

## EPIDEMIOLOGY SUMMARY

Volume 17  
January–March 2022



World Health  
Organization

## 2022 GMS DATA AT A GLANCE (JAN-MAR)\*



17 695  
cases



1 247 153  
tests  
conducted

1%

tests compared  
to the same  
period in 2021

75%

cases compared  
to the same  
period in 2021



39%

*P. falciparum* +  
mixed cases  
compared to the  
same period in 2021

84%

*P. vivax* cases  
compared to the  
same period in  
2021

## 2022 QUARTER 1 OVERVIEW

In Jan-Mar 2022, Greater Mekong subregion (GMS) countries reported **17 695** malaria cases.

**Cambodia**

Cambodia reported 790 cases, a 38% decrease compared to the same time period in 2021. *P. falciparum* + mixed cases and *P. vivax* constituted 9% and 90% of cases, respectively.

**China (Yunnan Province)**

Yunnan reported 11 *P. vivax* cases and 0 *P. falciparum* + mixed cases. Among those, no indigenous cases were reported.

**Lao People's Democratic Republic**

Lao People's Democratic Republic reported 523 cases, a 15% decrease compared to the same time period in 2021. *P. falciparum* + mixed cases and *P. vivax* constituted 17% and 83% of cases respectively.

**Myanmar**

Myanmar reported 15569 cases of which 17% were *P. falciparum* + mixed cases and 83% were *P. vivax*. It should be noted that only partial data was available for Myanmar during this period.

**Thailand**

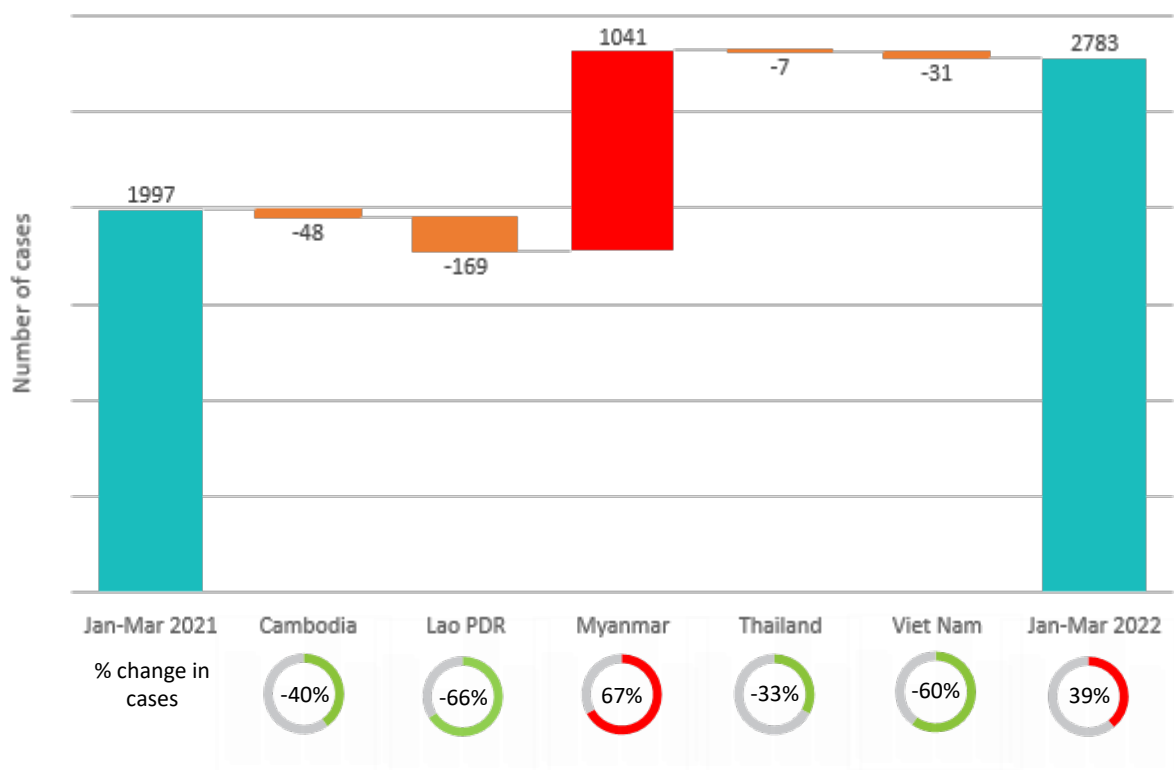
Thailand reported 747 cases, a 84% increase compared to the same time period in 2021. *P. falciparum* + mixed cases and *P. vivax* constituted 2% and 89% of cases, respectively.

