



Regional Capacity Development Workshop:
*Mainstreaming DRR in Sustainable
Development Planning*



13-16 September 2016
New Delhi, India

Key Disaster Impacts: Overview

Maldives does not face Major disasters often, however due to the lower resiliency within communities (possibly because of the living standards , cultural beliefs and lack of awareness) the high frequent, low impact natural phenomena's like, sea surges, flashfloods and etc.. are reported as incidents beyond communities coping capacity and the central government often had to intervene.

Key Disaster Impacts: Overview

Tsunami – 2004

- 82 Died and 26 missing , 3,997 building damaged

Cyclone Nilam – 2012

- 28 Islands severely damaged (mainly infrastructural and agricultural damages)

Water Crisis– 2014

- Millions of MVR spent to provide fresh water to 1/3 of Maldivian population

Severe Weather events (southern Region)– 2015

- Millions of MVR spent for reconstructions damaged houses in addu atoll



Key Disaster Impacts: Overview

Male hiya (apartment complex) fire incident– 2016

- 4 families managed as IDP's and spend lacks of MVR for reconstruction and recovery

Severe weather events-2016 (southern)

- Millions of MVR spent for recovery of households of one island

Coastline (Shopping complex) fire– 2016

- More than 170 managed as IDP's and spend millions of MVR for reconstruction and recovery



Key Disaster Impacts: Overview



Current Status

Mainstreaming DRR in Sustainable Development Planning

- Disaster Management act ratified by end of 2015
- Frame work for mainstreaming DRR into developmental plans validated and piloted in one island in 2015
- Local government authority integrated DRR

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_2425

