

Sub-Regional Expert Group Meeting (EGM) for South-East Asian Countries

24-25 November 2015, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Financing Sources for Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs)

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- 1. Are PPPs needed?
- 2. Track record and current initiatives
- 3. Financing sources
- 4. Conclusions



Infrastructure under pressure

Booming demand for infrastructure services

Electricity generation has risen by 4.5 times since 1990 and is expected to grow by 4.2% per year on average till 2035



Source: South-East Asia Energy Outlook (IEA-ERIA)

Urban population growth in South-East Asia: 100,000 people / week



Ports: flow of containers X3 since 2000
(Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam / source: WBI)



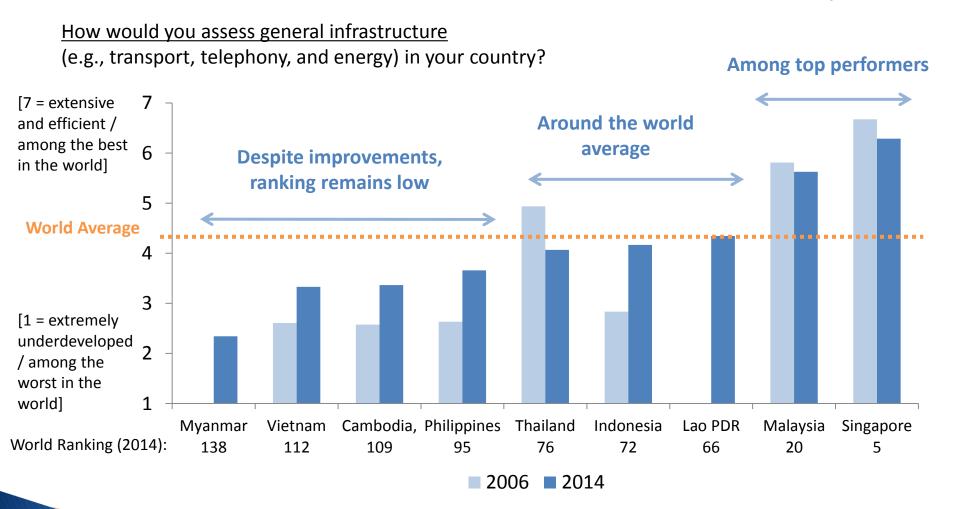


• Airport: Passengers $\chi 2.5$ in South-East Asia since 2005 some countries by 4 (e.g. Lao PDR and Cambodia)



The quality of infrastructure

Current Perception



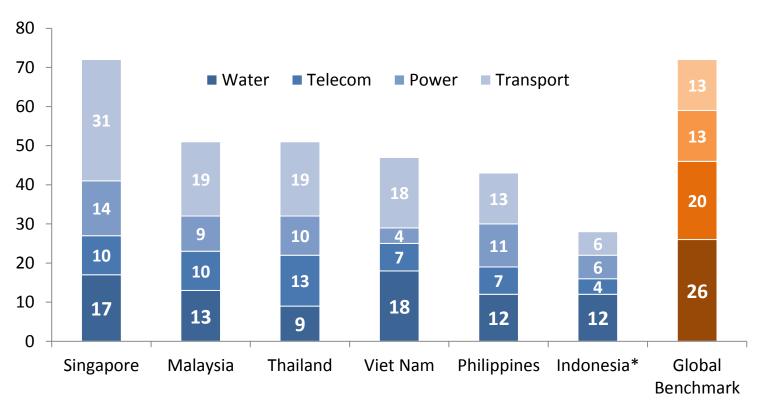
Source: World Economic Forum (global-competitiveness-report-2014-2015)



Infrastructure stock...

...below developed countries benchmark

<u>Infrastructure Stock (% of GDP, 2012)</u> (source McKinsey Global Institute)



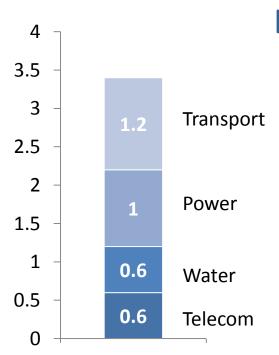
^{*}Transport infrastructure for Indonesia is underestimated, as expenditure for rail, ports and airports is not available



Huge investments needed

... to reach world-class infrastructure

Investment needs in South-East Asia (2014-2030) (source McKinsey Global Institute) \$ trillion



Estimates > \$ 200 billion

per year for South-East Asian region

2 to 6 times annual amount spent historically in these countries

Public Sector unlikely to cover all the needs





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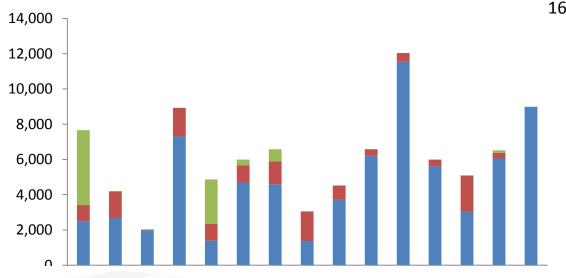


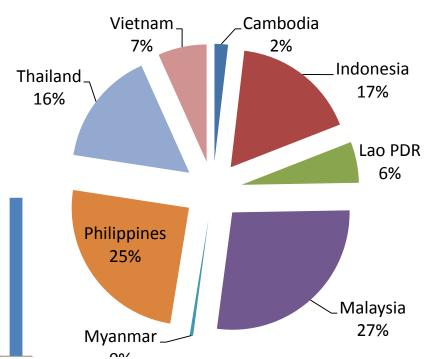
Private Participation in Infrastructure...

... in South-East Asia

Around \$10 billion per year







预览已结束,完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 3803

