

### Spotlight on UN-Habitat Lebanon's Work 2019 – 2021



Since 2006, UN-Habitat in Lebanon has focused on responding to successive crises that the country has witnessed, including:

- The war of July 2006
- The Syrian refugee crisis
- COVID-19, the Beirut Port explosion, and the current socio-economic crisis

In a country that is close to 90% urban by population, hosting 1.5+ million refugees – UN-Habitat also focuses on implementing effective, area-based, multi-sectoral humanitarian development nexus response, while laying the foundation for long-term sustainable urbanization.



Overall budget: approximately USD 24 million, across 17+ projects, together with 20+ partners, reaching more than 1,090,000 beneficiaries.

### UN-Habitat Global Strategic Plan 2020-2023 – Domains of Change



Domain of Change 1 Reduced Poverty and Spatial Inequality in Urban and Rural Communities



**Domain of Change 2** Enhanced Shared Prosperity of Cities and Regions



Domain of Change 3 Strengthened Climate Action and Improved Urban Environment



**Domain of Change 4** Effective Urban Crisis Prevention and Response

This project is a first of its kind in Lebanon as it takes a practical and eco-friendly approach for the rubble and debris left behind by the catastrophic Beirut Port explosion of 4 August 2020. We see this project as an opportunity for a sustainable rubble management solution not only for Beirut but also for Lebanon as a whole.

> Governor of Beirut, Judge Marwan Abboud on the Rubble to Mountains Initiative

Thanks to critical and timely cash-for-rent support from the UN, I have been able to offset my monthly expenses, ensuring my family and I can continue to live in dignity.

Etaferahu – Head of household supported by UN-Habitat's cash-for-shelter project in response to the Beirut Port explosion

### UN-Habitat Country Programme Document Lebanon 2021 – 2023

The overarching goal of Lebanon's Habitat Country Programme 2021-2023 is to contribute to improving the living conditions of children, youth, women and men in Lebanon – regardless of their nationality – by creating liveable urban areas that are effectively planned and managed, environmentally sound, financially viable and competitive, and socially cohesive through good and inclusive governance and equitable distribution of resources.



UN-Habitat is driven by a long-term vision to make cities and urban communities in Lebanon safe, inclusive, resilient and sustainable.

### Lebanon's Habitat Country Programme 2021-2023 concentrates on three focus areas:

### Focus Area 1: Inclusive and Sustainable Development

To promote sustainable urbanization, the programme envisages to upscale its interventions at the national level and facilitate urban policy reform and transformation. The planned largescale investments in the country's infrastructure require the national formulation of tools and practices that would prioritize urbanization challenges and harness cities as drivers of development. This step should be accompanied by a thorough review and reform of existing legal urban frameworks and tools.



UN-Habitat team responding to the Beirut Port explosion by undergoing a rapid building-level damage assessment in Beirut ©UN-Habitat

### Strengthening the Long-Term Resilience of Subnational Authorities in countries affected by the Syrian and Iragi Crises

Duration: 2019 – 2022 | Donor: European Union, Madad Fund

Targeted Areas: Unions of Al Fayhaa, Metn and Tyre, including their member municipalities

Key partners: UNDP, Ministry of Interior, DGLAC, Unions of Municipalities



Budget: USD 28 million for Iraq and Lebanon; USD 17 million (Lebanon UN-Habitat/UNDP); USD 8 million (UN-Habitat Lebanon)



**Total Beneficiaries:** 137,500 vulnerable Lebanese; 24,375 Syrian Refugees; 27,750 Palestine Refugees

### Description

To strengthen the resilience of municipalities and communities in Lebanon including host and refugee populations, through improving governance and the implementation of basic services and local economic development projects.



