Issuing Certificates of Origin: Industry Chamber's Experience



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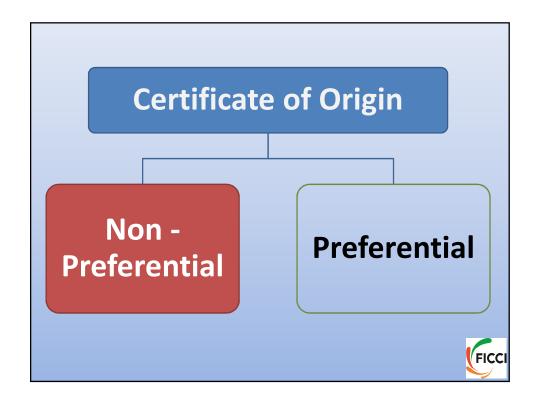
Role of Chambers of Commerce

☐ International Convention Relating to simplification of Customs formalities,1923

Recognition of Chambers as competent authorities and credible trusted third-parties for issuance of CoOs by Governments worldwide

■ Widespread network of Chambers across the world made process of acquiring CoO simple and easy





Non-Preferential Certificate of Origin - 1

- For exports that do not bestow any right to preferential tariffs
- Designated authorities issuing Non-Preferential CoO in India:
 - ✓ Chambers of Commerce and
 - ✓ Other issuing authorities listed in the Foreign Trade Policy of India – include DGFT, Export Promotion Councils, Commodity Boards

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN INDIA AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE ONLY NON-PREFERENTIAL COO

FICCI

Non-Preferential Certificate of Origin - 2

- Non-preferential CoO required by buying countries for implementing measures and instruments of commercial policy, such as:
 - checking import restrictions
 - anti-dumping duty
 - labelling and marking requirements
 - Government procurement
 - compiling trade statistics
 - Or for any other trade regulations that distinguish domestic from foreign goods, or distinguish among foreign goods



Procedure of Issuing Non-Preferential CoOs by Chambers of Commerce in India • Chambers of Commerce receive request from exporter desiring Non-preferential • Exporter submits following documents • CoO Application Form: details of exporter/importer/quantum/origin of inputs/consumables used in export product • Invoice copies • Packing List in duplicate • Fee for issuing CoO (different for Member and Non-Member companies) • Indemnity Bond • Chamber of Commerce verifies all necessary documents to check credibility of details and origin of goods criteria given in CoO • Authorized signatory of Chamber of Commerce issues the CoO only if goods are meeting the rules of origin prescribed by the importing country

Format of Non-Preferential Certificate of Origin 1. Goods consigned from (Exporter's business name, Reference No. address. country) CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN (NON-. Goods consigned to (Consignee's name, address, (Combined declaration and certificate) issued **Only Physical Copies issued** 3. Means of transport and 4. For official use oute (as far as known) 6.Marks 7. Number 9. Gross 10. Number and date of weight or other Orig num ber packages, in other description of crite quantity number goods 12. Declaration by the exporter The undersigned hereby declares that the 11. Certification It is hereby certified, on the basis of control carried out, that above details and statements are correct; the declaration by the exporter that all the goods were produced in and that they comply with the origin requirements for exports to and date signature and stamp of authorised signatory (importing country) FICCI ..Place and date signature of authorised signatory

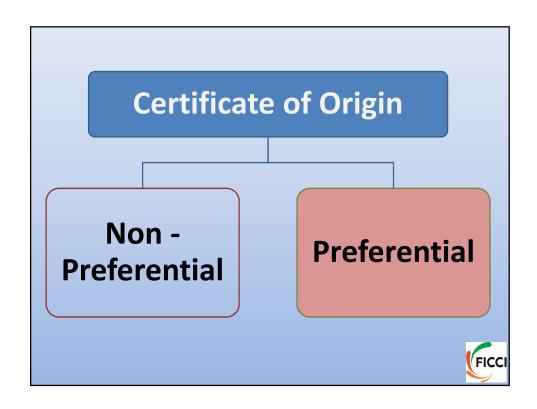
Measures taken by Chambers of Commerce

to avoid misuse

- ❖Indemnity Bond: Declaration by exporter which indemnifies the issuing Chamber against any investigation / claim about the authenticity of the information provided in the CoO
- ❖ Data Collection: All CoOs issued are preserved for the requisite retention period for any post-verification queries

to maintain CoO related data

- Number of CoOs issued but not compiled centrally anywhere
- Number of members and non-members getting CoO issued



Preferential Certificate of Origin - 1

- For agreements / schemes under which India receives tariff preferences for its export
- Issued only if goods comply with ROO prescribed under

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_6538