**Viet Nam**

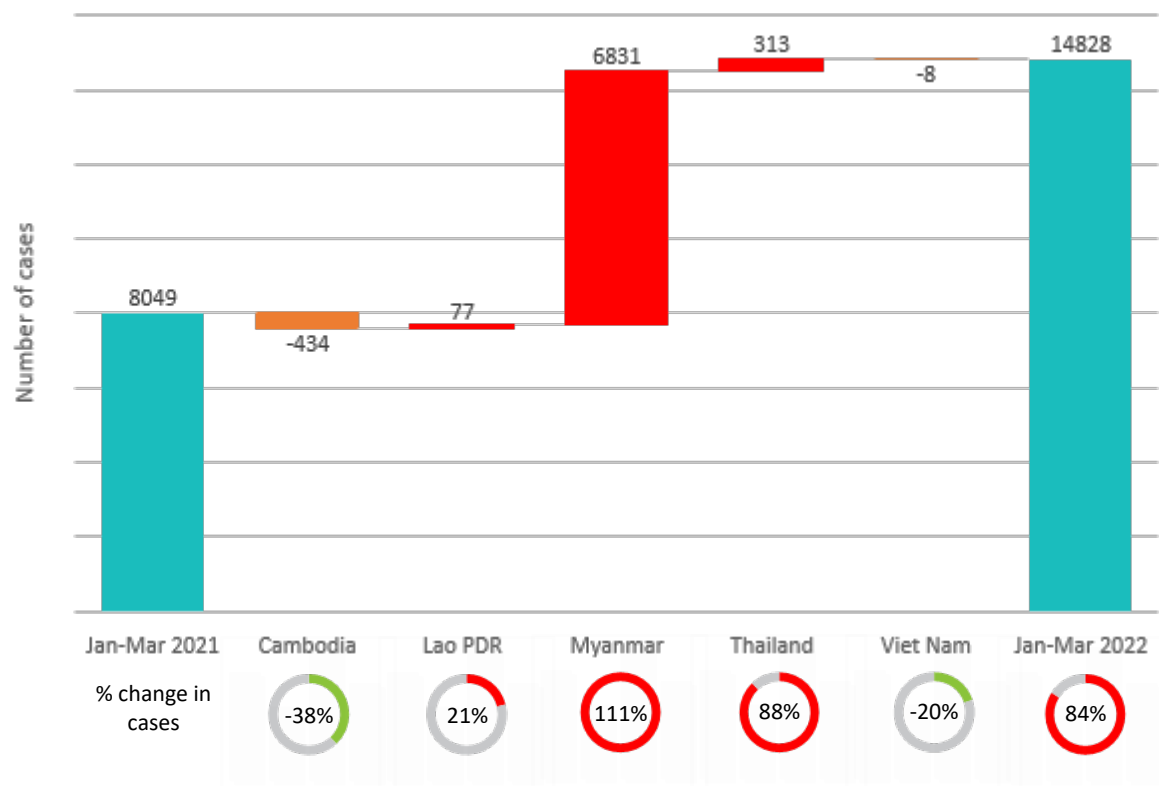
Viet Nam reported 55 cases, a 41% decrease compared to the same time period in 2021. *P. falciparum* + mixed cases and *P. vivax* constituted 38% and 60% of cases, respectively.

\*only partial data was available for Myanmar during this period of 2021-2022.

