Interdependence in Household Livelihood Strategies in Two Cambodian Villages

Working Paper 7

John P. McAndrew



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CAMBODIA DEVELOPMENT RESOURCE INSTITUTE IN COLLABORATION WITH THE UNITED NATIONS RESEARCH INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

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Cambodia Development Resource Institute in collaboration with the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development Phnom Penh, December 1998

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This working paper is one of three related papers stemming from a two-year study on food security in rural Cambodia conducted by the Cambodia Development Resource Institute and the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development. The other two papers are Vincent Tickner, 'Food Security in Cambodia: A Preliminary Assessment' (Geneva: UNRISD, October 1996) Discussion Paper 80, and K. A. S. Murshid, 'Food Security in an Asian Transitional Economy: The Cambodian Experience' (Phnom Penh: CDRI, December 1998) Working Paper 6. The CDRI/UNRISD food security project was supported by a grant from DANIDA.

Preface

At the outset of this paper I would like to acknowledge the contributions of research team members Keo Keriya and Chan Sophal. From early September to late November 1996, our team of three conducted qualitative research in two village communities to complement a broader, quantitative CDRI study on rural household food security undertaken in collaboration with the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (UNRISD). One study village, Babaong, was located in a rice-surplus area in Prey Veng province. The other village, Trapeang Prei, was located in a rice-deficit area in Kompong Speu province.

In this paper I will present findings and analysis that have emerged from our research. More specifically, I will consider household livelihood strategies in family lineages from each of the two communities (see Parts Two and Three for detailed case accounts). The experiences of these particular families represent, for the most part, the more vulnerable households in the communities.

In Babaong, our research team interviewed 71 of the 462 households in the village. Twenty-two of these accounts are written up in this working paper. In Trapeang Prei, our team interviewed 43 of the 64 households in the village. Nine of these accounts are recorded in this paper. It is hoped that discussion of these limited, though detailed, accounts will help us deepen our appreciation of livelihood security and coping strategies in rural Cambodia.

K. A. S. Murshid, Food Security in an Asian Transitional Economy: The Cambodian Experience (Phnom Penh: Cambodia Development Resource Institute, December 1998) Working Paper 6.

Glossary

Acronyms

GRET

Group de Recherche et d'Echanges Technologiques

MCC

Mennonite Central Committee non-governmental organisation

NGO

United Nations Children's Fund

UNICEF **UNRISD**

United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

WID

Women in Development

Place Names

Banteay Meanchey province

ខេត្តបន្ទាយមានជ័យ

Kandal province

ខេត្តកណ្តាល

Kompong Cham province

ខេត្តកំពង់ចាម

Kompong Speu province

ខេត្តកំពង់ស្ពឺ

Phnom Penh municipality

ក្រុងភ្នំពេញ

Prey Veng province

ខេត្តព្រៃវែង

Ratanakkiri province

ខេត្តតេនៈគីវី

Ang Snuol district

ស្រុកអង្គស្នួល

Ba Phnom district

ស្រុកបាភ្ជំ

Kompong Trabek district

ស្រុកកំពងត្របែក

Mukh Kampul district

ស្រុកមុខកំពូល

Odong district

ស្រុកឧដុង្គ

Peam Ro district

ស្រុកពាមរ

Ponhea Leu district

ស្រុកពញាឮ

ស្រុកព្រៃវែង

Prey Veng district

Samraong Tong district

ស្រុកសំរោងទង

ឃុំប៉ាប៉ោង
ឃុំចន្ទសែន
ឃុំកំបូល
ឃុំកំពងត្របែក
ឃុំក្សេមក្សាន្ត
ឃុំភ្នំតូច
ឃុំព្រែកព្នៅ
ឃុំព្រៃកណ្ដៀង
ឃុំត្រាចទង

1	
Babaong village 🐇	ភូមិបុណ្ងេង
Bat Doeng village	ភូមិបាត់ដឹង
Bek Chan village	ភូមិបែកចាន
Kakab village	ភូមិកាកាប
Pal Hal village	ភូមិជ៉ាលហាល
Pong village	ភូមិពោង
Ponley village	ភូមិពន្លៃ
Prey Kandieng village	ភូមិព្រៃកណ្ដៀង
Prey Totung village	ភូមិព្រៃទទឹង
Prolung Meas village	ភូមិព្រលឹងមាស
Trapeang Kanseng village	ភូមិត្រពាំងកន្សែង
Trapeang Kralong village	ភូមិត្រពាំងក្រឡង
Trapeang Prei village	ភូមិត្រពាំងប្រីយ៍
Trapeang Thma village	ភូមិត្រពាំងថ្ម
Treb village	ភូមិត្រិប

Neak I neam

«Enas

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:



