

Real-Time Evaluation of Norway's International Climate and Forest Initiative

Contribution to Measurement, Reporting and Verification

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LTS International in cooperation with
Ecometrica, Indufor Oy and the Chr. Michelsen Institute

Note on layout and language

The layout of the document has tried to conform to guidelines for accessibility and ease of reading, which require Arial font and left (not full) justification of the text.

The report has tried to avoid unnecessary use of acronyms and abbreviations.

Disclaimer:

The report is the product of its authors, and responsibility for the accuracy of data included in this report rests with the authors. The findings, interpretations and conclusions presented do not necessarily reflect the views of Norad Evaluation Department.

Preface

The Government of Norway's International Climate and Forest Initiative (NICFI), launched in December 2007, has pledged substantial development assistance to reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation in developing countries (REDD+). One aspect of NICFI's work is support for the measurement, reporting, and verification (MRV) of greenhouse gas emissions from forests in relation to REDD+. This information is essential if developing countries are to receive payments based on results achieved in reducing emissions.

The purpose of this evaluation is to assess NICFI's support to monitoring, reporting and verification and the extent to which this support has contributed to NICFI's general objectives. The evaluation covers the period from 2007 onwards and focuses on institutional, political and economic perspectives. Four focal countries were selected for in-depth studies (Democratic Republic of Congo, Guyana, Indonesia and Tanzania), as well as multilateral initiatives.

The evaluation shows that NICFI's work on MRV has provided important practical lessons to the debate at the international level under the climate change negotiations. At country level, the evaluation finds varying progress on establishing MRV systems, with Guyana as the most successful example. The political context and national capacity at the outset play an important role. The evaluation also points out a number of enabling factors that can be used to detect potential barriers to establishment of MRV systems, as well as for interventions to address these.

There are still few countries that are close to having a fully functioning MRV system. The costs of establishing MRV systems have not been sufficiently considered. This is important for comparing running costs with the potential for results-based payments. The evaluation points out that sustained progress on MRV is likely to be difficult in the absence of result-based payments and an international agreement on REDD+. Therefore the "added-value" of the MRV systems should be emphasised, for instance by tying the systems to domestics needs for the forest sector and land-use information.

This evaluation is a part of a series of evaluations conducted "real-time" as the Norwegian initiative is on-going. Through a framework agreement with a consortium of independent consultants and experts led by LTS International, evaluations progressively assess the results of NICFI with regard to its objectives and they are intended to provide timely information and recommendations to stakeholders and the public.

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Evaluation Team

The evaluation design, some of the data collection, analysis, synthesis and reporting were undertaken by a team consisting of Philippa Lincoln, Matthew Brander, Pat Hardcastle and Richard Tipper. Chris Inglis, Elling Tjønneland and Tapani Oksanen reviewed drafts and provided quality assurance.

Additional data collection was undertaken by James Acworth, Emily Brickell, Marisa Camargo, Majella Clarke, Catriona Clunas, Karoliina Lindroos, Tapani Oksanen, Lucio Pedroni, Benoît Rivard, Jyrki Salmi, Asep Suntana, Elling Tjønneland, Karin Viergever and Pete Watt.

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