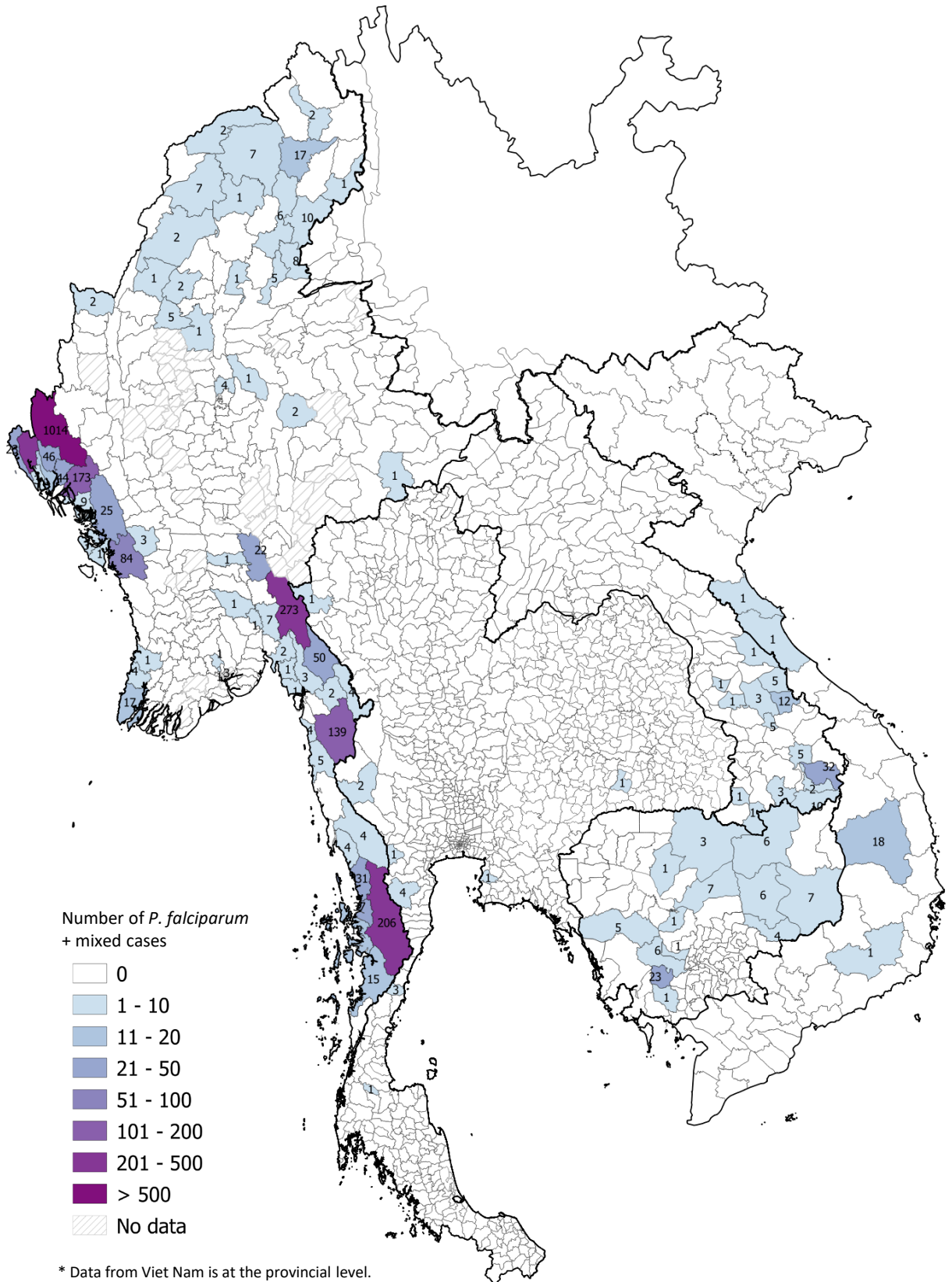
CHANGES IN P. FALCIPARUM + MIXED CASES IN THE GMS  
FROM JAN-MAR 2021 COMPARED TO JAN-MAR 2022



