The Role of Trade in Services in the Sustainable Development







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SUSTAINABLE GOALS DEVELOPMENT

17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD





DECENT WORK AND





























THE 5 P'S OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

PEOPLE

We are determined to end poverty and hunger, in all their forms and dimensions, and to ensure that all human beings can fulfill their potential in dignity and equality and in a healthy environment.

PROSPERITY

We are determined to ensure that all human beings can enjoy prosperous and fulfilling lives and that economic, social and technological progress occurs in harmony with nature.

Source: UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGS), 2015

PARTNERSHIP

We are determined to mobilize the means required to implement this Agenda through a revitalised Global Partnership for SD, based on a spirit of strengthened global solidarity*, with the participation of all countries, all stakeholders & all people.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

PLANET

We are determined to protect the planet from degradation, including through sustainable consumption and production, sustainably managing its natural resources and taking urgent action on climate change, so that it can support the needs of the present and future generations.

PEACE

We are determined to foster peaceful, just and inclusive societies which are free from fear and violence. There can be no sustainable development without peace and no peace without sustainable development.

Wayne Visser 2015

 * focussed in particular on the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable and with the participation of all countries. SD = Sustainable Development



Agreements on Trade in Services



Multilateral level: The General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS)

Bilateral Level: Free Trade Agreement (FTA) (TAFTA...)

Regional level: ASEAN
Framework Agreement on
Services (AFAS)



International trade in services defined by the Four Modes of Supply of the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS)



Mode 1 Cross border trade, which is defined as delivery of a service from the territory of one country into the territory of other country;

Mode 3 Commercial presence - which covers services provided by a service supplier of one country in the territory of any other country, and

Mode 2 Consumption abroad - this mode covers supply of a service of one country to the service consumer of any other country

Mode 4 Presence of natural persons which covers services provided
by a service supplier of one
country through the presence of
natural persons in the territory
of any other country.



TRADE IN SERVICES MODES

MODE 1



Supplier provides services across ASEAN from its territory (Ex: IT-BPO)

MODE 2



Supplier provides services to ASEAN consumers within its territory (Ex: Local tourism packages for ASEAN tourists)

MODE 3

Commercial presence



Supplier provides services by establishing branches across ASEAN (Ex: Banks and clothing lines)

MODE 4

Temporary movement of people



Supplier provides services by deploying workers from its territory to ASEAN (Ex: Intra-corporate transferees)





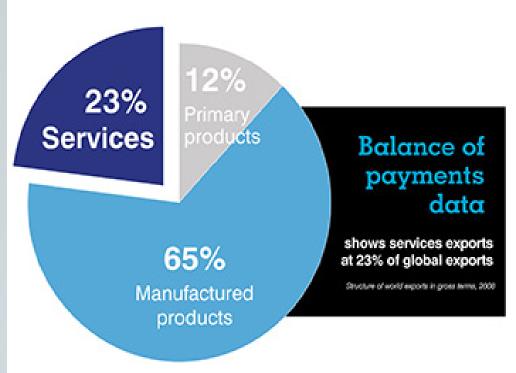


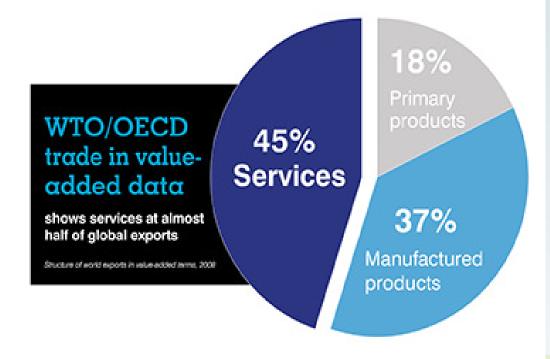






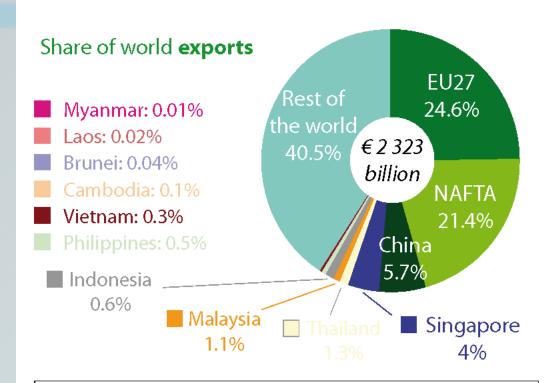
Trade in services in the global economy



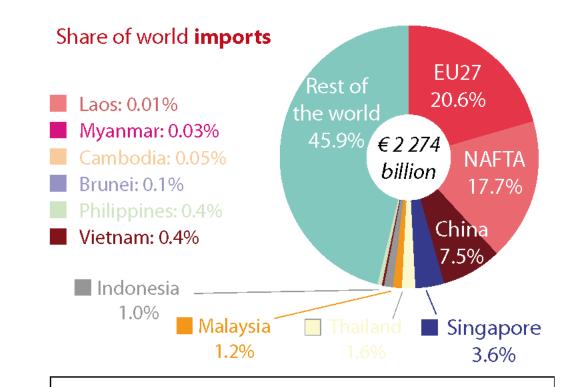




World trade in services (2011)



The ASEAN countries' exports altogether amount to € 183 billion, representing 7.9% of the global exports

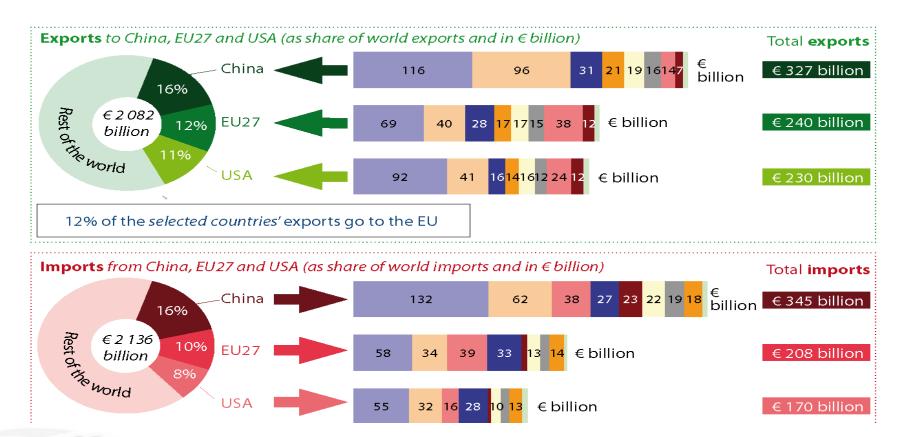


The ASEAN countries' imports altogether amount to € 189 billion, representing 8.3% of the global imports

Source: World Trade In Services (2011)

World trade in goods of the selected countries (2011)





预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 3389