Improving the well-being of host and refugee populations through enhanced environmental & hygiene conditions in Maraach neighborhood in Greater Beirut

Duration: 2018 - 2021 | Donor: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Poland

Targeted Area: Maraach, Bourj Hammoud

Key partners: The Polish Centre for International Aid (PCPM)



**Total Beneficiaries:** Direct 1,100; Indirect 15,000

### Description

Environmental conditions of host/refugee population settled in Beirut urban areas are enhanced through upgrading of basic services and through the active engagement & skills development of municipalities & communities.



### **Focus Area 2:** Participatory Urban Planning, Management and Governance

To address the challenges of rapid urbanization in Lebanon, this focus area emphasizes, through concrete actions, the urgent need to make available locally verified urban data that represents one of the key ingredients for promoting inclusive urban and land use planning. UN-Habitat supports the Government of Lebanon's efforts in building a resilient economy by bringing forward initiatives and programmes that promote environmentally sustainable cities through the development of policies, institutional arrangements, establishment of supportive legal frameworks, and planning that support sustainable urban policies.

### Improving local socioeconomic development planning through capacity-building at the municipal level

Duration: 2019 - 2023 | Donor: Italian Agency for Development and Cooperation

Targeted Area: National | Key Partner: Ministry of Social Affairs



Budget: USD 1,200,000

**Total Beneficiaries**: 500,000

### Description

The project aims to improve socio-economic conditions of local communities through strengthening planning capacities at the unions of municipalities' levels using participatory approaches.