CHANGES IN P. VIVAX CASES IN THE GMS FROM  
JAN-MAR 2021 COMPARED TO JAN-MAR 2022

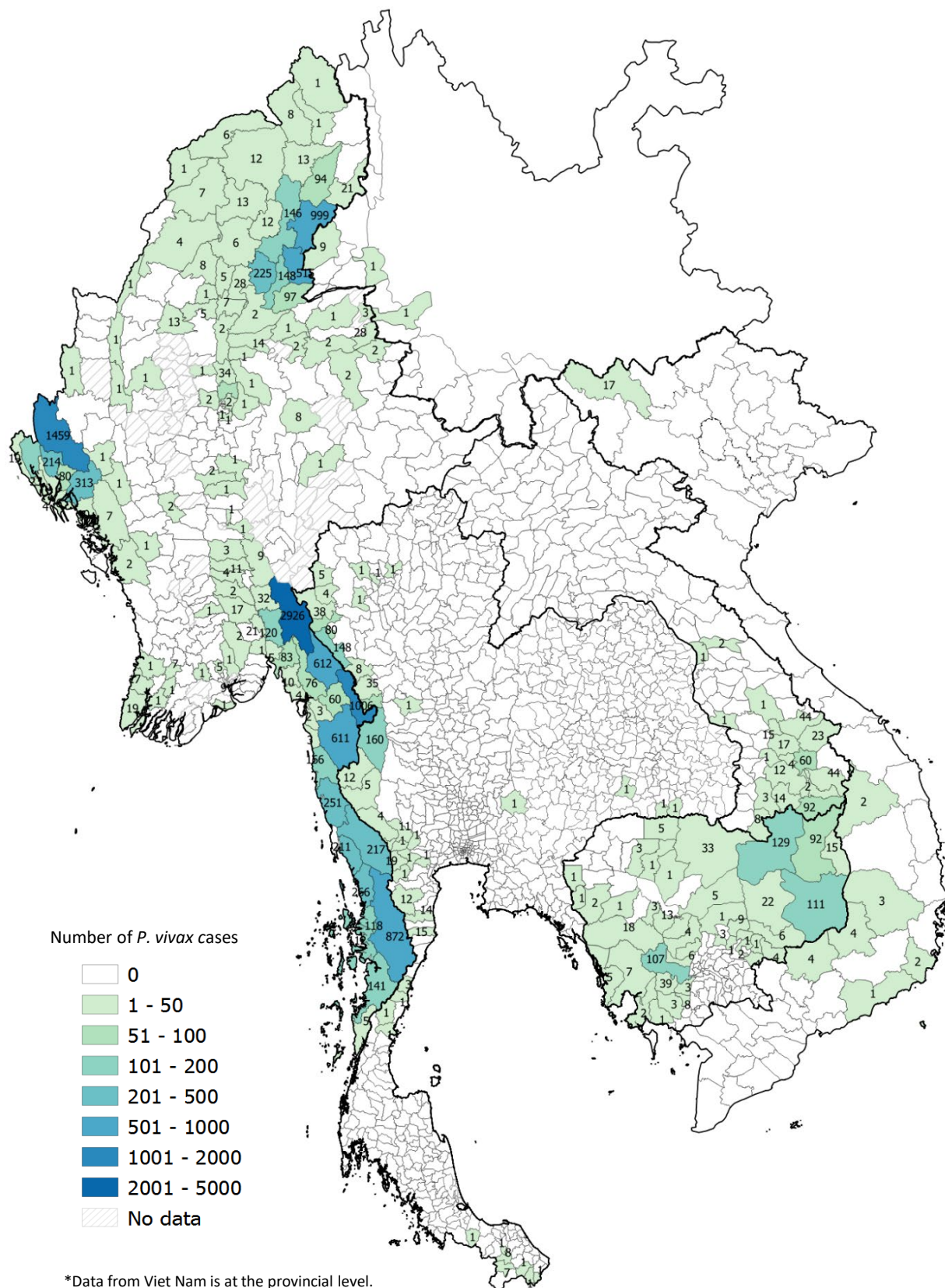


# REGIONAL MAP OF *P. FALCIPARUM* + MIXED CASES BY DISTRICT (JAN-MAR 2022)\*



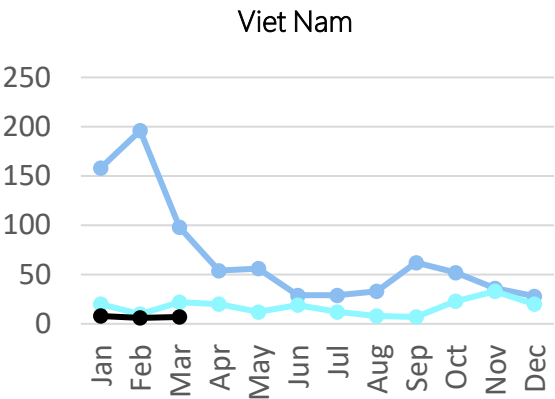
