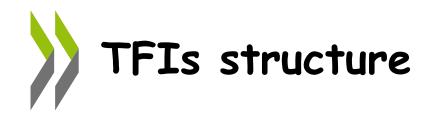
OECD Trade Facilitation Indicators: A Guide to Implementation and Future Action

Future Research Agenda for Trade Facilitation and Inclusive Growth Beijing, 12 September 2013





- What is the Impact of TF Measures on Trade Flows and Trade Costs ?
- Following the structure of the Draft Consolidated Negotiating Text
- > Aiming to provide a basis for prioritising trade facilitation actions by governments
- Helping mobilise technical assistance by donors in a targeted way



Import/export TFIs	Transit TFIs
a. Information availability	m. Transit fees and charges
b. Involvement of the trade community	n. Transit formalities
c. Advance rulings	o. Transit guarantees
d. Appeal procedures	p. Transit agreements and cooperation
e. Fees and charges	
f. Formalities – Documents	
g. Formalities – Automation	
h. Formalities – Procedures	
i. Border agency cooperation – internal	
j. Border agency cooperation - external	
k. Consularization	
I. Governance and impartiality	



- 26 OECD and 107 countries outside the OECD area, at different stages of development
- Extensive data collection process: Customs websites and regulation, publicly available databases, collaboration with countries' Permanent Delegations to the WTO
- Focus on country groups: income groups, geographic groups, regional economic partnerships groups

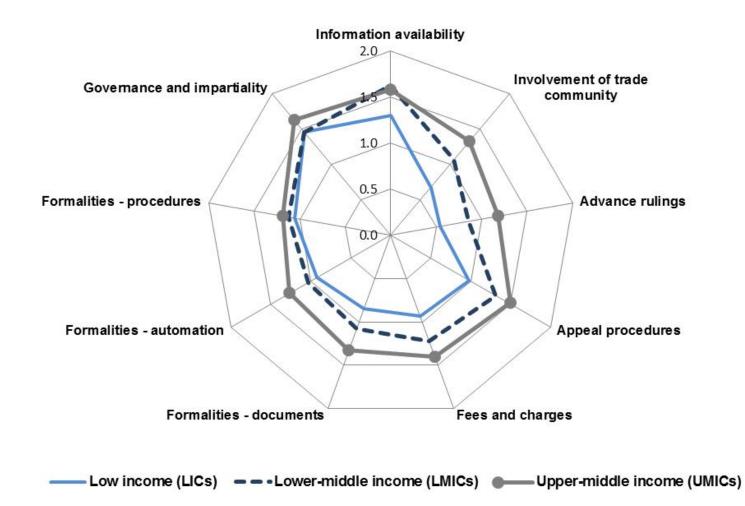
## Regions and countries: state of implementation

The trade facilitation indicators are a **tool** that allows exploring the importance of trade facilitation performance across different:

## ≻ regions

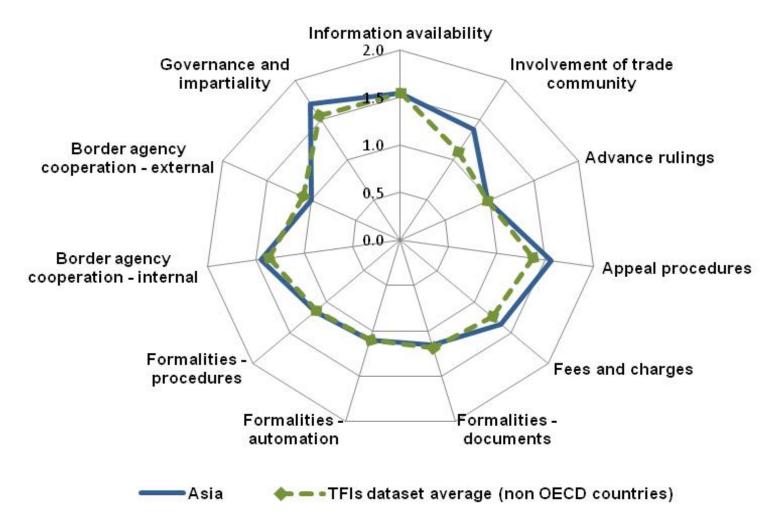
 $\succ$  countries



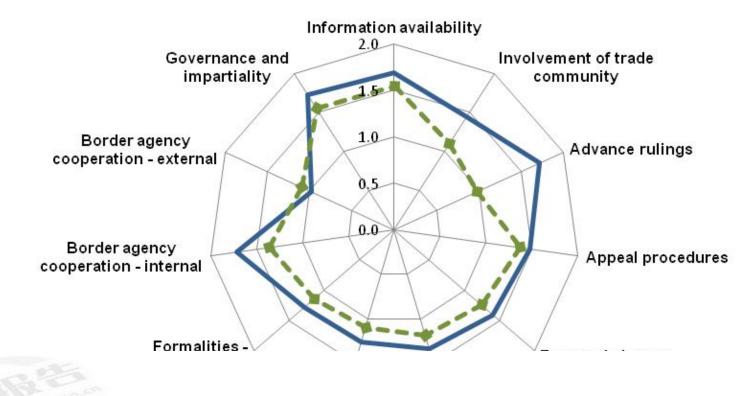




## Asia



## Europe (outside the OECD area) and Central Asia





https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5\_6717

