MEETING REPORT

AIDS MEDICINES AND DIAGNOSTICS SERVICE

JOINT WHO/UNAIDS ANNUAL MEETING
WITH PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANIES AND
STAKEHOLDERS ON GLOBAL FORECASTS
OF ANTIRETROVIRAL DEMAND FOR
2014-2018 AND PROJECTION MODELLING
OF NEW ANTIRETROVIRAL FORMULATIONS
FOR 2015—2024 AND UPDATE ON
HEPATITIS B AND C

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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

3TC lamivudine ABC abacavir

ACT Accelerating Children's HIV/AIDS Treatment

API active pharmaceutical ingredient

ART antiretroviral therapy

ARV antiretroviral ATV atazanavir AZT zidovudine

CD4 cluster of differentiation 4
CHAI Clinton Health Access Initiative

d4T stavudineddl didanosine

DNDI Drugs for Neglected Diseases Initiative

DRV darunavir
DTG dolutegravir
EFV efavirenz
ETV etravirine

FDC fixed-dose combination

FTC emtricitabine

Global Fund Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria

GPRM Global Price Reporting Mechanism

IAS International AIDS Society

IATT Interagency Task Team for the Prevention and Treatment of HIV Infection in Pregnant Women, Mothers and Children

IDV indinavir

LPV/r lopinavir/ritonavir

MSF Médecins sans Frontières

NNRTI non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors
NRTI nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors

NVP nevirapine

OGAC Office of the U.S. Global AIDS Coordinator
PAPWG Paediatric ARV Procurement Working Group
PEPFAR U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief

PI protease inhibitor

PMTCT prevention of mother-to-child transmission

RAL raltegravir RTV ritonavir

SCMS Supply Chain Management System

SQV saquinavir

TAF tenofovir alafenamide
TDF tenofovir disoproxil fumarate

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

USAID United States Agency for International Development

USFDA United States Food and Drug Administration

VL viral load

WHO World Health Organization XTC lamivudine or emtricitabine

ZDV zidovudine (AZT)

1. INTRODUCTION

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) Secretariat organize an annual meeting with pharmaceutical companies and stakeholders to discuss antiretroviral (ARV) drug demand forecasts for adults and children. These forecasts, developed by an ad-hoc multi-agency technical working group, are based on current consumption and likely future uptake indicated by observed upward or downward trends in response to new WHO policy guidelines and other market factors.

The March 2015 meeting went beyond the usual threeyear forecast by including a model of new ARVs that will be needed up to 2024. This was deemed useful as it would accelerate access to new treatments by patients if producers were aware of the type and quantities of new ARVs needed, leading to a reduction in the time required for production and regulatory approval of new ARV formulations.

For the first time this year, the meeting also included a discussion on hepatitis B and C medicines. WHO's Global Hepatitis Programme is housed in WHO's HIV Department, and in view of the dynamic developments in treatment options for these infections, it was deemed important to inform pharmaceutical companies and stakeholders of WHO's perspectives and plans in the area of hepatitis treatment.

The meeting was held on 19–20 March 2015 in the UNAIDS Kofi A. Annan Conference Room at WHO Headquarters in Geneva.

The main objectives of the meeting were to:

present an update on ARV policy guidelines and new procurement and treatment initiatives

producers, and partner organizations. The list of participants is in Annex II.

The opening remarks were delivered by Gottfried Hirnschall, Director, HIV, WHO, and Peter Ghys, Director, Strategic Information and Evaluation, UNAIDS.

In his opening remarks, Gottfried Hirnschall, Director, HIV, WHO, noted that the meeting comes at a critical time for meeting the targets for treatment by 2015, and at a time when new goals, such as 90-90-90 are being set whose targets will require massive treatment and scale up. Hepatitis is starting to receive more attention and WHO's work on hepatitis B and C has been strengthened. He thanked the ARV Demand Forecasting Technical Working Group for the coordinated efforts to produce the global ARV demand forecasts, and welcomed all participants.

Peter Ghys, Director, Strategic Information and Evaluation, UNAIDS, welcomed the participants and noted that the number of people on ART continues to increase, adding that they will be on target for the 2015 goal for treatment access, but that the number of people on treatment will need to more than double to reach the 90-90-90 targets.

To achieve these targets it will be important to ensure equity in treatment between adults and infants on one hand, and between different subpopulations on the other. Local production of ARVs, notably in the sub-Saharan African region, needs to be considered to support treatment scale-up efforts. Innovation, particularly in the delivery models of treatment, is required to reach the ambitious treatment goals.

Joseph Perriëns, Coordinator, HIV Technologies and Commodities, WHO, introduced the agenda. He emphasized that even though the 90-90-90 targets were ambitious,

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