# EVALUATION OF THE UN-HABITAT PROGRAMME FOR ACHIEVING SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT

PHASE 1





**DECEMBER 2017** 

**Evaluation Report 3/2017** 

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HS Number: HS/097/18E

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#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

| EXECUTIVE SUMMARYvi |  |    |
|---------------------|--|----|
| 1.                  | INTRODUCTION   | 1  |
| 2.                  | OVERVIEW OF THE EVALUATED INTERVENTION                           | 2  |
|                     | 2.1. Main Characteristics  | 2  |
|                     | 2.2. Timeline, Evaluation Extended Scope and, ASUD's Development |    |
|                     | 2.3. UN-Habitat Programmatic Documents and Mandates              |    |
| 3.                  | EVALUATION APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY                              | 10 |
|                     | 3.1. Approach and Methodology                                    |    |
|                     | 3.2. Deepening the Programme Goal                                |    |
| 4.                  | MAIN FINDINGS  | 13 |
|                     | 4.1. Overview of the Nine Projects and their Achievements        | 13 |
|                     | 4.2. Overall ASUD Programme Achievements                         |    |
|                     | 4.3. Relevance   |    |
|                     | 4.4. Effectiveness and Efficiency                                |    |
|                     | 4.5. Impact Outlook  |    |
|                     | 4.6. Sustainability  |    |
|                     | 4.7. Crosscutting Issues   |    |
|                     | 4.8. Rating of Performance by Evaluation Criteria                | 43 |
| 5.                  | EVALUATION CONCLUSIONS   | 45 |
| 6.                  | LESSONS LEARNED  | 53 |
| 7.                  | RECOMMENDATIONS  | 55 |
| AN                  | NEX 1: TERMS OF REFERENCE  | 58 |
| AN                  | NEX 2: LIST OF PERSONS INTERVIEWED                               | 67 |
| AN                  | NEX 3: BIBLIOGRAPHY  | 71 |
| AN                  | NEX 4: ASUD ORIGINAL PROGRAMME RESULTS FRAMEWORK                 | 73 |
| AN                  | NEX 5: BUDGET OF THE NINE PROJECTS                               | 76 |
| AN                  | NEX 6: REPOSITORY OF DOCUMENTS PRODUCED BY THE PROJECTS          | 81 |
| AN                  | NEX 7: INDIVIDUAL PROJECT EVALUATIONS                            | 85 |

## **LIST OF TABLES**

| Table 2.1:  | Original ASUD programme fact sheet   | 2  |
|-------------|--|----|
| Table 2.2:  | Overview of the nine ASUD projects   | 5  |
| Table 2.3:  | ASUD timeline  | 6  |
| Table 2.4:  | Overview UN-Habitat's medium-term strategy's focus areas and ASUD entry points       | 7  |
| Table 2.5:  | Non-exhaustive list of normative products produced during ASUD                       | 9  |
| Table 3.1:  | Evaluation questions by evaluation criteria  |    |
| Table 4.1:  | Project details on Achieving Sustainable Urban Development In Mozambique             |    |
| Table 4.2:  | Project details on Achieving Sustainable Urban Development in Rwanda                 |    |
| Table 4.3:  | Project details on Achieving Sustainable Urban Development Priorities in Egypt       |    |
| Table 4.4:  | Project details on Achieving Sustainable Urban Development in the Philippines        |    |
| Table 4.5:  | Project details on F114: Popular Economy of the Agglomeration Areas of Bogota        | 24 |
| Table 4.6:  | Project details on F115: Capacity Building in the City of Santa Marta in Colombia    |    |
| Table 4.7:  | Project details on F116/ F120: Piloting Participatory Land Readjustment in Medellin  | 29 |
| Table 4.8:  | Project details on F117/F123: 'Let's Build a Home for Life' in Medellin Colombia     |    |
| Table 4.9:  | Project details on F118: National Policy and Institutional Strengthening in Colombia |    |
| Table 4.10: | ASUD rating of performance by evaluation criteria                                    |    |
| Table 5.1:  | Traditional planning versus development planning                                     |    |

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

| Figure 2.1: | The ASUD interpretation of 'sustainable urban development' | 3 |
|-------------|--|---|
| Figure 2.2: | Summary of the ASUD programme results framework            | 4 |

## **LIST OF CHARTS**

| Chart 4.1: | Overview of the beneficiaries under ASUD                                  | 37 |
|------------|---|----|
| Chart 4.2: | Gender mainstreaming in capacity building and in ASUD staff               | 43 |
| Chart 5.1: | Ratio of implementation prospect of all planning interventions under ASUD | 46 |
| Chart 5.2: | Ratio of implementation prospect of planning interventions per country    | 46 |
| Chart 5.3: | Ratio of spatial planning versus state-building intervention              | 46 |

