

Introduction to
Indian Institute of Remote Sensing (IIRS)

and

**Centre for Space Science & Technology in Asia and
the Pacific (CSSTEAP)**
(Affil. to the United Nations)

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Indian Institute of Remote Sensing

Now an unit of
Indian Space Research Organization
Department of Space, Government of India

Established in 1966 as Indian Photo-interpretation
Institute (IPI), part of Survey of India, DST, GoI

Indian Space Research Organisation

- Earth Observation Satellites – since 1988 IRS Series of satellites WiFS, AWiFS, LISS, Resourcesat, Cartosat, RiSAT + Small Satellites
- Communication, - INSAT series, Navigation- GAGAN, IRNSS
- Meteorological Satellites: Meghatropiques, Kalpana
- Moon Mission
- Mars Mission
- Develop, Design, Fabricate, Launch, Control and dissemination of data

- Commitment to users to provide satellite data
- Long-term programme to provide data
- Currently has highest number of EO satellite operating
- AWiFS, LISS III, CARTO DEM (Indian Region)
- OCM Geophysical products (Global)
- Web Service access of thematic data, disaster event-based data inventory
- Project specific portals for various application including Disaster Management

About IIRS

- The basic mandate was to train in-service officials and resource managers in interpretation of Aerial Photos for mapping and natural resource management with four divisions and now it has 8 departments.
- In its journey of 46 years, est. 1966 as Indian Photointerpretation Institute (IPI) - it became part of National Remote Sensing Agency in 1976 and in April 2010 it became an independent unit of ISRO.
- During this period it has undergone several changes, imbibed the latest technological developments and transfer to users, kept pace with the technology development and user requirements.
- Emerged as the leader in imparting training in RS and GIS in the world, particularly Asia Pacific Region

About IIRS

- **Training and education programmes:**
 - Master's Programme : M. Tech./M. Sc.
 - Post Graduate Courses
 - Certificate
 - Specialized Courses – On demand
- **Research programmes**
 - All major fields of resource management and disaster mgmt
- **Outreach programmes – Distant Education programme through EDUSAT, 84 universities spread across the country have also benefited through EDUSAT**
- Faculty 65 faculty members - expertise under one umbrella in almost all disciplines.

Training and Education

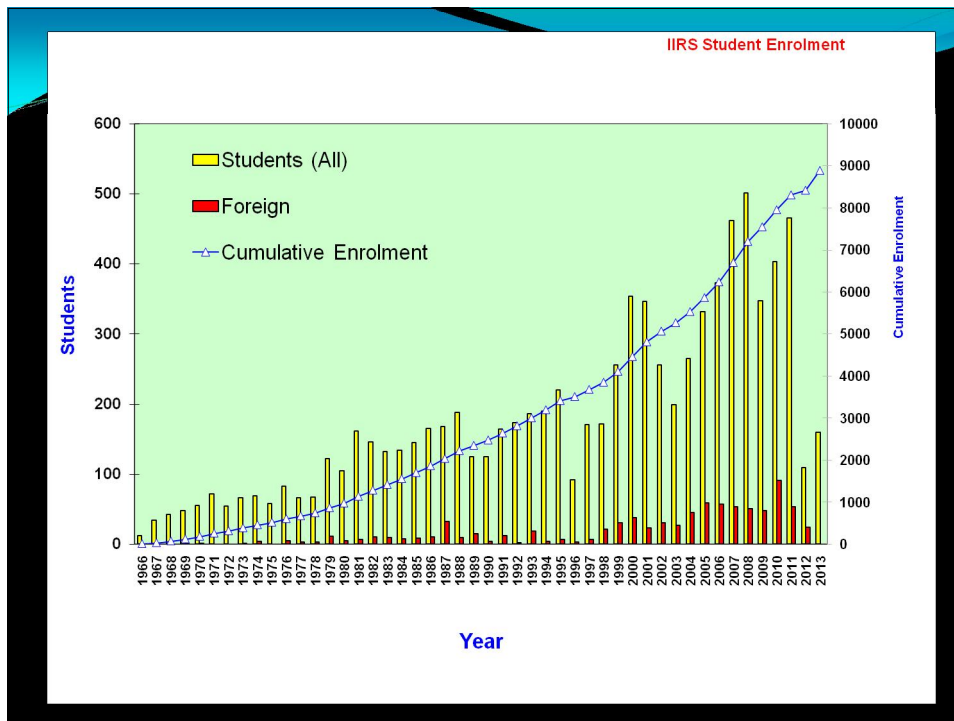
- Main objective is in Capacity Building at all levels (Secretary to working/execution level)
- M. Tech. in RS & GIS - 24 months in 8 disciplines)
- M.Sc. (Geoinformatics) : 18 Months (ITC, Twente University, the Netherlands)
- M.Sc. (Natural Hazard and Disaster Risk Management): 18 Months
- P.G. Diploma - 10 months
- NNRMS – Professors, teachers, etc.
- Decision Makers Course
- User on demand – tailor made courses

Academics- Departments

- √ Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing
- √ Geoinformatics
- § Agriculture and Soils
- § Forestry & Ecology
- § Geosciences and Geohazards
- § Marine and Atmospheric Science
- § Urban and Regional Analysis
- § Water Resources Department

- Trained more than 8884 so far, including **852** professionals from abroad representing **91** countries mainly from the Asia, Africa and South America.
- Research is one of the most important agenda of the institute and several significant research project, user projects at local, national and international level have been accomplished.

