Workshop on Cross-border Paperless Trade Facilitation 18 January 2017, Phnom Penh, Cambodia

Trade Facilitation and Paperless Trade for Economic Development

Trade, Investment and Innovation Division
United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the
Pacific

United Nations ESCAP



- UN ESCAP Asia and the Pacific Regional Branch of the United Nations Secretariat
- 53 member countries covering Central, South, Southeast, East and South Pacific countries
- Mandate: Promote sustainable and inclusive socio-economic development in Asia and the Pacific - through regional cooperation
- Areas covered: <u>Trade, Investment and Innovation</u>, Transport, Macroeconomic Policy, Environment, Emerging Social issues, Information and Communication Technologies...
 - ☐ Trade, Investment and Innovation:
 - (1) Trade Facilitation;
 - (2) Trade Policy;
 - (3) Investment and Enterprise Development;
 - (4) Science, Technology and Innovation

Trade facilitation and paperless trade: definitions, benefits, challenges

Regional State of Play

Review of initiatives on Cross-border paperless trade

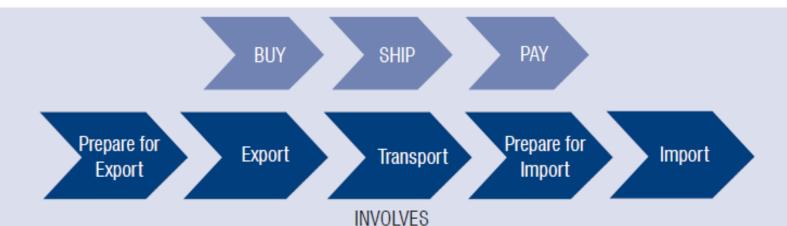
Trade Facilitation (TF)? - Definition



- "The plumbing of international trade" (Staples, 1998)
- "The simplification and harmonization of international trade procedures.", where trade procedures are the "activities, practices and formalities involved in collecting, presenting, communicating and processing data and other information required for the movement of goods in international trade." (WTO documents)
- "Any measure, or set of measures, that aims to increase the cost-effectiveness of international trade transactions". http://www.gfptt.org/

Trade Facilitation? → Definition

Simplification of international trade procedures / reducing trade costs



Commercial Procedures

- · Establish Contract
- Order Goods
- Advice on Delivery
- Request Payment
- Packing
- Certification
- Accreditation
- Warehousing

Transport Procedures

- Establish Transport
 Contract
- Collect, Transport and Deliver Goods
- Provide Waybills, Goods Receipts
 Status Reports, etc.

Regulatory Procedures

- Obtain Import/ Export Licenses, etc.
- Provide Customs
 Declaration
- Provide Cargo Declaration
- Apply Trade Security Procedures
- Clear Goods for Export/Import

Financial Procedures

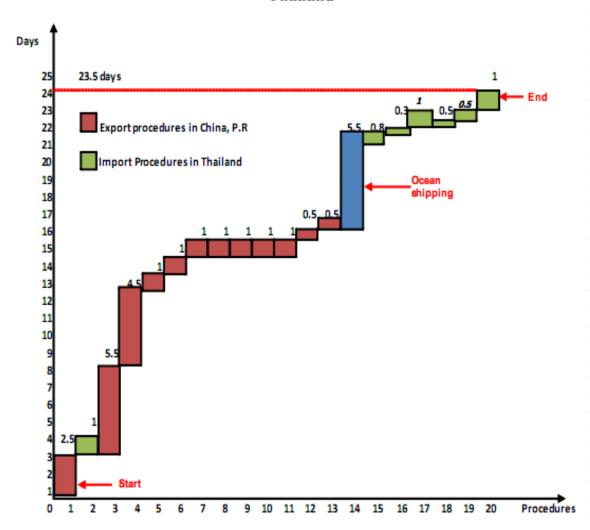
- Provide Credit Rating
- Provide Insurance
- Provide Finance
- Execute Payment
- Issue Statements

Source: United Nations Centre for Trade Facilitation and Electronic Business (UN/CEFACT). 2008.

r. No	Process	Days
1	Buy	2.50
2	Obtain permission for raw materials release	1.00
3	Obtain export permit	5.50
4	Arrange transport	4.50
5	Arrange inspection	1.00
6	Prepare customs declaration	1.00
7	Collect empty containers from yard	1.00
8	Stuff a container	1.00
9	Transfer to port of departure	1.00
10	Clear goods through customs	1.00
11	Handle containers and stow on vessel	1.00
12	Obtain cargo insurance	0.50
13	Prepare documents for payment	0.50
14	Ocean shipping	5.50
15	Request for vessel berthing	0.75
16	Unload goods from vessel	0.25
17	Declare goods to Customs	1.00
18	Arrange goods for inspection	0.50
19	Inspect and release goods	0.50
20	Pay	1.00
	Total	23.50

Source: ARTNeT Working Papers 88 and 103.

Figure 4. Time Procedure Chart: Trade in electronic devices from China to Thailand



Expected gains from trade facilitation

- •1 less day of delay prior to shipment
 - →Increased trade by 1%
- 5% reduction in direct export costs
 - →increase in exports of 4%
- •At least \$350 billion in potential additional trade for the Asia-Pacific region



Trade Facilitation Benefits to Governments and Traders

Benefit to Government

- Increased effectiveness of control methods
- More efficient deployment of resources
- Correct revenue yields
- Improved trader compliance
- Encouragement of foreign investment
- Accelerated economic development

Benefit to Traders

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 1669

