



UNITED NATIONS
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION



Programme for
Country Partnership



Sustainable industrial development for shared prosperity
UNIDO's PROGRAMME FOR COUNTRY PARTNERSHIP

INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT



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FOREWORD BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL



The comprehensive goals that the global community set in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development cannot be attained in isolation, or by a single organization or country alone. Achieving the 2030 Agenda requires the pooling of resources and expertise from various actors. With this recognition, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) developed an innovative partnership model to support countries in advancing inclusive and sustainable industrial development: the Programme for Country Partnership (PCP).

The PCP is a multi-stakeholder country-level partnership model that links efforts of the respective government, United Nations agencies, the business sector, global environmental financing mechanisms and financial institutions. Through the PCP, UNIDO provides advisory services to the government on industry-related issues, leads programme design, delivers multidisciplinary technical assistance and facilitates overall coordination. Each PCP is tailored to the specific country needs, but mobilizes different partners and resources to maximize the development impact. By focusing on sectors with high growth potential, the Programme helps countries achieve their industrialization goals, while being aligned with the national development agenda. UNIDO first introduced the PCP in Ethiopia, Senegal and Peru.

UNIDO's PCP provides an innovative model for advancing not only Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 9: "Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation", but also other SDGs. As the PCP builds synergies with partner interventions, it contributes, for example, also to the achievement of SDG 17, which calls on the global community to revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development. Partnerships with financial institutions and the business sector allow UNIDO to augment the impact of its operations by leveraging the funding and investment needed for large-scale industrial projects.

This brochure provides an introduction to UNIDO's PCP. Part I describes the context and rationale for the Organization's renewed partnership approach. Part II describes the key features of the PCP. Part III provides an overview of the ongoing programmes in Ethiopia, Senegal and Peru.

Going forward, UNIDO will expand the PCP to additional countries and will continue working with partners to achieve an inclusive and sustainable future for all. I am convinced that only by working together through partnerships can we attain the SDGs.

Li Yong
Director General

INTRODUCTION

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CONTEXT

In September 2015, the international community adopted a new development framework to guide all global, regional and national development endeavours for the next 15 years. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development includes 17 Sustainable Development Goals, or SDGs, which set out quantitative objectives across the social, economic, and environmental dimensions of sustainable development.

These new and universally applicable Goals are considerably more ambitious in scope than their predecessor, the Millennium Development Goals. Achieving the SDGs requires an unprecedented level of collaboration across all countries and stakeholders. It requires diverse actors to work together through multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources. SDG 17 states the need to “strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development” and highlights the central role of partnerships in fulfilling the 2030 Agenda.

As such, new forms of collaboration are increasingly shaping between *inter alia* states, international organizations, financial institutions, the business sector and civil society, leveraging resources from various actors to allow for more scalable and sustainable development results.



"SDG 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development."

UNIDO's vision for addressing today's economic, social and environmental challenges is enshrined in the Lima Declaration, adopted by the Organization's Member States in December 2013. The Lima Declaration provides UNIDO with a mandate to promote and accelerate **inclusive and sustainable industrial development (ISID)**. This is based on the recognition by Member States that poverty eradication "can only be achieved through strong, inclusive, sustainable and resilient economic and industrial growth, and the effective integration of the economic, social and environmental dimensions of sustainable development".

Inclusive and sustainable industrial development means that:

- Every country achieves a higher level of industrialization in their economies, and benefits from the globalization of markets for industrial goods and services.
- No one is left behind in benefiting from industrial growth, and prosperity is shared among women and men in all countries.
- Broader economic and social growth is supported within an environmentally sustainable framework.
- The unique knowledge and resources of all relevant development actors are combined to maximize the development impact of ISID.

Accordingly, the Organization's programmatic approach is guided by three interrelated themes: creating shared prosperity, advancing economic competitiveness and safeguarding the environment. This applies to all of UNIDO's work: technical cooperation activities, analytical and policy advisory services, standard-setting and compliance, and its convening and partnership building role.

UNIDO's mandate for ISID is anchored within the internationally agreed 2030 Agenda. Of the 17 SDGs that comprise this Agenda, Goal 9: "Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation" is especially relevant to UNIDO's work. It recognizes that the industrial sector can serve as a primary engine not only of job creation and economic growth, but also of technology transfer, investment flows and skills development. This is based on the recognition that modern livelihoods have generally been built on and further developed through the industrialization process.

In addition to Goal 9, UNIDO's mandate for ISID aligns with many other SDGs, including those related to poverty eradication (SDG 1), job creation (SDG 8), access to clean and affordable energy (SDG 7) and gender equality (SDG 5), among others.

"SDG 9: 'Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation' is especially relevant to UNIDO's work."

UNIDO's INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIPS

Partnerships are not only key to successfully tackling the global development challenges that lie ahead, but also essential to the attainment of UNIDO's mandate. Achieving inclusive and sustainable industrial development requires a broader range of resources than any individual entity can provide.

UNIDO cooperates with many different entities to fulfil its mandate and assist Member States in achieving their development goals. Partners include *inter alia* governments, development organizations, UN sister agencies, financial institutions, global environmental financing mechanisms, the business sector, civil society and academia.

Partnering with large financial entities – such as international financial institutions or development finance institutions – allows UNIDO to catalyze additional resources for large-scale industrial development projects and to support countries in moving beyond pilot demonstrations towards full-scale sustainable industrial investments.

The business sector, both local and international, is another important partner for UNIDO. International firms channel not only foreign direct investment to the host country, but also specialized knowledge and technology that helps UNIDO enhance the impact of its technical cooperation projects. By

Partnerships can take the form of project-specific collaborations, long-term global alliances often focused on a specific theme, or crystallize in the Organization's flagship partnership model, the **Programme for Country Partnership (PCP)**. UNIDO is also part of various global networks and platforms which serve as means of sharing information, best practices and innovative solutions in the field of inclusive and sustainable industrial development.

Finally, UNIDO's convening role brings diverse partners together in major events, such as ISID Forums, conferences and expert meetings, in order to exchange knowledge, forge partnerships and shape strategies for advancing ISID.

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