

A Review of Joint External Evaluations and National Action Plans for Health Security in 13 Countries from a Health Systems Perspective



**World Health
Organization**



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

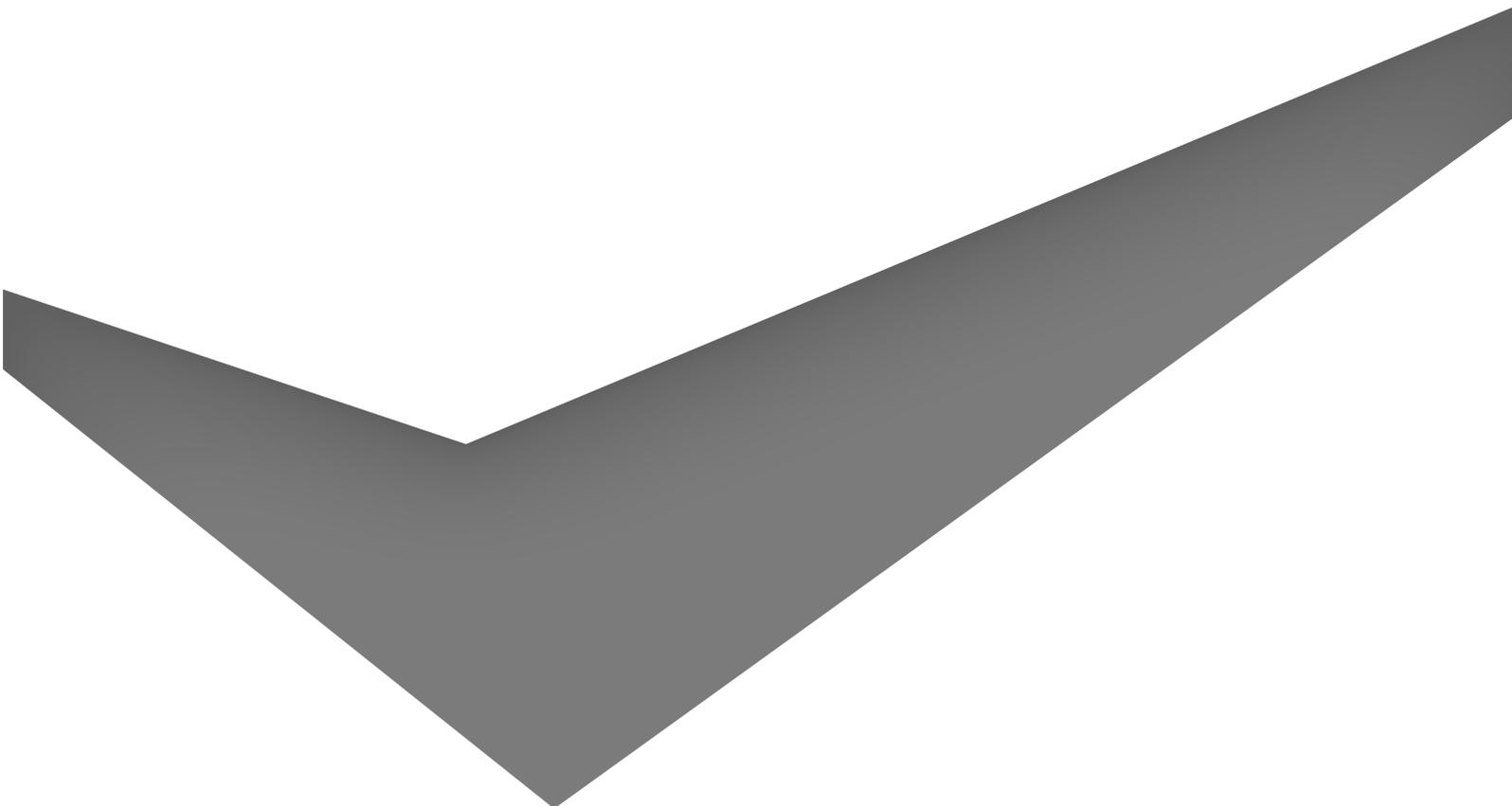


World Health
Organization



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

A Review of Joint External Evaluations and National Action Plans for Health Security in 13 Countries from a Health Systems Perspective



A review of joint external evaluations and national action plans for health security in 13 countries from a health systems perspective

(Fostering resilience through integrated health system strengthening series)

ISBN 978-92-4-003327-6 (electronic version)

ISBN 978-92-4-003328-3 (print version)

© World Health Organization 2021

Some rights reserved. This work is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 IGO licence (CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO; <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/igo>).

