP: 29% ²	
	Electricity sources:	
	• 100% of the installed electricity generating capacity (137000 KW in 2010) is generated from fossil fuel ³	
	Others ???	
	•	
REDUCE EMISSIONS FROM TRANSPORT	Key transport-related air quality challenges : (ex: vehicle growth, old fleet, dirty fuel, poor public transport etc)	Vehicle emission limit: (Euro rating) ???
		Fuel Sulphur content: (in ppm) ???
	• Transport in Greenland is dominated by air and water transport???	Fuel Lead content: • All vehicles use lead free gasoline Restriction on used car importation: ???
		Actions to expand, improve and promote public transport and mass transit: ???
		Actions to promote non-motorized transport: (ex: include sidewalks and bike lanes in new road projects, car-free areas etc)???
REDUCE	Outdoor, open burning: (ex: is it commonly	Legal framework: (ex: is burning banned?) ???
EMISSIONS FROM OPEN BURNING: OUTDOOR	done? burning what kinds of wastes? etc)	Actions to prevent open burning of municipal waste and / or agricultural waste: ???
REDUCE	Dominant fuels used for cooking and space	Indoor air pollution regulated: (Yes / No) ???
EMISSIONS	heating: ???	Promotion of non-grid / grid electrification: ???
FROM OPEN BURNING:	Impact: ???	Promotion of cleaner cooking fuels and clean cook stoves: ???
INDOOR	•	Other actions to reduce indoor biomass burning, or to reduce its emissions: ???

^{&#}x27;Countries of the World - 32 Years of CIA World Fact Books'.

3 'Countries of the World - 32 Years of CIA World Fact Books'.

我们的产品



大数据平台

国内宏观经济数据库

国际经济合作数据库

行业分析数据库

条约法规平台

国际条约数据库

国外法规数据库

即时信息平台

新闻媒体即时分析

社交媒体即时分析

异坦生亚丛

数据智慧平台

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_15108