SAARC Disaster Management Centre, Delhi
 BIMSTEC countries
 UN Office on Drugs and Crime, Afghanistan
 PA Managers from Bangladesh
 GISTDA, Thailand
 International Organization of Migration, Sudan



Centre for Space Science and Technology Education in Asia and the Pacific



§ UN General Assembly endorsed on Dec 1, 1990 the recommendation of UN Committee on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNCOPUOS) that

“ ... effort to establish Regional Centres for Space Science and Technology Education in existing national/ regional educational institutions in the developing countries”

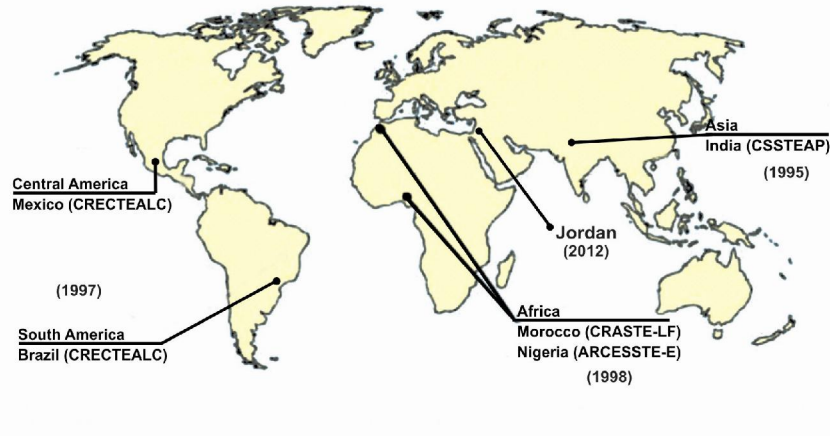
- Agreement to establish CSSTEAP signed by 10 countries on Nov 1, 1995 at New Delhi. Six more countries have joined subsequently.
- Governing Board of 16 member countries + UN + ITC (Netherlands)

Linkages

- On behalf of Government of India Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) signed an agreement to establish the Regional Centre in India and also agreed to provide access to its infrastructure and human resources.
- Initially main focus was on RS and GIS and IIRS has infrastructure and expertise therefore it was selected to host First UN regional Centre in India with its headquarters in Dehradun in IIRS Campus
- Thus In 1995 the Centre for Space Science & Technology Education in Asia & the Pacific (CSSTEAP) came into existence.

Regional Centres

Regional Centres for Space Science and Technology Education (Affiliated to the United Nations)



Countries in Asia Pacific Region

I EAST ASIA

1. China
2. Hong Kong
3. Japan
4. Korea, DPR
5. Rep. of Korea
6. Macao
7. Mongolia
8. Taiwan Province of China

II SOUTH-EAST ASIA

9. Brunei
10. Cambodia
11. Indonesia
12. Lao PDR
13. Malaysia
14. Myanmar
15. Philippines
16. Singapore
17. Thailand
18. Vietnam

III SOUTH ASIA

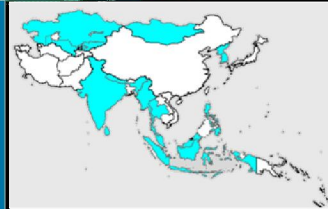
19. Afghanistan
20. Bangladesh
21. Bhutan
22. India
23. Islamic Rep. of Iran
24. Maldives
25. Nepal
26. Pakistan
27. Sri Lanka

IV CENTRAL ASIA

28. Armenia
29. Azerbaijan
30. Kazakhstan
31. Kyrgyzstan
32. Tajikistan
33. Turkmenistan
34. Uzbekistan

V PACIFIC

35. Australia
36. Comm. Of the N. Marianas
37. Cook Islands
38. Fed. States of Micronesia
39. Fiji
40. French Polynesia
41. Guam
42. Kiribati
43. Marshall Islands
44. Nauru
45. New Caledonia
46. New Zealand
47. Niue
48. Papua New Guinea
49. Rep. of Palau
50. Samoa
51. American Samoa
52. Solomon Islands
53. Tonga
54. Tuvalu
55. Vanuatu



GOVERNING BOARD

- § Representative from Member Countries
- § UN-OOSA & ITC are Observers

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- § Chaired by UN-OOSA
- § Subject matter experts of Satellite Communication, Satellite Meteorology & Global Climate, Space & Atmospheric Science, Remote sensing and GIS.

**** = GB Member Countries

*** = Non- GB Member Countries

*** = So far no Participation

CSSTEAP



CSSTEAP GB
Meets every Year



CSSTEAP Hqrs., Dehradun



CSSTEAP AC
Meets once in three years

Centre Campuses, Host Institutes and Courses

 <p>Indian Institute of Remote Sensing, Dehradun</p> <p>RS & GIS Disaster Risk Reduction Small Satellite Missions</p>	 <p>Space Applications Centre, Ahmedabad</p> <p>SATCOM, SATMET & SATNAV</p>	 <p>Physical Research Laboratory, Ahmedabad</p> <p>Space & Atmospheric Science</p>	 <p>ISRO Satellite Centre, Bengaluru</p> <p>Small Satellite Missions</p>
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Post Graduate Courses and their Structure

Remote Sensing & GIS	Satellite Communications	Satellite Meteorology & Global Climate	Space and Atmospheric Science
 9 months			
Award of PG Diploma by CSSTEAP			

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_6858



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