#### **LIST OF BOXES**

| 7  |
|----|
| 20 |
| 23 |
| 27 |
| 30 |
| 10 |
|    |

## LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

| 3PA        | Three-Pronged Approach (to planned urbanisation)                |
|------------|---|
| AFINUA     | Action Framework for the Implementation of the New Urban Agenda |
| CPI        | City Prosperity Index   |
| EA         | Expected Accomplishment   |
| ED         | UN-Habitat's Executive Director                                 |
| EGM        | Expert Group Meeting  |
| ENOF       | Enhanced Normative and Operational Framework                    |
| FA         | Focus Area  |
| GGGI       | Global Green Growth Institute                                   |
| HCPD       | Habitat Country Programme Document                              |
| HDI        | Human Development Index   |
| HQ         | UN-Habitat's Headquarters                                       |
| HRBA       | Human Rights-Based Approach                                     |
| IG-UTP     | International Guidelines on Urban and Territorial Planning      |
| ISVIMED    | Social Institute for Housing and Habitat Medellin, Colombia     |
| LED        | Local Economic Development                                      |
| MTSIP      | Medium-Term Strategic and Institutional Plan 2008-2013          |
| NUA        | the New Urban Agenda  |
| NUC        | New Urban Communities in Egypt                                  |
| NUF        | National Urban Forum  |
| NUP        | National Urban Policy   |
| PAAS       | Project Accrual and Accountability System                       |
| PCE        | Planned City Extensions   |
| PCE/I      | Planned City Extensions and (Urban) Infill                      |
| PRC        | Programme Review Committee                                      |
| PSUP       | Participatory Slum Upgrading Programme                          |
| RMB        | Results Bases Management  |
| ROAf       | Regional Office for Africa                                      |
| ROAP       | Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific                        |
| ROLAC      | Regional Office for Latin America and the Caribbean             |
| RPS        | Rapid Planning Studio   |
| SUP        | Strategic Urban Plan  |
| UEFB       | Urban Economy and Finance Branch                                |
| UGLB       | Urban Governance and Legislation Branch                         |
| UNDAF      | United Nations Development Assistance Framework                 |
| UNDAP      | United Nations Development Assistance Plan                      |
| UNCT       | United Nations Country Team                                     |
| UN-Habitat | United Nations Human Settlements Programme                      |
| UPDB       | Urban Planning and Design Branch                                |
| UPO        | Urban Provincial Observatory                                    |
|            |   |

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### I. BACKGROUND

#### Context

The ASUD programme is the central scope of this evaluation. ASUD was developed to address the gaps and deficiencies in urban planning processes and policies at the national and local levels to effectively respond to the complex demands of rapid population and economic growth. It would support cities in developing strategic sustainable urban development plans and implementing demonstration projects, in particular planned city extensions.

UN-Habitat is undertaking this forward-looking evaluation of the ASUD projects in order to assess to what extent the overall support and technical assistance of UN-Habitat has been relevant, efficient, and effective and sustainable, and in order to inform a possible next phase of the ASUD programme. This evaluation complies with UN-Habitat's efforts to undertake systematic and timely evaluations of its various programmes and to ensure that UN-Habitat's evaluations provide full representation of its mandate and activities.

The evaluation of the ASUD programme is to provide the agency, its governing bodies and donors with an independent and forward-looking appraisal of the agency's operational experience, achievements, opportunities and challenges. What will be learned from the evaluation findings is expected to play an instrumental role in

#### The ASUD Programme

Well before ASUD, UN-Habitat's interventions mainly focused on the provision of basic services and on improving the lives of slum dwellers, which was based on a sector approach to development and aligned with the MDG agenda. However, well into the new millennium, new insights emerged: (i) complex challenges, such as accelerated urban migration, a rising demand for participation, etc. could no longer be resolved by spatial interventions only and (ii) emerging challenges such as environment, a demand for new policy levels, and the globalised economy could not be resolved at the scale of the city.

An opportunity presented itself when in 2011, Spain donated USD 8.9 million to 'support UN-Habitat in its pursuit of sustainable urban development', after which the ASUD programme was conceived to support the development of a normative framework, by piloting tools and approaches in the field. UN-Habitat-ASUD: (i) adopted an integrated approach to planning including strengthened integration of the Branches with the regional and country offices, (ii) narrowed down its focus areas and, (iii) developed planning instruments that were better adapted to the new context.

The ASUD programme was developed under the framework of the agency's Medium-Term Strategic and Institutional Plan 2008-2013 (MTSIP) with the dual goal of '(i) achieving MTSIP's overarching goal of 'sustainable

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