

EBOLA VIRUS DISEASE

Democratic Republic of the Congo



External Situation Report 83



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Date of issue: 10 March 2020

Data as reported by: 8 March 2020

1. Situation update

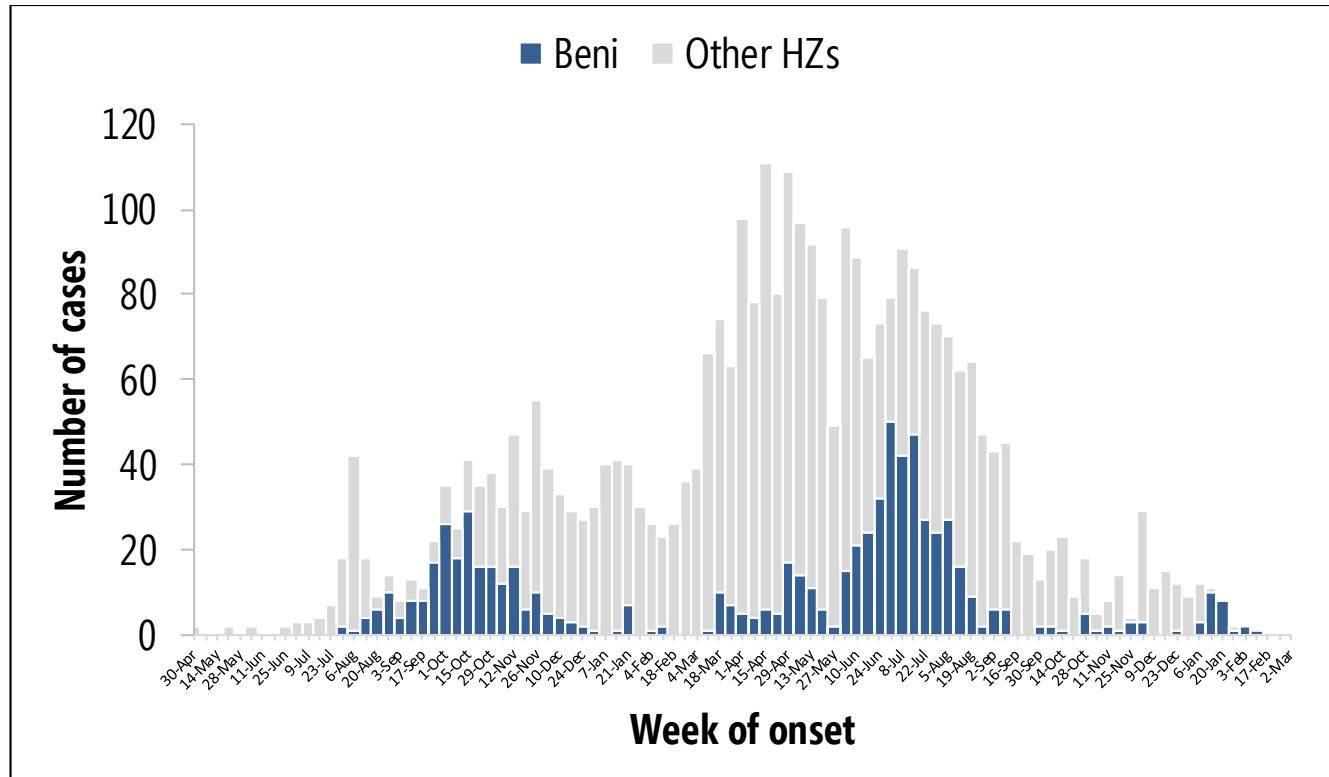
Cases	Deaths
 3444	 2264

No new cases of Ebola virus disease have been reported since 17 February 2020, and on 3 March 2020, the only person confirmed to have EVD in the last 21 days (Figure 1) was discharged from an Ebola Treatment Centre after recovering and testing negative twice for the virus. This is an important milestone in the outbreak. However, there is still a high risk of re-emergence of EVD, and a critical need to maintain response operations to rapidly detect and respond to any new cases, and to prioritize continued survivor support, monitoring and cooperative relationships with the survivors' associations – as outlined in the [WHO recommended criteria for declaring the end of the EVD outbreak](#).

