

ARTNeT- GIZ Capacity Building Workshop on Introduction to Gravity Modelling:
19-21 April 2016, Ulaanbaatar

Session 1 Evidence-based policy making and tools

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Overview of the workshop

Day 1

Session 1: Introduction to evidence-based policy making (EBPM) and tools

Session 2 : Introduction to the basic gravity model for trade analysis

Session 3: Using Stata to estimate the basic gravity model

Day 2

Session 4: The theoretical benchmark

Session 5: Augmented gravity models with trade-policy variables

Session 6: Briefing on advance issues

Day 3

Session 7 Consolidation and group exercises

Session 8 Presentation, project ideas, and wrap-up

Outline

- The role of evidence for policymaking
- Tools for applied analysis
- How could ESCAP/TID/ARTNeT help?

Policymaking approaches

Opinion-based Policy Making

- Anecdote
- Experts
- Seniors
- Gut feeling

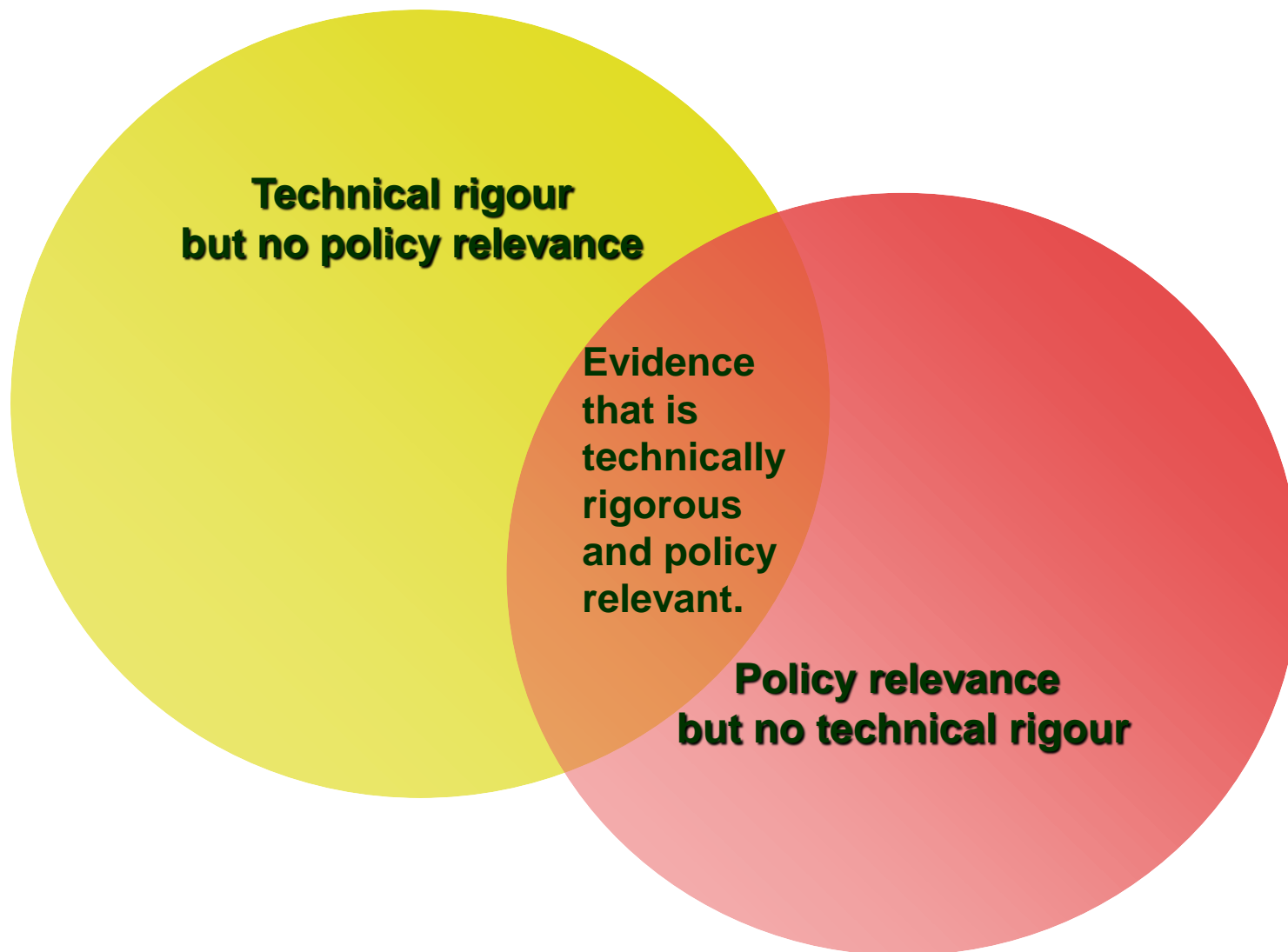


Evidence-based Policy (EBP) Making

- Best available research evidence
- Evidence from collected data (empirical evidence)
 - Theory
 - Data
 - Tools for data analysis
- Gains
 - Transparency
 - Accountability



The “quality” challenge: How to match technical rigour and policy relevance?



What do we need for policy analysis?

– Data

- Statistical data on trade of goods and services flows, FDI, etc. (labour mobility, energy, ...)
- Data on tariffs and other types of direct and indirect trade barriers (trade costs, wages, etc...)

– Tools for analysis

– Access to expert advice and guidance

– Access to stakeholders (for feedback/check on the “reality check”)

The role of research for policy making

- Tracking, monitoring and evaluation of the results of policies that have been put in place
 - Ex-post analysis
- Making decisions in public area (including on issues recognition, policy choice and sequencing, or forecasting future developments)
 - Ex-ante analysis

Policy questions at different stages of policymaking

- Before negotiation of an FTA: An analysis of potential costs and benefits (ex-ante)
 - What a country can supply to its FTA partners? What it can source from the partners?
 - What are expected impacts on production and employment level and composition, welfare, fiscal balance, etc.
 - What are the costs of necessary adjustment policies for the adversely affected sectors?
- After its implementation: An impact assessment (ex-post)
 - Whether the impacts are within the expected range?

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_3347

