

PAKISTAN DISPLACEMENT TRENDS ANALYSIS

UNHCR has consulted with a network of Key Informants in the refugee community and other stakeholders to gain an overview of the displacement trends following the announcement of the withdrawal of foreign troops. Where possible, household level interviews have been conducted to gain further insight into the reasons for flight, key concerns whilst residing in Pakistan and intentions to return. This information is further complemented by the data collected at the time of receiving new asylum applications for registration with UNHCR.

The Key Informants advised of 853 HHs/5,315 individuals arriving in their communities between 1 April and 27 August. UNHCR was able to interview 328 Households (comprised of 1,572 individuals), which includes 245 Households (comprised of 1,000 individuals) who approached UNHCR directly seeking asylum. The overall findings indicate that the main places of origin for those currently residing in Baluchistan and Punjab are Kunduz, Balkh and Kandahar, whilst the places of origin for those currently residing in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa are Nangarhar, Kabul and Kunar. 87% of Households interviewed indicated that the main reasons for flight are general or specific security threats, which is consistent with the findings from Key Informants for the wider group of new arrivals. 100% of households interviewed indicated that they did not intend to return. The top key concerns for households currently residing in Pakistan are access to livelihoods (33%), shelter (27%) and food (24%). Of those that have been interviewed by UNHCR, 65% are Pashtun, 22% are Hazara and there are smaller numbers of those who are Tajik (7%) and Turkmen (4%). 78% of households interviewed do not have any family links in Pakistan and 89% are living in urban areas. 84% of interviewed households crossed into Pakistan through Chaman border and 68% reported to have no documentation.

This overview is not an outline of the overall flow of border movements and does not purport to estimate the total number of new arrivals to Pakistan during the reporting period.

KEY INFORMANT INTERVIEWS: OVERVIEW OF ESTIMATED NEW ARRIVALS

853

ARRIVED HHs

5,315

ARRIVED INDIVIDUALS

47%

MALE

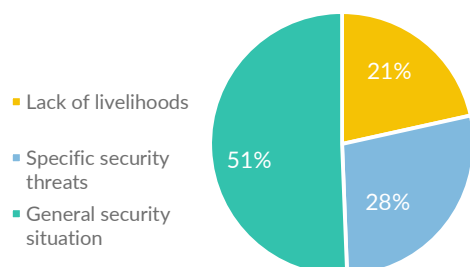
53%

FEMALE

33%

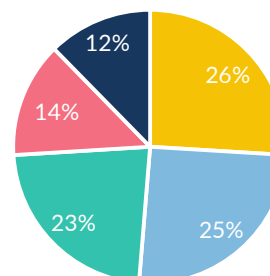
CHILDREN

MAIN REASONS FOR FLIGHT



CONCERNS RAISED BY HOUSEHOLDS IN PAKISTAN

- Access to livelihoods
- Access to shelter
- Access to food
- Support for individuals with disabilities
- Access to medical assistance



27 August 2021

* Arrivals figures reported by UNHCR key informants KIs (border officials, district authorities, community representatives, outreach volunteers)
 Source: UNHCR Pakistan Arrivals tracking database. Figures are subject to future adjustment and should not be considered final.

HOUSEHOLD-LEVEL INTERVIEWS (1 April- 27 August 2021)

328

INTERVIEWED HHs*

1,572

INTERVIEWED INDIVIDUALS

51%

MALE

49%

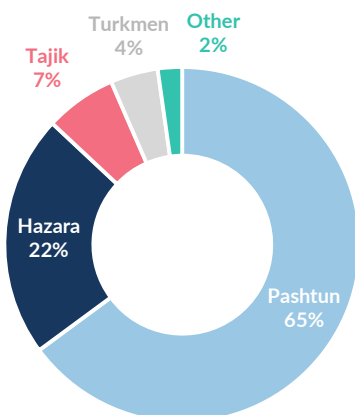
FEMALE

50%

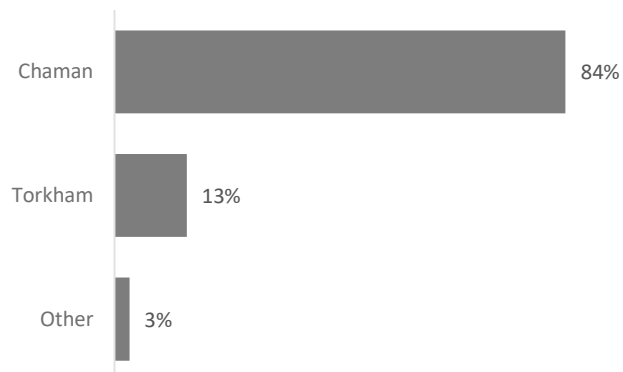
CHILDREN

POPULATION PROFILE

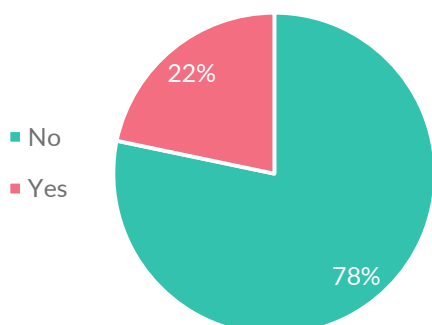
ETHNICITY



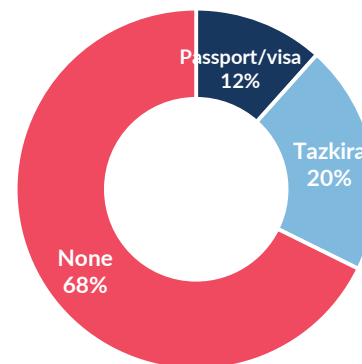
BORDER CROSSING POINTS



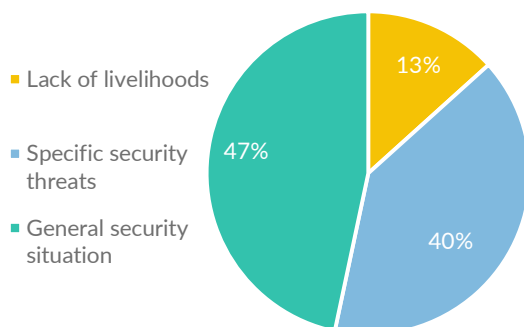
FAMILY LINKS IN PAKISTAN



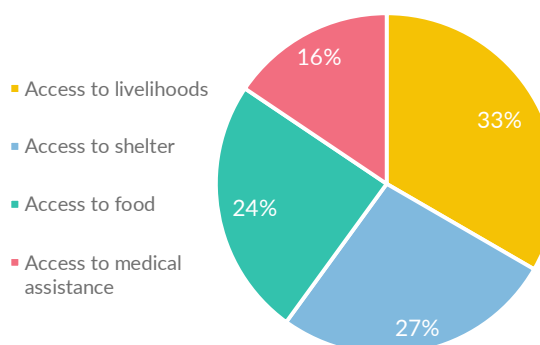
DOCUMENTATION USED TO CROSS BORDER



MAIN REASONS FOR FLIGHT



CONCERNS RAISED BY HOUSEHOLDS IN PAKISTAN



我们的产品



大数据平台

国内宏观经济数据库

国际经济合作数据库

行业分析数据库

条约法规平台

国际条约数据库

国外法规数据库

即时信息平台

新闻媒体即时分析

社交媒体即时分析

云报告平台

国内研究报告

国际研究报告

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_17152

