

**No. 50019**

---

**Netherlands (in respect of Aruba)  
and  
St. Kitts and Nevis**

**Agreement between the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in respect of Aruba, and Saint Christopher (Saint Kitts) and Nevis for the exchange of information relating to tax matters. The Hague, 11 September 2009**

**Entry into force:** *19 October 2011 by notification, in accordance with article 13*

**Authentic text:** *English*

**Registration with the Secretariat of the United Nations:** *Netherlands, 6 August 2012*

---

**Pays-Bas (à l'égard d'Aruba)  
et  
Saint-Kitts-et-Nevis**

**Accord entre le Royaume des Pays-Bas, à l'égard d'Aruba, et Saint-Kitts-et-Nevis sur l'échange de renseignements en matière fiscale. La Haye, 11 septembre 2009**

**Entrée en vigueur :** *19 octobre 2011 par notification, conformément à l'article 13*

**Texte authentique :** *anglais*

**Enregistrement auprès du Secrétariat de l'Organisation des Nations Unies :** *Pays-Bas, 6 août 2012*

[ ENGLISH TEXT – TEXTE ANGLAIS ]

**Agreement between the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in respect of  
Aruba, and Saint Christopher (Saint Kitts) and Nevis for the  
exchange of information relating to tax matters**

The Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in respect of  
Aruba,

and

the Government of Saint Christopher (Saint Kitts) and Nevis,

Desiring to facilitate the exchange of information with respect to  
taxes,

Have agreed as follows:

**Article 1**

*Object and Scope of the Agreement*

1. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Contracting Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment and collection of such taxes, the recovery and

enforcement of tax claims, or the investigation or prosecution of tax matters. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.

2. As regards the Kingdom of the Netherlands, this Agreement shall apply only to Aruba.

## Article 2

### *Jurisdiction*

A Requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession or control of persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

## Article 3

### *Taxes Covered*

The taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are all taxes imposed or administered by either Contracting Party including any identical or substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of signature of the Agreement. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall notify each other of any substantial changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures covered by the Agreement.

## Article 4

### *Definitions*

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:
  - a) the term “Contracting Party” means Saint Kitts and Nevis or the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in respect of Aruba, as the context requires;
  - b) the term “Saint Kitts and Nevis” means the Federation of Saint Christopher and Nevis;
  - c) the term “Aruba” means that part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands that is situated in the Caribbean area and consisting of the Island Aruba;
  - d) the term “competent authority” means
    - i) in the case of Saint Kitts and Nevis, the Financial Secretary or the Financial Secretary’s authorised representative;

- ii) in the case of Aruba, the Minister of Finance and Economic Affairs or an authorised representative of the Minister;
- e) the term “person” includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;
- f) the term “company” means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
- g) the term “publicly traded company” means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold “by the public” if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- h) the term “principal class of shares” means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;
- i) the term “recognised stock exchange” means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties;
- j) the term “collective investment fund or scheme” means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term “public collective investment fund or scheme” means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed “by the public” if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- k) the term “tax” means any tax to which the Agreement applies;
- l) the term “applicant Party” means the Contracting Party requesting information;
- m) the term “requested Party” means the Contracting Party requested to provide information;
- n) the term “information gathering measures” means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Contracting Party to obtain and provide the requested information;
- o) the term “information” means any fact, statement or record in any form whatever;
- p) the term “criminal tax matters” means tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the applicant Party;
- q) the term “criminal laws” means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes.

2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Contracting Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

3. The Commentary to the OECD Model Agreement on Exchange of Information on Tax Matters shall apply to the interpretation of this Agreement where this Agreement is in conformity with the OECD Model Agreement on Exchange of Information on Tax Matters.

## Article 5

### *Exchange of Information Upon Request*

1. The competent authority of the requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the requested Party if such conduct occurred in the requested Party.

2. If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures to provide the applicant Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.

3. If specifically requested by the competent authority of an applicant Party, the competent authority of the requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.

4. Each Contracting Party shall ensure that its competent authorities for the purposes specified in Article 1 of the Agreement, have the authority to obtain and provide upon request:

a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity including nominees and trustees;

b) information regarding the ownership of companies, partnerships, trusts, foundations, "Anstalten" and other persons, including, within the constraints of Article 2, ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain; in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees and beneficiaries; and in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries. Further, this Agreement does not create an obligation on the Contracting Parties to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.