Ongoing surveillance, pathogen detection, and clinical management activities include alert validation, contact follow-up, supporting rapid diagnostics of suspected cases, and building partnerships with community members to strengthen investigation of potential EVD patients who die in communities. Every day, more than 4700 alerts continue to be reported and investigated, of which over 350 alerts (including ~75 community deaths) are validated as suspected EVD cases, requiring laboratory testing and specialized care within the established Ebola treatment and transit centres. On average, suspect cases stay in these facilities for three days before EVD can be definitively ruled out (i.e. after two negative polymerase chain reaction tests 48 hours apart), while care is provided for their illness under isolation precautions. Timely testing of suspected cases continues to be provided across 11 operational laboratories deployed in cities that have been affected by the outbreak. From 2 to 8 March, more than 2800 samples were tested.

As of 8 March 2020, a total of 3444 EVD cases were reported from 29 health zones (Table 1, Figure 2), including 3310 confirmed and 134 probable cases have been reported, of which 2264 cases died (overall case fatality ratio 66%). Of the total confirmed and probable cases, 56% (1931) were female, 28% (975) were children aged less than 18 years, and 5% (171) were healthcare workers.

Figure 1: Health zone of reported Ebola virus disease cases by week of illness onset, as of 8 March 2020



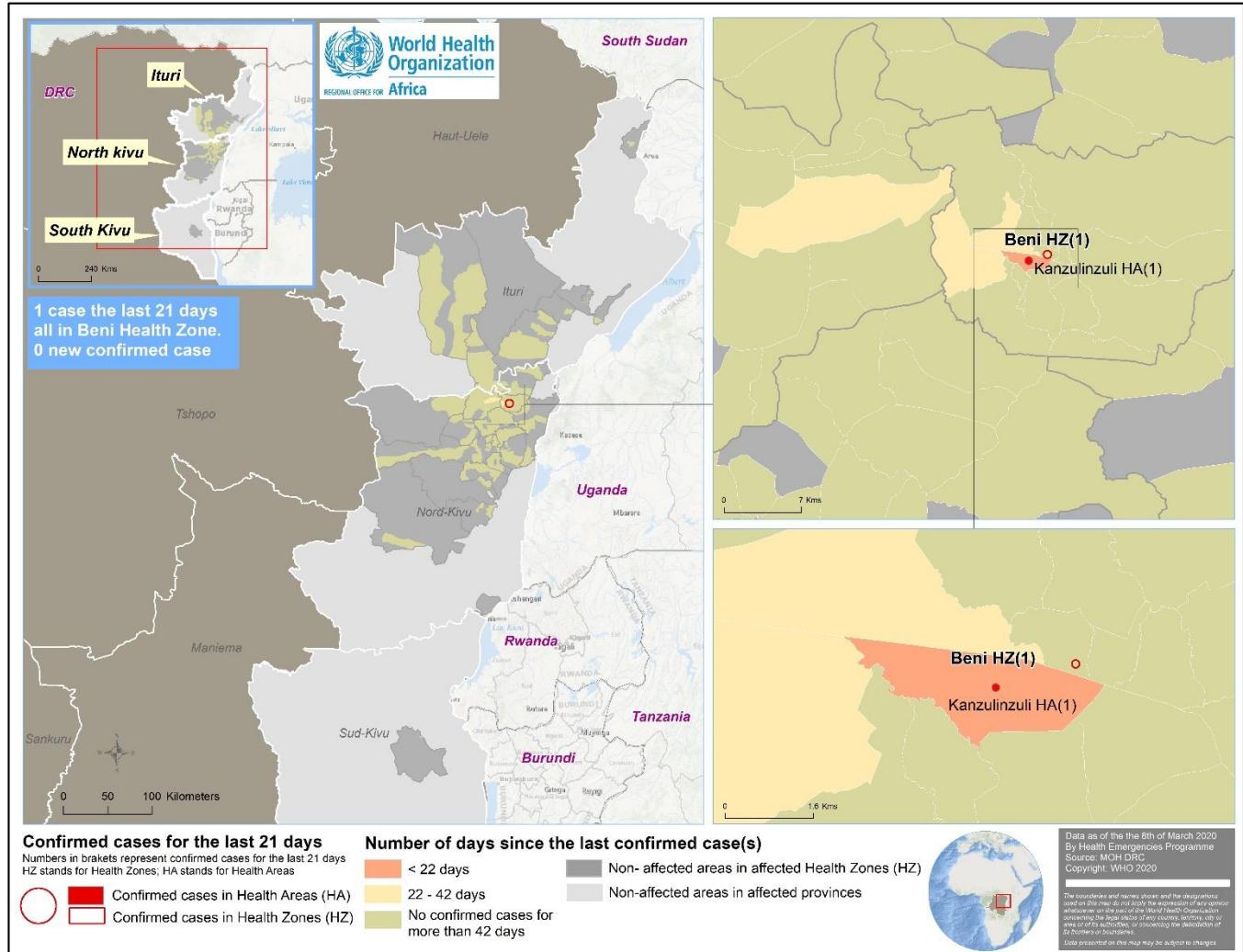
*Excludes n=148/3444 cases for whom onset dates not reported. Data in recent weeks are subject to delays in case confirmation and reporting, as well as ongoing data cleaning. Non-active health zones indicate health zone that have not reported cases in the last 21 days – see Table 1 for details.

