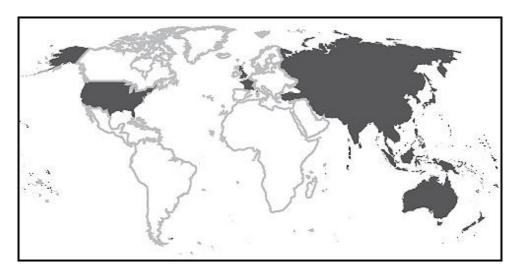




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The report is available at: : https://unnext.unescap.org/content/un-global-survey-digital-and-sustainable-trade-facilitation-2019

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Reducing trade costs is essential in enabling economies to effectively participate in regional and global value chains and for them to continue to use trade as an important engine of growth and sustainable development. Reducing non-tariff sources of trade costs, including cumbersome regulatory trade procedures and documentation, is essential to lower trade costs and make trade more inclusive. The WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement (TFA) and new regional trade digitalization initiatives provide guidance on measures that should be considered for implementation.¹

In this context, the report presents results of the United Nations Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation for 4 countries in East and North East Asia (ENEA), namely China, Japan, Republic of Korea and Mongolia. The WTO TFA+ Survey was conducted during the first half of 2019 and covered 53 trade facilitation measures divided into four categories: "General Trade Facilitation", "Digital Trade Facilitation", "Sustainable Trade Facilitation" and "Trade Finance Facilitation". The report reveals that:

- East and North-East Asia implementation rate stands at 79.3%, well above the Asia-Pacific regional average (59.7%). Within the Asia-Pacific region, implementation of trade facilitation and paperless trade is second only to that in Australia and New Zealand (93%).
- Implementation in East and North East Asia remains quite homogenous, with the exception of Mongolia. Japan and the Republic of Korea achieve world-leading implementation rates of over 90%, followed by China standing at 83%, whereas Mongolia stands at approximately 46%.
- East and North-East Asian countries have implemented many of the WTO TFA related measures, in particular transparency and formalities related measures. However, crossborder paperless trade implementation remains still relatively low compared to the implementation levels of the other measures.
- Measures under the "Sustainable Trade Facilitation" category are very diversely implemented.
 These measures are not specified in multilateral and/or regional agreements but need to be
 further emphasized to ensure trade facilitation benefits a wider range of stakeholders.
 Measures regarding agricultural trade facilitation achieve very high levels of implementation
 standing at 85.2%. Measures regarding trade facilitation for SMEs have a relatively high rate
 of implementation, standing at nearly 67% whereas measures targeted at women in trade are
 quite low, standing at approximately 36%.
- Data on implementation of "Trade Finance Facilitation" measures were collected for the first time this year and does not provide a complete picture. It suggests, however, a serious lack of awareness about the importance of these measures and how they could be integrated in trade facilitation strategies.

The report also includes an analysis of the impact on trade cost of increasing implementation rates of the WTO TFA in East and North-East Asia. Full implementation of binding measures results in a

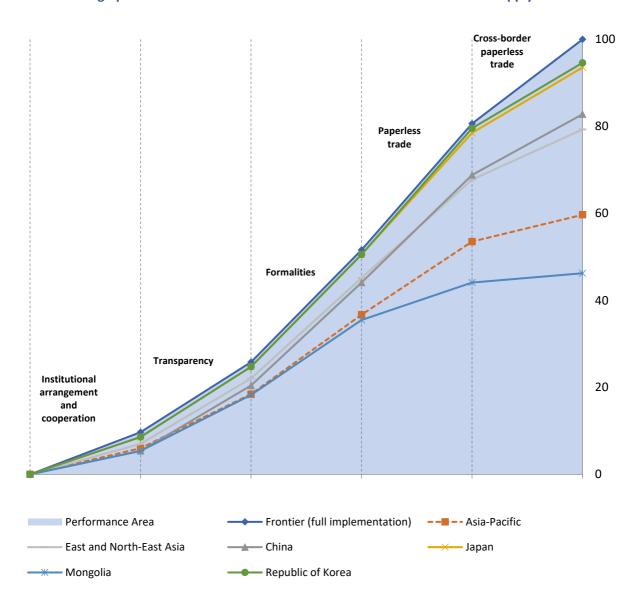
¹ For example, the Framework Agreement on Facilitation of Cross-Border Paperless Trade in Asia and the Pacific was signed or acceded to by six countries, namely, Armenia, Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Islamic Republic of Iran, and Azerbaijan.

or acceded to by six countries, namely, Armenia, Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Islamic Republic of Iran, and Azerbaijan. About 20 other States are at various stages of the treaty accession process and also participate annually in the interim Intergovernmental Steering Group on Cross-Border Paperless Trade Facilitation, a body that spearheaded the negotiation of the treaty and is now supporting its implementation.

decrease of trade costs of about 1-2%, while full implementation of all TFA measures results in a 4% reduction. Paperless implementation of the TFA measures together with enabling the seamless electronic exchange of trade data and documents across borders results in much larger trade costs reductions, averaging nearly 10% for East and North-East Asia as a whole.

This East and North-East Asia report may best be read in conjunction with the Global and Asia-Pacific reports on the results of the UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation 2019, available at https://untfsurvey.org/.²

Moving up the trade facilitation ladder towards seamless international supply chains



Note: the figure shows cumulative trade facilitation implementation scores of Asia-Pacific sub-regions for 31 common trade facilitation measures included in the survey. Full implementation of all measures =100.

Source: UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, untfsurvey.org, 2019

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² See also ADB-ESCA Asia-Pacific Trade Facilitation Report 2019: Bridging Trade Finance Gaps through Technology. Available at: https://www.adb.org/publications/asia-pacific-trade-facilitation-report-2019

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ABBREVIATIONS

ADB Asian Development Bank
AEO Authorized economic operator

ASEAN Association of Southeast Asian Nations

ECA United Nations Economic Commission for Africa
ECE United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

ECLAC United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the

Caribbean

ENEA East and North-East Asia

ESCAP United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the

Pacific

ESCWA United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western

Asia

ICT Information and communications technology

ITC International Trade Centre
LDC Least developed country

LLDC Landlocked developing country

NCA North and Central Asia

NTFC National trade facilitation committee
OCO Oceania Customs Organization

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

PIDE Pacific Island Developing Economies

SAARC South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation

SEA South-East Asia

SELA Latin American and Caribbean Economic System

SIDS Small island developing states SSWA South and South-West Asia TFA Trade Facilitation Agreement

UN/CEFACT United Nations Centre for Trade Facilitation and Electronic

Business

UNCTAD United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
UNNExT United Nations Network of Experts for Paperless Trade and

Transport for Asia and the Pacific

UNRC United Nations Regional Commission

WTO World Trade Organization

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