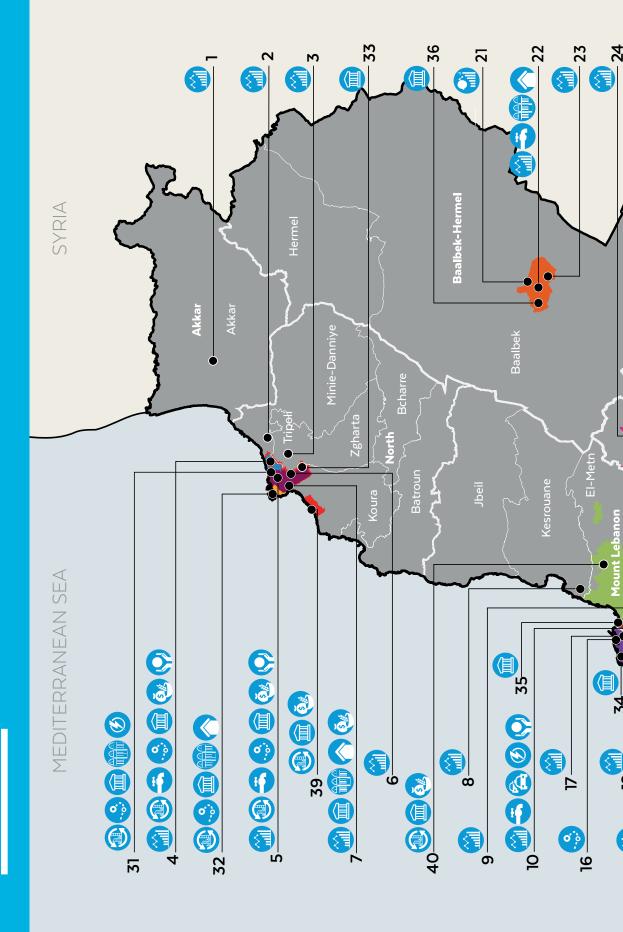
### Domains of Change

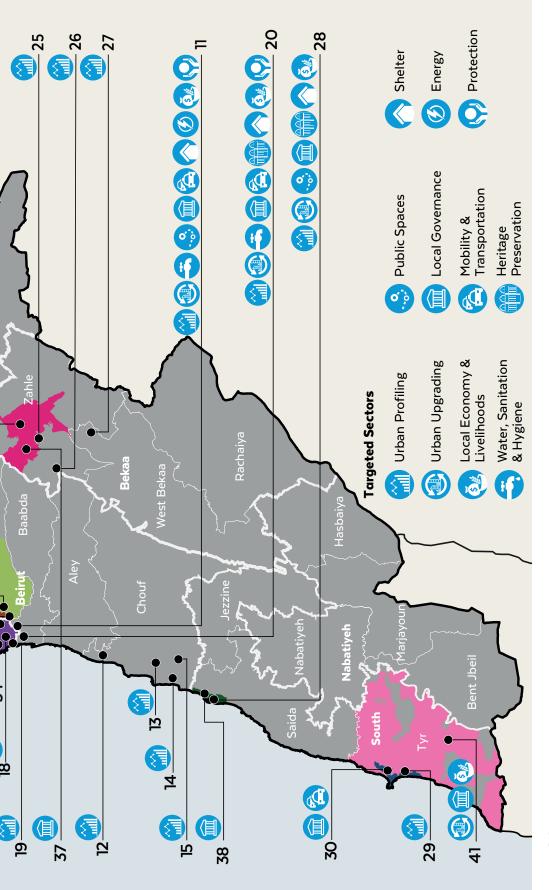
### Targeted sectors





# **Geographical areas of current intervention** by UN-Habitat in Lebanon by sector





### **Targeted Areas**

## Targeted Neighbourhoods

| 1. Hayy El-Qalaa     | 11. Maraash              | 21. Sho  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| 2. Hayy El-Blat      | 12. Naameh               | 22. Mo   |
| 3. Hayy El-Arab      | 13. Barja El-Qadimeh     | 23. EI-9 |
| 4. Jabal Mohsen      | 14. Sibline              | 24. Ha   |
| 5. Bab El-Tabbaneh   | 15. Ketermaya El-Qadimeh | 25. Taa  |
| 6. El-Qobbeh         | 16. Karantina            | 26. Hay  |
| 7. Haddadine         | 17. Karm El-Zeytoun      | 27. EI-I |
| 8. Hayy El-Kharoubeh | 18. Hayy Tamlis          | 28. Olc  |
| 9. Hayy El-Jadid     | 19. Daouk-Ghawash        | 29. Ma   |
| 10. Nabaa            | 20. Sabra                |          |

Soleh Sahet El-Naser alabaya El-Fawaa oush El-Oumara gher El-Taheen yy El-Souk d Saida achouk oab Marj

| Target | Targeted Municipalities | Targeted Union of     |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|        | 30. Tyr                 | Municipalities (UoMs) |
|        | 31. Beddaoui            | 39. Al-Fayhaa         |
|        | 32. El-Mina             | 40. Coastal and       |
|        | 33. Tripoli             | Central Metn          |
|        | 34. Beirut              | 41. Tyr               |
|        | 35. Bourj Hammoud       |                       |
|        | 36. Baalbeck            |                       |
|        | 37. Zahle               |                       |
|        | 38. Saida               |                       |

### Housing, Land, and Property Rights of Syrian Refugees in Lebanon and Iraq

Duration: 2020 – 2021 | Donor: German Agency for International Cooperation

Targeted Area: 16 municipalities across Lebanon

Key Partners: SAWA for Development and Aid



• **Total Beneficiaries:** 6,000 households total;

### Description

Improving land tenure security and safeguarding the housing, land and property rights of Syrian refugees living in Lebanon and Iraq through the use of the Social Tenure Domain Model.



### **Focus Area 3:** Disaster Risk Mitigation and Effective Urban Crisis Response

UN-Habitat offers support to the Government of Lebanon's efforts in relation to environmental issues, crisis response, migration, sustainable transportation, environmentally sustainable infrastructure and climate change. In 2020 and 2021, UN-Habitat set its focus and expertise on helping Lebanon and Beirut respond to multiple urban crises including the Beirut Port explosion and COVID-19. Enhanced focus will be placed in forthcoming years on urban recovery and reconstruction from a holistic, multi-sectoral perspective.

**Responding to the Beirut Port explosion** 

### 预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:



https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5\_17443