Table 1: Ebola virus disease cases by classification and health zones in North Kivu and Ituri provinces, Democratic Republic of the Congo, as of 8 March 2020

Province	Health Zone	Health areas reporting at least one case in previous 21 days / total number of health areas	Confirmed cases in the last 21 days	Cumulative cases by classification			Deaths among confirmed cases	Cumulative deaths
				Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Total cases		
South Kivu	Mwenga	0/18	0	6	0	6	3	3
North Kivu	Alimbongo	0/20	0	5	1	6	2	3
	Beni	1/18	1	721	9	730	465	474
	Biena	0/16	0	19	2	21	12	14
	Butembo	0/15	0	295	7	302	353	360
	Goma	0/10	0	1	0	1	1	1
	Kalunguta	0/18	0	198	20	218	71	91
	Katwa	0/18	0	653	24	677	471	495
	Kayna	0/21	0	28	1	29	8	9
	Kyondo	0/22	0	25	4	29	15	19
	Lubero	0/19	0	31	2	33	4	6
	Mabalako	0/12	0	463	18	481	334	352
	Manguredjipa	0/10	0	18	1	19	12	13
	Masereka	0/16	0	50	6	56	17	23
	Musienene	0/20	0	85	1	86	33	34
	Mutwanga	0/19	0	32	0	32	12	12
	Nyiragongo	0/10	0	3	0	3	1	1
	Oicha	0/26	0	65	0	65	30	30
	Pinga	0/18	0	1	0	1	0	0
	Vuhovi	0/12	0	103	14	117	37	51
Ituri	Ariwara	0/21	0	1	0	1	1	1
	Bunia	0/20	0	4	0	4	4	4
	Komanda	0/15	0	56	10	66	44	54
	Lolwa	0/8	0	6	0	6	1	1
	Mambasa	0/17	0	82	4	86	27	31
	Mandima	0/15	0	347	10	357	166	176
	Nyakunde	0/12	0	2	0	2	1	1
	Rwampara	0/13	0	8	0	8	3	3
	Tchomia	0/12	0	2	0	2	2	2
Total		1/471	1	3310	134	3444	2130	2264