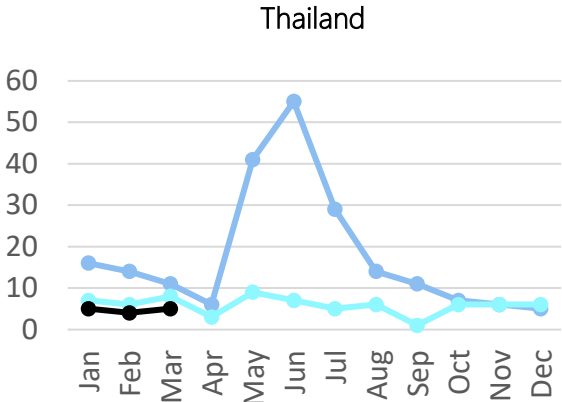
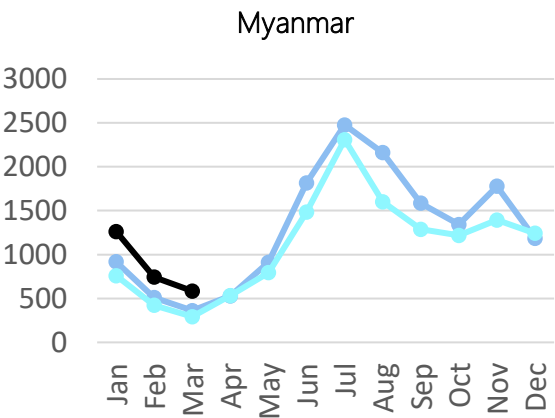
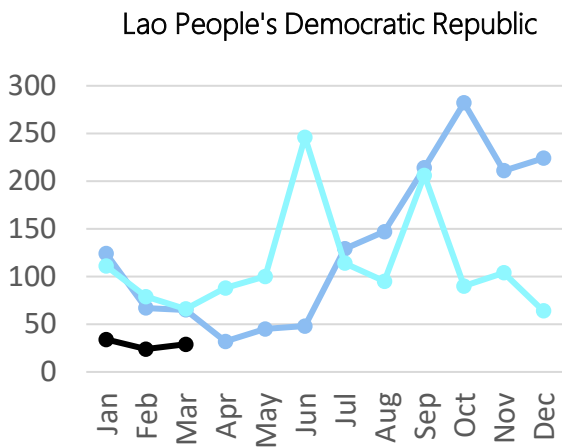
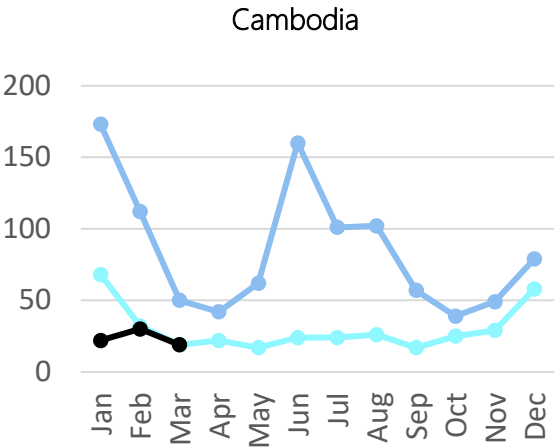
The boundaries, names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

