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*"Your stepping stone for informed decisions"*



**National Bureau of Statistics**  
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**SEYCHELLES**

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**Explanation of symbols & abbreviations**

-	<i>Nil</i>
..	<i>Data not available</i>
'000	<i>Thousand</i>
Kwh	<i>Kilowatt hour</i>
c.i.f	<i>Cost, insurance, freight</i>
f.o.b	<i>Free on board</i>

*Seychelles*

*December 2013*

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## ***GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY***

The Republic of Seychelles consists of over 116 islands scattered over 1 million square kilometres of sea in the middle of the Western Indian Ocean. The Seychelles archipelago is divided into two distinct collections: the Mahe group, 43 islands in all, granitic with high hills and mountains and the outlying islands; and the coralline group numbering 73 or more for most part only a little above sea-level. Mahe the most important island lies between 4 degrees south latitude and 55 degrees east longitude. It is 27 kms long and 11kms wide rising abruptly from the sea to a maximum altitude of 905 metres in the mountain of Morne Seychellois. Two other islands of major importance as regards to size and population are Praslin, 33.6kms from Mahe, and home to the unique Coco de Mer and La Digue 48kms away, with its bullock cart transport and the only remaining sanctuary of the "veuve" - the Seychelles Paradise flycatcher.

In spite of the close proximity of Seychelles to the Equator, the climate is healthy. The shade temperature varies little throughout the year and the hottest months being March to April and the coldest being July and August. The rainfall varies considerably from island to island and from year to year. Most of the rainfall occurs during the hot months when the northwest trade winds blows. The islands are outside the hurricane zone and thunder storms are rare and mild when they do occur.

There is some evidence that Seychelles islands were known and visited as long ago as the 8th and 9th centuries. More recently in the 15th and 16th centuries, they were spasmodically inhabited by pirates but it was not until the middle of the 18th century that the first settlers established themselves on Ste Anne island in 1770.

## CONCEPTS & DEFINITIONS

### 2. Population and vital statistics

- 2.1**      *Median age*                      The age which divides the population into two equal size groups, one of which is younger and the other older than in the median
- 2.2**      *Dependency ratio*                The ratio of the combined child population under 15 years and the population aged 65 years and over per 1,000 population of intermediate age (15-64 years).
- 2.3**      *Crude birth rate*                    Number of live births registered in a year per 1,000 mid-year population.
- 2.4**      *Total fertility rate*                  Average number of children born to an average woman under certain conditions.
- 2.5**      *Crude death rate*                    Number of deaths occurring in a year per 1,000 mid-year population.
- 2.6**      *Marriage rate*                        Number of persons civilly married in a year per 1,000 mid-year population.
- 2.7**      *Divorce rate*                         Number of persons granted divorce in a year per 1,000 mid-year population.
- 2.8**      *GDDS*                                    General Data Dissemination System Phase (2) for Anglophone Africa.

### 3. Health

- 3.1**      *Life expectancy at birth*                The average number of years that a newly born child is expected to live under certain conditions.
- 3.2**      *Early neonatal mortality rate*            Number of deaths in a year of infants under 7 days of age per 1,000 live births during the year.
- 3.3**      *Late neonatal mortality rate*            Number of deaths in a year of infants aged from 7 to 27 days per 1,000 live births during the year.
- 3.4**      *Perinatal mortality rate*                Combined number of deaths of infants aged under 7 days and number of still births in a year per 1,000 total births (live+still) during the year.
- 3.5**      *Infant mortality rate*                  Number of deaths in a year of infants aged under one year per 1,000 live births during the year.

## Concepts & definitions(contd.)

### 4. Education

- 4.1**      *Literacy rate*      Percentage of persons aged 12+ years who can with understanding, both read and write a simple statement.

### 8. Transport and Communications

- 8.1**      *Casualties*      The total number of fatalities and persons injured as a result of road accidents.

- 8.2**      *Fatality*      Death occurred within seven days as a result of road accidents.

### 13. National Accounts

- 13.1**      *Gross Domestic Product (GDP)*      The aggregate money value of all goods and services produced within a country out of economic activity during a specified period usually a year, before provision for the consumption of fixed capital.

- 13.2**      *GDP at factor cost*      That part of the cost of producing the GDP which consists of gross payments to factors of production (labour, land and capital).

- 13.3**      *GDP at market prices*      GDP at factor cost plus taxes on production and imports net of subsidies.

- 13.4**      *Gross National Product (GNP)*      GDP at market prices plus net factor income from the rest of the world gives GNP, also termed Gross National Income (GNI).

- 13.5**      *Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)*      The sum of GNI and net transfers from the rest of the world.

- 13.6**      *Gross National Savings*      Disposable income (GNDI) less final consumption expenditure.

- 13.7**      *Imputed bank service charges (FISIM)*      Imputed bank service charges rename FISIM (Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured) is obtained as the difference between interest received and interest paid by banks.

## Concepts & definitions(contd.)

- |             |                         |   |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| <b>14.</b>  | <b>External Trade</b>   |   |
| <b>14.1</b> | <i>Domestic Exports</i> | Exports of goods of national origin.  |
| <b>14.2</b> | <i>Re-exports</i>       | Goods exported in the same condition as imported or after undergoing minor operations which leave them essentially unchanged. |

## 1.CLIMATE

Mean Temp <sup>°C</sup>	2011		2012	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
January	24.0	29.6	24.5	29.8
February	25.4	30.5	25.0	30.5
March	25.1	31.3	25.3	30.9
April	25.9	31.5	25.5	32.1
May	26.7	31.8	26.0	31.2
June	25.4	30.1	25.1	29.7
July	24.8	29.8	24.2	29.0
August	24.4	29.0	24.7	29.1
September	24.7	29.9	24.5	29.2
October	24.2	29.1	24.7	29.5
November	24.7	30.3	24.8	30.8
December	24.8	30.7	24.9	30.5
Year	25.0	30.3	27.7	30.2

Rainfall (mm)

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如

[https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5\\_9137](https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_9137)