Note: Attributions of cases notified in recent days to a health zone are subjected to changes upon in-depth investigations

Figure 2: Geographical distribution of confirmed and probable Ebola virus disease cases by health area, North Kivu and Ituri provinces, Democratic Republic of the Congo, 8 March 2020



**Data are subject to delays in case confirmation and reporting, as well as ongoing data cleaning and reclassification – trends during recent weeks should be interpreted cautiously.*

2. Actions to date

The Government and the Ministry of Health (MOH) and other national authorities in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, WHO, and partners are implementing outbreak control interventions together with teams in the surrounding provinces, who are taking measures to ensure that they are response-ready.

An overview of key activities is summarized below:

Surveillance and Laboratory

- Over 249 000 contacts have been registered to date and 46 were under surveillance as of 8 March 2020. On average, 99% of contacts were followed daily in the last seven days in health zones with continued operations.
- An average of 4704 alerts were reported per day over the past seven days, of which 4651 (99%) were investigated within 24 hours of reporting.
- Testing of suspected cases continues to be provided across 11 operational laboratories. From 2 to 8 March, 2818 samples were tested.

Vaccines

- As of 7 March 2020, 300 330 people were vaccinated with the rVSV-ZEBOV-GP Ebola vaccine.
- Vaccination with the Ad26.ZEBOV/MVA-BN-Filo vaccine continued in two health areas near Goma, with 20 339 people vaccinated since its introduction on 14 November 2019, as of 6 March 2020.

Case management

- Ebola treatment centres (ETCs), transit centres (TCs), and decentralized transit centres continue to operate across outbreak affected areas, providing timely care and diagnoses for suspected EVD cases. As of 7 March 2020, there are nine Ebola treatment centres (ETCs) and 13 Ebola transit centres reporting bed occupancy.

Infection prevention and control (IPC) and Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

- In the past 21 days, no new cases of nosocomial infections were reported.

- IPC/WASH teams followed and supported 143 health facilities (FOSA) in the health zones of Beni, Oicha, Mambasa and Mabalako. In addition, 11 health facilities received PCI kits in three health zones: Oicha, Mambasa and Mabalako.
- Insecurity remains an ongoing challenge affecting the IPC/WASH activities in some areas (e.g. Mangina).
- In general, there is a reduction of activities in green zones. The transition of responsibilities has started in Goma, Bunia and green zones of Butembo sub-commissions.

Points of Entry (PoE)

- From 2 to 8 March 2020, 2 851 132 screenings were performed, bringing the cumulative number of screenings to over 160 million since the beginning of the outbreak. There were 244 alerts notified this week, of which 96 (39%) were validated as suspect cases following investigation; none were subsequently confirmed with EVD following laboratory testing. The cumulative number of EVD positive cases identified at PoEs and Points of Control (PoCs) therefore remains at 30. No contacts were identified at PoEs and PoCs this week, and 102 out of 109 PoEs and PoCs reported daily screening on average this week.
- A population movement mapping exercise was implemented in Mutwanga Health Zone to better understand long distance travel and trade practices passing through the DRC-Uganda border in Kasindi. This exercise will inform larger health risk mapping for current and future outbreak response.
- International Organization for Migration continues to strengthen the capacity of frontline workers on surveillance at PoE/PoCs in Beni and Mangina. The trainings covered both primary and secondary screening. A total of 40 frontline workers (4 females and 36 males) were trained.
- Insecurity continues to affect POE operations in Beni and Mangina. A total of five POCs experienced interruption this week, including Kyavinyonge Butembo, Kyavinyonge Port, Deviation Makeke, Biakatomayi and Biakatomines.

Safe and Dignified Burials (SDB)

- As of 1 March 2020, there have been a total of 26 139 SDB alerts notified through the Red Cross SDB database, of which 22 762 (87%) have been successfully responded to by Red Cross and Civil Protection SDB teams and community harm reduction burial teams

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https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_24773

