The work of WHO on Emergencies in the African Region



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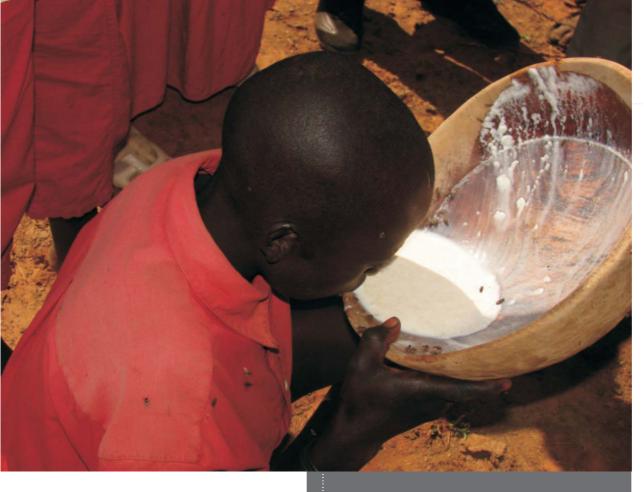
- 1 Dr.Angela Benson: Programme Manager (PM), Emergency and Humanitarian Action. Bensona@afro.who.int
- 2 Dr. Kalambay Kalula: Emergency Capacity Building (ECB). Kalambayk@afro.who.int
- 2 Dr. Usman Abdulmumini: Emergency Responses and Operations (ERO). Abdulmuminiu@afro.who.int

World Health Organisation - Regional Office for Africa Cit'eduDjou'e, P.O. Box 06 Brazzaville, Republic of Congo Telephone: + (47 241) 39100/ + (242) 770 02 02

Fax: + (47 241) 39503

"In accordance with WHO's mandate, vision and core functions, I have pledged to continue to focus on WHO's leadership role in the provision of normative and policy guidance; strengthening of partnerships and harmonization of support to countries; supporting health systems strengthening based on the primary health care approach......and accelerating response to the determinants of health".

Dr. Luis G. Sambo
Regional Director
WHO Regional Office for Africa
Excerpted from "Achieving Sustainable Health Development in the African
Region Strategic Directions for WHO 2010 - 2015".
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List of Abbreviations

AFRO African Regional Office ADB African Development Bank

APDA Afar Pastoralist Development Association

AU African Union

AWD Acute Watery Diarrhoea C4 Cholera Command and Control

CA Central Africa

CAR Central African Republic
CAP Consolidated Appeal Process
CDC Centre for Disease Control

CDS Communicable Disease Surveillance
CERF Central Emergency Response Fund

CFR Case Fatality Rate

CHAP Common Humanitarian Action Plan

CHDC Community Health Development Committees

CMO Chief Medical Officer

CRRTs Country Rapid Response Teams
CVC Core Voluntary Contribution
DHOs District Health Officers

DHS Demographic and Household Survey

DoH Department of Health

DRC Democratic Republic of Congo DRM Disaster Risk Managment DRR Disaster Risk Reduction

ECHO European Commission Humanitarian Aid EHA Emergency and Humanitarian Action

EHK Emergency Health Kits
EHOs Environmental Health Officers

EmONC Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care

EP Emergency Preparedness

EPR Emergency Preparedness and Response

ESA Eastern and Southern Africa
GAM Global Acute Malnutrition
GoU Government of Uganda
HCCs Health Cluster Coordinators

HELP Health Emergency in Large Population
HERU Health Emergency Response Unit
HCT Humanitarian Country Team
HFA Hyogo Framework for Action

HQ WHO Headquarter

HMIS Heal th Management Information System

IDPs Internally Displaced Persons

IDSR Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response

IFRC International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent

abbreviations

List of Abbreviations

IRC International Rescue Committee

ISDR International Strategy for Disaster Risk Reduction

ISTs Inter Country Support Team HCC Health Cluster Coordinators MAM Moderate Acute Malnutrition

MoH Ministry of Health

MoHCW Ministry of Health and Child Welfare

MSF Medicin Sans Fronteirs
ULO Unliquidated Obligations

NDPMP National Disaster Preparedness and Management Policy

NGO Non-Governmental Organization NIDs National Immunization Days

NMRL National Microbiology Reference Laboratory

OCR Outbreak and Crisis Response

PHE Protection of the Humanitarian Environment
PHCE Public Health in Complex Emergency
PPE Personal Protective Equipment

PRDP Peace, Recovery and Development Plan PRSP Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper

RDTs Regional Directors Teams RRT Rapid Response Teams

RIACSO Regional Inter Agency Coordination Support Office

RHPT Regional Humanitarian Partnership Team

SA Southern Africa

SAM Severe Acute Malnutrition
SEA Southern and Eastern Africa
SHOC Strategic Health Operations Centre
SIA Supplementary Immunization Activities
SNNP Southern Nations, Nationalities and People

TFU Therapeutic Feeding Units

UN United Nations

UNAIDS United Nations Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

UNDP United Nations Development Program

UNICEF United Nations International Children and Education Fund
UNISDR United Nations International Strategy for Disaster Risk Reduction
UNOCHA United Nations Office for Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs

VC Voluntary Contributions VHTs Village Health Teams VHWs Village Health Workers

VRAM Vulnerability and Risk Analysis and Mapping

WFP World Food Programme
WHA World Health Assembly
WHO World Health Organisation
WMC WHO Mediterranean Centre

abbreviations

WHO 2010

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Executive Summary

Natural disasters and social unrests continue to cause displacements in many countries of the WHO African Region. In 2009 alone, over 6.9 million people were displaced among which were 4.9 million internally displaced persons and about 2 million refugees Impact of climate change is leading to increasing droughts with its attendant food crises and malnutrition. Similarly, thousands of people are affected by floods and cyclones annually causing deaths and destruction of farmlands as well as housing and social infrastructure including health facilities. All these have direct and indirect impact on disease burden and health care delivery, thus negatively affecting the attainment of MDGs.

In support of the Member States, Guidelines for Disaster Risk Reduction and Emergency Preparedness have been drafted through global and regional consultations with partners. Hazards maps for all the countries in the region have been developed with the technical assistance of WHO Mediterranean Center on DRR. A task force has been commissioned to produce curricula and training modules for emergency preparedness and response in the Africa region.

Regional surge capacity is operational with a roster of trained emergency experts and rapid supply of logistics from sub-regional hubs. Almost all countries in the Region responded to emergencies in 2010 including floods, mud slides, food crisis, conflicts and disease outbreaks. The time used to deliver emergency health kits to countries affected by emergencies has greatly reduced from several months to just about one week showing overall increased efficiency in emergency operations. Coordinated technical support was provided to achieve communicable disease control including early warning and surveillance in 100% of conflicts and natural disasters.

Summary

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:

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