

# Regional Action Plan for Tobacco Control in the Western Pacific (2020–2030)

Working towards a healthy, tobacco-free Region













# Regional Action Plan for Tobacco Control in the Western Pacific (2020–2030)

Working towards a healthy, tobacco-free Region



### © World Health Organization 2020 ISBN 978 92 9061 906 2 Some rights reserved.

This work is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 IGO licence (CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO; https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/igo). Under the terms of this licence, you may copy, redistribute and adapt the work for non-commercial purposes, provided the work is appropriately cited, as indicated below. In any use of this work, there should be no suggestion that WHO endorses any specific organization, products or services. The use of the WHO logo is not permitted. If you adapt the work, then you must license your work under the same or equivalent Creative Commons licence. If you create a translation of this work, you should add the following disclaimer along with the suggested citation: "This translation was not created by the World Health Organization (WHO). WHO is not responsible for the content or accuracy of this translation. The original English edition shall be the binding and authentic edition." Any mediation relating to disputes arising under the licence shall be conducted in accordance with the mediation rules of the World Intellectual Property Organization (http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/mediation/rules).

Suggested citation. Regional action plan for tobacco control in the Western Pacific (2020-2030): working towards a healthy, tobacco-free Region. Manila, Philippines, World Health Organization Regional Office for the Western Pacific. 2020. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) data. 1. Tobacco use - prevention and control. 2. Tobacco use cessation. 3. Smoking cessation. 4. Smoking prevention. 5. Health priorities. 6. Organizational objectives. 7. Regional health planning. I. World Health Organization Regional Office for the Western Pacific. (NLM Classification: WM 290).

Sales, rights and licensing. To purchase WHO publications, see http://apps.who.int/bookorders. To submit requests for commercial use and queries on rights and licensing, see http://www.who.int/about/licensing. For WHO Western Pacific Regional Publications, request for permission to reproduce should be addressed to Publications Office, World Health Organization, Regional Office for the Western Pacific, P.O. Box 2932, 1000, Manila, Philippines, Fax. No. (632) 521-1036, email: wpropuballstaff@who.int.

Third-party materials. If you wish to reuse material from this work that is attributed to a third party, such as tables, figures or images, it is your responsibility to determine whether permission is needed for that reuse and to obtain permission from the copyright holder. The risk of claims resulting from infringement of any third-party-owned component in the work rests solely with the user.

General disclaimers. The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters. All reasonable precautions have been taken by WHO to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall WHO be liable for damages arising from its use.

#### Photo credits:

All photos on the cover are from: ©WHO/Y. Shimizu, except for middle top: ©WHO/J. Zak and bottom right: ©WHO p. 1: ©WHO; p. 12: ©WHO/J. Zak; p. 13: ©WHO/C. Aichner; p. 52: ©WHO/Y. Shimizu

# **CONTENTS**

| Ab                | obreviations  | iv |  |  |
|-------------------|---|----|--|--|
| Fo                | reword  | V  |  |  |
| Executive summary |   |    |  |  |
| 1.                | WORKING TOWARDS A HEALTHY, TOBACCO-FREE REGION.   | 1  |  |  |
| 2.                | VISION, MISSION, GOAL AND OVERALL TARGET  | 12 |  |  |
| 3.                | STRATEGIC AREAS, OBJECTIVES, ACTIONS AND INDICATORS   |    |  |  |
|                   | Strategic Area 1. Prioritize tobacco control in all relevant policies   | 13 |  |  |
|                   | Strategic Area 2.  Accelerate implementation of tobacco control measures, including those in the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control and its guidelines for implementation. | 21 |  |  |
|                   | Strategic Area 3.  Gear up for emerging challenges in tobacco control   | 37 |  |  |
|                   | Strategic Area 4.  Apply whole-of-government and whole-of-society approaches to tobacco control   | 46 |  |  |
| 4.                | HOW THE REGIONAL ACTION PLAN WILL BE IMPLEMENTED, SUPPORTED AND EVALUATED   | 52 |  |  |
| <b>.</b> .        | OCCARV  | Г7 |  |  |

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

**ENDS** electronic nicotine delivery systems

(including electronic cigarettes or vaping devices)

**ENNDS** electronic non-nicotine delivery systems

(including electronic cigarettes or vaping devices)

