

Dementia-inclusive **Community**

Promoting dementia-inclusive communities

A strategic communications toolkit





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About this toolkit



Why this toolkit?

This toolkit aims to support the planning of a communication campaign to support dementiainclusive initiatives at the community level. A dementia-inclusive community comprises groups, families and individuals who are able to:

(a) identify people at risk for and with dementia;

(b) provide support to people with dementia;

(c) organize or provide dementia-related activities.



Who is this toolkit for?

This toolkit was designed for community leaders and organizers, programme managers, health advocates, and health promotion, education and communication specialists.

How to get started?

MAKE A PLAN Set your goals and vision to promote a dementia-inclusive community.

MAKE A TEAM

Build a team and look for partners.

MAKE IT HAPPEN

Apply relevant toolkit strategies to your community context.

MAKE IT SPREAD

Establish partnerships with other organizations in the community (religious groups, nongovernmental organizations, neighbourhood associations, etc.) and encourage different members of the community to join.

MAKE IT LAST

Promote sustainability by measuring progress, evolving the programme and sharing success with others.



Promoting dementia-inclusive communities

Introduction

What is healthy ageing?

As individuals age, they may undergo changes that impact their ability to perform normal daily activities. Healthy ageing refers to maintaining functional ability to support well-being into older age.

For older adults, a healthy and fulfilling life is characterized by the following:

- independence and autonomy;
- sense of identity and role in their community;
- sense of belonging to their community;
- feeling of safety;
- sense of being respected; and
- potential for personal growth.

What is dementia?

Dementia is a syndrome characterized by deterioration in memory, thinking, behaviour and the ability to perform everyday activities. It is a major cause of disability and dependency among older people worldwide, affecting individuals, carer, families, communities and societies.

It is important to note that dementia is not a normal part of ageing. People with dementia often live for many years after their symptoms begin, requiring long-term care and support.

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