LABORATORY BIOSAFETY MANUAL FOURTH EDITION AND ASSOCIATED MONOGRAPHS

BIOLOGICAL SAFETY CABINETS AND OTHER PRIMARY CONTAINMENT DEVICES





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Biological safety cabinets and other primary containment devices

(Laboratory biosafety manual, fourth edition and associated monographs)

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Acknowledgements

Principal coordinator

Dr Kazunobu Kojima, World Health Organization, Switzerland

Scientific contributor

Mr Allan Bennett (Deputy team lead), Public Health England (WHO Collaborating Centre for Applied Biosafety and Training), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Prof. Stuart Blacksell (Team lead), University of Oxford/Mahidol-Oxford Tropical Medicine Research Unit, Thailand

Mr David Bressler, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (WHO Collaborating Centre for Biosafety and Biosecurity), United States of America

Dr Paul Jensen, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (WHO Collaborating Centre for Biosafety and Biosecurity), United States of America

Mr Simon Parks, Public Health England (WHO Collaborating Centre for Applied Biosafety and Training), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Mr John Saunders, Health and Safety Executive, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Mr Joe Tanelli, Public Health Agency of Canada (WHO Collaborating Centre for Biosafety and Biosecurity), Canada

Project management

Ms Lisa Stevens, World Health Organization, France

Ms Rica Zinsky, World Health Organization, Switzerland

Reviewer

Ms Maren Roush, National Sanitary Foundation, United States of America

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Ms Fiona Curlet

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Glossary of terms

Aerosol: Liquid or solid particles suspended in air and of a size that may allow inhalation into the lower respiratory tract (usually less than 10 micrometres in diameter).

Aerosol-generating procedure: Any procedure that intentionally or inadvertently results in the creation of liquid or solid particles, which become suspended in the air (aerosols).

Biological agent: A microorganism, biological toxin, protein (prions) or human endoparasite, either naturally occurring or genetically modified, which may have the potential to cause infection, allergy, toxicity or otherwise create a hazard to human health, animals or plants.

Biosafety: Containment principles, technologies and practices that are implemented to prevent unintentional exposure to biological agents or their inadvertent release.

Calibration: Establishment of the relationship between the measurement provided by the instrument and the corresponding values of a known standard, allowing correction to improve accuracy. For example, laboratory equipment such as pipetting devices may need calibration periodically to ensure proper performance.

Certification: A third-party testimony based on a structured assessment and formal documentation confirming that a system, person or piece of equipment conforms to specified requirements, for example, to a certain standard.

Clean: Visually free of soil and below specified levels of analytes.

Consequence (of a laboratory incident): The outcome of an incident (exposure to and/or release of a biological agent) of varying severity of harm, occurring in the course of laboratory operations. Consequences may include a laboratory-associated infection,

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