**GS2025** Global Strategy to Accelerate Tobacco Control: Advancing Sustainable

Development through the Implementation of the WHO FCTC 2019–2025

**HTPs** heated tobacco products

NCD noncommunicable disease

**NGO** nongovernmental organization

**NRT** nicotine replacement therapy

**SDG** Sustainable Development Goal

**TAPS** tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

**UHC** universal health coverage

**WHO** World Health Organization

WHO FCTC WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control

## **FOREWORD**

In the rapidly changing context of the Western Pacific Region, tobacco use remains a persistent health challenge. Tobacco-related illnesses claim the lives of five people every minute in the Western Pacific Region. The Region is home to one third of the world's smokers. These 388 million smokers, as well as many non-smokers, are at risk of tobacco-related disease and premature mortality. Tobacco use fuels the noncommunicable disease epidemic; its appeal to youth and its impact on the working-age population extract a heavy socioeconomic toll and impede regional and national development. Tobacco also imposes significant pressures on the environment, disrupting ecological balance and damaging the environment.

In developing our shared vision, For the Future: Towards the Healthiest and Safest Region, Member States identified tobacco control as a key area of concern. That is why I am personally committed to making tobacco control a priority for action to protect health today and for generations to come in the Region.

The Western Pacific Region has a proud record on tobacco control. We are the only Region where all Member States within the Region are Party to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control. Strong efforts to ensure the implementation of the treaty have helped turn the tide on the tobacco epidemic, as documented by the declining prevalence of tobacco use. However, the rate of decline is not enough to meet the global target of a 30% reduction in tobacco use among adults by 2030.

In the meantime, emerging products such as heated tobacco products and electronic nicotine and non-nicotine delivery systems, including e-cigarettes and vaping devices, are enticing a generation of non-smokers into dependence on potentially very dangerous products. Clearly, we must accelerate efforts to counter this major preventable cause of ill health and early mortality and protect the Region's youth. Every person protected from a tobacco-related illness is a life saved and a family spared the heartache of losing a loved one to an early death that could have been prevented.

This 10-year Regional Action Plan represents the collaborative efforts of Member States, civil society, academia and other relevant tobacco control stakeholders and experts, along with WHO, to establish a roadmap for more intensive action against the tobacco epidemic. The four strategic areas for action reflect the need to bolster the implementation of established tobacco control interventions while simultaneously protecting young people by addressing the issue of emerging products, through the strategic integration of tobacco control into all relevant policies, and the application of innovation and whole-of-government and whole-of-society approaches.

In times of rapid change, we must stress fundamentals. Tobacco control is fundamental to health and development. This Regional Action Plan points the way forward towards transforming health through tobacco control. Let us work together to protect our future and achieve a healthy, tobacco-free Western Pacific Region.

Takeshi Kasai, MD, Ph.D.

Takesni Kares

Regional Director

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

While the World Health Organization (WHO) Western Pacific Region is tremendously diverse, all 37 countries and areas in the Region share the common health and socioeconomic burden of tobacco use.

Noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) are the leading cause of death and ill health, with around 86% of all premature deaths in the Region linked to NCDs. Tobacco is a major driver of the NCD epidemic. The Western Pacific Region is home to more than 388 million smokers, or one third of the world's smokers. Of those, at least half will be killed by their tobacco use. All are at risk for tobacco-related disease.

Tobacco's toll on the health of the overall population and on working-age people translates into significant health-care costs and a considerable burden on health systems. Moreover, the health-care costs from tobacco-related diseases are compounded by productivity losses from an unhealthy labour force and premature deaths among working-age people. While tobacco consumption worsens poverty at the national level by impeding economic growth, the impact of impoverishment is felt all the way down to the families of tobacco users.

Investing in tobacco control is critical to achieving poverty reduction and economic growth and to combating the NCD epidemic. Countries and areas in the Region have been taking action, as evidenced by 100% ratification of the *WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control* (WHO FCTC) by countries within the Region and action to support the inclusion of its implementation into the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the United Nations sustainable development agenda. Consequently, overall tobacco smoking (the most predominant form of tobacco use) is declining in the Western Pacific Region. However, the rate of decline is insufficient to meet the 2025 voluntary NCD target of a

预览已结束,完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 24710