Under the terms of this licence, you may copy, redistribute and adapt the work for non-commercial purposes, provided the work is appropriately cited, as indicated below. In any use of this work, there should be no suggestion that WHO endorses any specific organization, products or services. The use of the WHO logo is not permitted. If you adapt the work, then you must license your work under the same or equivalent Creative Commons licence. If you create a translation of this work, you should add the following disclaimer along with the suggested citation: “This translation was not created by the World Health Organization (WHO). WHO is not responsible for the content or accuracy of this translation. The original English edition shall be the binding and authentic edition”.

Any mediation relating to disputes arising under the licence shall be conducted in accordance with the mediation rules of the World Intellectual Property Organization (<http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/mediation/rules/>).

Suggested citation. A review of joint external evaluations and national action plans for health security in 13 countries from a health systems perspective. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021 (Fostering resilience through integrated health system strengthening series). Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) data. CIP data are available at <http://apps.who.int/iris>.

Sales, rights and licensing. To purchase WHO publications, see <http://apps.who.int/bookorders>. To submit requests for commercial use and queries on rights and licensing, see <http://www.who.int/about/licensing>.

Third-party materials. If you wish to reuse material from this work that is attributed to a third party, such as tables, figures or images, it is your responsibility to determine whether permission is needed for that reuse and to obtain permission from the copyright holder. The risk of claims resulting from infringement of any third-party-owned component in the work rests solely with the user.

General disclaimers. The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

All reasonable precautions have been taken by WHO to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall WHO be liable for damages arising from its use.

Contents

v	Preface
vi	Acknowledgements
vii	Abbreviations
viii	Executive summary
1	Introduction
5	<i>The importance of JEE and NAPHS in health systems and health security integration</i>
6	Methodology and approach
10	Desk review – country findings
11	<i>Review of JEE and NAPHS data from a health systems perspective</i>
13	<i>Detailed findings by country</i>

48	Discussion
49	<i>Integrated approach to health security and health systems planning</i>
50	<i>Integrated governance structures and functions, including subnational stakeholders</i>
52	<i>One Health approach can catalyse multisectoral coordination</i>
53	<i>Robust and predictable financing for planning and sustainable implementation</i>
54	<i>Application of lessons from previous outbreaks</i>
55	<i>Health workforce – availability, retention and distribution</i>
57	Feasibility of JEE and NAPHS processes in promoting integration
61	Conclusion
63	References
66	Annex. Country JEE and NAPHS by year

Preface

About this report and objectives

The aim of this report is to present a review of selected joint external evaluation (JEE) and post-JEE national action plans for health security (NAPHS) data from a health systems perspective, while acknowledging salient opportunities for health systems strengthening and health security integration with broader health sector planning efforts. The reviewed countries were Bangladesh, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Malawi, Nigeria, Pakistan, Sierra Leone, South Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Uganda and Zimbabwe. In addition, this report identifies facilitators and barriers captured within JEE and NAPHS for improving performance on five core capacities of IHR through an analysis of the 13 countries. This also allows to evaluate the feasibility of emerging country data from JEE for strengthening linkages between health security and health systems. Available national action plans for health security for these countries were reviewed, and facilitators and barriers to their implementation from a health systems perspective were also identified.

The findings inform subsequent phases of the project, including conducting further complementary analyses to ascertain the current state or intent of health systems strengthening and health security integration in health system strategies and documents in Bangladesh and Liberia;

and convening a dialogue with relevant policy-makers on an integrated approach towards building more resilient health systems.

Target audience

The primary audience for this report is national and subnational health authorities, including the ministry of health, national policy and planning directorates, national public health institutes and subnational health management teams. This scope covers relevant humanitarian and development actors with a potentially important role in bridging humanitarian and development sectors for long-term health systems resilience with efforts in emergency preparedness.

Acknowledgements

This technical document was produced by Nana Mensah Abrampah and Zandile Zibwowa from the Integrated Health Services Department, WHO headquarters in Geneva, with support from Oriane Bodson, Jack Lewis, Saqif Mustafa, Yu Zhang and under the overall technical oversight of Sohel Saikat and Shams Syed. Technical review and input were provided by Rhea Bright, Elizabeth Lugten and Vivian Olabamiji from the Office of Health Systems, United States Agency for International Development (USAID), Washington, DC. Earlier drafts of the document were reviewed by Raj Sreedharan, Peter Mala, Matthew Neilson, Geraldine McDarby alongside contributions from Rita Okonkwo and Davina Hang.

Appreciation goes to Ed Kelley and Kelly Saldana for their overall guidance throughout the development of this document.

This work is made possible by the generous support of the American people through USAID and its Office of Health Systems, Bureau for Global Health.

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_23643