# REGIONAL MAP OF P. VIVAX CASES BY DISTRICT (JAN-MAR 2022)\*



The boundaries, names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

NUMBER OF P. FALCIPARUM + MIXED CASES  
BY MONTH AND COUNTRY (2020–2022)\*

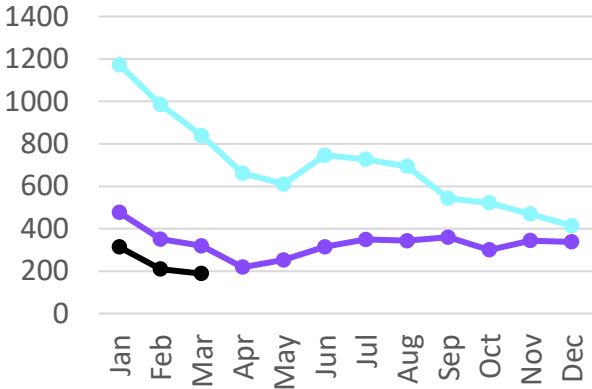


2020  
2021  
2022

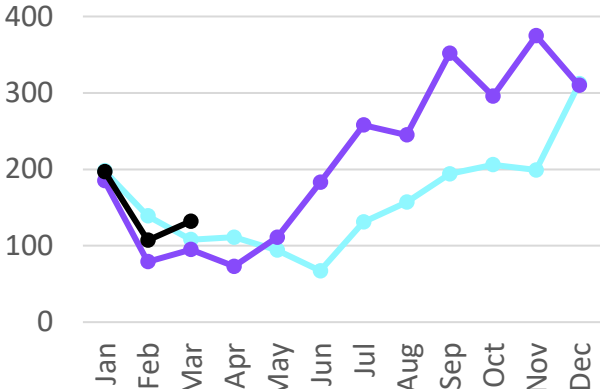
\*Data from 2022 - covers January - March

NUMBER OF P. VIVAX CASES BY MONTH BY COUNTRY\* (2020–2022)

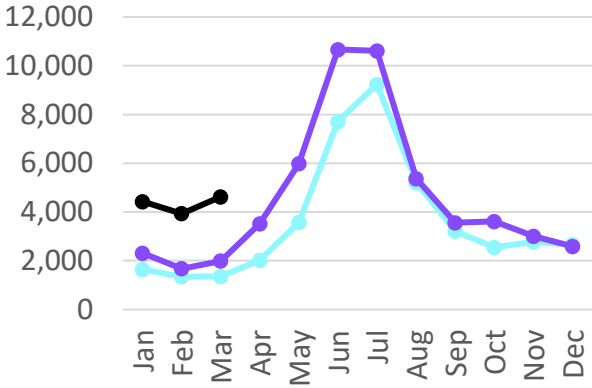
Cambodia



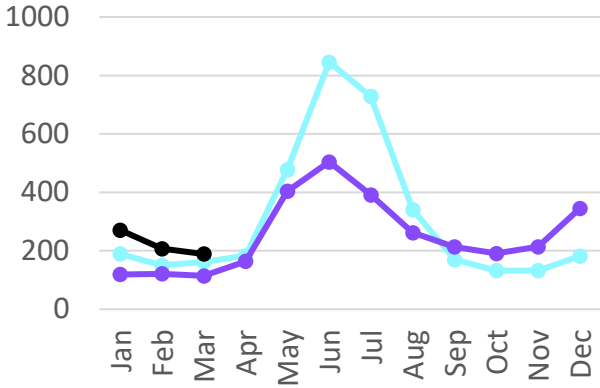
Lao People's Democratic Republic



Myanmar



Thailand



预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

[https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5\\_31664](https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_31664)

