Monaco Air Quality Overview

This document is based on research that UNEP conducted in 2015, in response to Resolution 7 of the UNEA 1. It describes countrylevel policies that impact air quality. Triple question marks (???) indicate that information for the section couldn't be found.

Please review the information, and provide feedback. A Word version of the template can be provided upon request. Corrections and comments can be emailed to Vered. Ehsani@unep.org and George. Mwaniki@unep.org.

Monaco Air Quality Overview			
Goals	Status	Current Policies & Programmes	
GENERAL OVERVIEW	Overall situation with respect to air quality in the country, including key air quality challenges: ???	National Ambient air quality standards: ??? National Air Quality Policy: ??? Air Quality legislation / programmes: ???	
	Air quality monitoring system: ???	Other: ???	
REDUCE EMISSIONS FROM INDUSTRIES	Industries that have the potential to impact air	Emission regulations for industries: ???	
	quality:	Small installation's emissions regulated: (Yes/No) ???	
	 Air pollution from industrial installations emanates from the following: construction, small-scale industrial and consumer products 	Renewable energy investment promoted: ???	
		Energy efficiency incentives: (ex: Subsidies, labelling, rebates etc) ???	
	among others GDP of country: USD 5.748 B in 2011 ¹	Incentives for clean production and installation of pollution prevention technologies: ???	
	Industries' share of GDP: 10% ²	Actions to ensure compliance with regulations: (monitoring, enforcement, fines etc) ???	
	Electricity sources:	• Other actions at national, sub-national and / or local level to reduce industrial emissions: (can include incentives to move industries to less populated areas here) ???	
	Monaco depends on France for its electricity supply		
	Others		
REDUCE	Key transport-related air quality challenges:	Vehicle emission limit: (Euro rating) ???	
EMISSIONS FROM	(ex: vehicle growth, old fleet, dirty fuel, poor	Fuel Sulphur content: (in ppm) ???	

¹ 'Countries of the World - 32 Years of CIA World Fact Books', 2015 http://www.theodora.com/wfb/#R>.
² 'Countries of the World - 32 Years of CIA World Fact Books'.

TRANSPORT	 public transport etc) Monaco has a well-developed modern bus and boat transport system Use of private cars is discouraged as demonstrated by the high fuel cost which stood at USD 1.65 per litre in 2015. Private car ownership is high with 842 cars per 1000 individuals in 2014 	Fuel Lead content: All vehicles use lead free gasoline Restriction on used car importation: ??? Actions to expand, improve and promote public transport and mass transit: ??? Actions to promote non-motorized transport: (ex: include sidewalks and bike lanes in new road projects, car-free areas etc) ???
REDUCE EMISSIONS FROM OPEN BURNING: OUTDOOR	Outdoor, open burning: (ex: is it commonly done? burning what kinds of wastes? etc)	Legal framework: (ex: is burning banned?) ??? Actions to prevent open burning of municipal waste and / or agricultural waste: ???
REDUCE EMISSIONS FROM OPEN BURNING: INDOOR	Dominant fuels used for cooking and space heating: ??? Impact: ??? •	Indoor air pollution regulated: (Yes / No)??? Promotion of non-grid / grid electrification: ??? Promotion of cleaner cooking fuels and clean cook stoves: ??? Other actions to reduce indoor biomass burning, or to reduce its emissions: ???

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