

AIIB and the Multinational Developemnt Financing System: Complementary or Competitive?

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International Multilateral Development Financing System

International Multilateral Institution		Regional Multilateral Institutions				
WB	IBRD (International Bank for Reconstruction and Development)	Europe	EBRD (European Bank for Reconstruction and Development) EIB (European Investment Bank)			
		Asia	ADB (Asian Development Bank)			
	IDA (International Development Association)	Africa	AfDB (African Development Bank)			
		America	IDB (The Inter-American Development Bank)			
			CAF (Corporacion Andina de Fomento)			



The initiative of AIIB:

- > 2-8 Oct.2013, Chinese government proposed AIIB initiative
- > 24 Oct.2014, 21 founding members signed the MOU
- > 12 Oct. 2015. 53 of 57 founding members signed the AIIB charter

Questions: The relationship of AIIB and existing MDBs

- Complementary or Competitive?
- Conflict or Cooperation

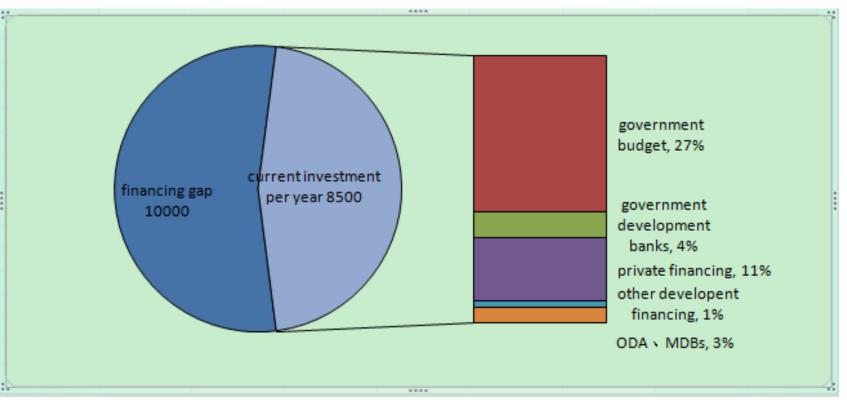


AIIB and the existing MDBs

- 1. The financing demands in developing countries
- 2. The objectives and function
- 3. The effectiveness
- 4. The governance structure
- 5. The financial sustainability



Infrastructure financing needs and current investment in developing countries(before 2020)



Unit: 100million USD, %

Note: Real price in 2008 Source: Based on Bhattacharya, Romani & Stern (2012) and Bhattacharya & Romani (2013)

The initiative of AIIB: to meet the development finance demand of Asian countries

➤The developing countries are facing financial and technical bottlenecks.
for their growing infrastructure demand

≻Because of the finance crisis, the public budget flow to infrastructure sector is decreasing.

≻Infrastructure investment of the global private financial institutions mainly flow into developed countries.



The Capital Structure and Lending Scale of MDBs unit: 100 million USD, %

MDBs	authorize d capital	subscrib ed capital	paid-in capital	callable capital	paid-in /subscrib ed (%)	equity	lending outstandin g	equity/len ding outstandin g (%)
IBRD ^[1]	2784	2328	140	2188	6.0	400	1540	26.0
EBRD ^[2]	300	297	62	235	21.0	149	264	56.3
EIB ^[2]	-	2432	217	2216	8.9	579	4281	13.5
ADB	1638	1628	82	1546	5.0	169	531	31.8
AfDB	1030	1004	46	958	5.0	90	178	50.3
IDB	1709	1709	60	1649	3.5	236	707	33.3
CAF	100	100	65	35	65.0	78	205	38.2
AIIB	1000	500	100	400	20.0			
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Note: [1]data of IBRD is of June 2014, data of other institutions is of the end of 2013. [2]100 million EUR.

Source: annual reports of MDBs and the rating report of S&P, Fitch and Moody.



2. The Objectives and Function

MDBs

•promote world economic growth and poverty reduction (core mission of the MDBs) (ADB)

•promote regional economic growth and integration(ADB, AfDB, CAF)

•promote the development of medium-sized and small enterprises(EIB, IDB)

•promote sustainable development (EIB, IDB, CAF)

AIIB:



https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_3936

