No. 50024

Netherlands (in respect of the Kingdom in Europe) and Iceland

Exchange of notes constituting an agreement between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Republic of Iceland concerning privileges and immunities for the Icelandic liaison officers at Europol in The Hague (with attachment). Oslo, 16 April 2007, and Reykjavik, 30 May 2007

Entry into force: provisionally on 4 June 2007 by the exchange of the said notes and definitively on 1 February 2009, in accordance with the provisions of the said notes

Authentic text: English

Registration with the Secretariat of the United Nations: Netherlands, 21 August 2012

Pays-Bas (à l'égard du Royaume en Europe) et Islande

Échange de notes constituant un accord entre le Royaume des Pays-Bas et la République d'Islande concernant les privilèges et immunités des officiers de liaison islandais au sein d'Europol à La Haye (avec annexe). Oslo, 16 avril 2007, et Reykjavik, 30 mai 2007

Entrée en vigueur : provisoirement le 4 juin 2007 par l'échange desdites notes et définitivement le 1^{er} février 2009, conformément aux dispositions desdites notes

Texte authentique: anglais

Enregistrement auprès du Secrétariat de l'Organisation des Nations Unies : Pays-Bas, 21 août 2012

[ENGLISH TEXT – TEXTE ANGLAIS]

I

Oslo, 16 april 2007

No. 076/07

The Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands presents its compliments to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Iceland and has the honour to propose, with reference to the Co-operation Agreement between the Republic of Iceland and the European Police Office of 28 June 2001 (hereinafter "the Agreement"), and in view of Article 41, paragraph 2 of the Convention based on Article K.3 of the Treaty on European Union, on the establishment of a European Police Office (Europol Convention, 26 July 1995), that the privileges and immunities necessary for the proper performance of the tasks of the liaison officers at Europol referred to in Article 14 and Annex 3 of the Agreement, be agreed upon as set out in the Attachment.

If this proposal is acceptable to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Iceland, the Embassy proposes that this note and the affirmative note of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs shall constitute an Agreement between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Republic of Iceland, which shall be applied provisionally from the day on which this affirmative note has been received by the Embassy, and which shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Republic of Iceland have informed each other that the formalities required for the entry into force have been complied with.

The Embassy avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Ministry the assurances of its highest consideration.

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs at Reykjavik

Attachment

1. Definitions

In this Agreement:

- a. "Liaison officer" means: any official stationed at Europol in accordance with Article 14 of the Agreement;
- b. "Government" means the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands:
- c. "Host State authorities" means such State, municipal or other authorities of the Kingdom of the Netherlands as may be appropriate in the context of and in accordance with the laws and customs applicable in the Kingdom of the Netherlands;
 - d. "Sending State" means the Republic of Iceland;
- e. "Archives of the liaison officer" means all records, correspondence, documents, manuscripts, computer and media data, photographs, films, video and sound recordings belonging to or held by the liaison officer, and any other similar material which in the unanimous opinion of the Sending State and the Government forms part of the archives of the liaison officer.

2. Privileges and immunities

- 1. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, the liaison officer and members of his family who form part of his household and do not possess Dutch nationality, shall enjoy in and vis-à-vis the Kingdom of the Netherlands the same privileges and immunities as are conferred on members of the diplomatic staff by the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of 18 April 1961.
- 2. The immunity granted to persons mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Article shall not extend to either:
 - i) civil action by a third party for damages, including personal injury or death, arising from a traffic accident caused by any such person; or
 - ii) criminal and civil jurisdiction over acts performed outside the course of their official duties.

3. The obligations of Sending States and their personnel that apply under the Vienna Convention to members of the diplomatic staff, shall apply to the persons referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.

3. Entry, stay and departure

- 1. The Government shall facilitate, if necessary, the entry, stay and departure of the liaison officer and members of his family forming part of the household.
- 2. This Article shall not prevent the requirement of reasonable evidence to establish that persons claiming the treatment provided for under this Article come within the classes described in paragraph 1 of this Article.
- 3. Visas which may be required by persons referred to in this Article shall be granted without charge and as promptly as possible.

4. Employment

Members of the family forming part of the household of the liaison officer not otherwise exempted from the obligation to obtain working permits on the basis of international law, shall be exempt from the obligation to obtain working permits for the duration of the secondment of the liaison officer.

5. Inviolability of archives

The archives of the liaison officer wherever located and by whomsoever held shall be inviolable.

6. Personal Protection

The Host State authorities shall, if so requested by the Sending State, take all reasonable steps in accordance with their national laws to ensure the necessary safety and protection of the liaison officer, as well as members of his family who form part of his household, whose security is endangered due to the performance of the tasks of the liaison officer at Europol.

7. Facilities and immunities in respect of communication

1. The Government shall permit the liaison officer to communicate freely and without a need for special permission, for all official purposes, and shall protect the right of the liaison officer to do so. The liaison officer shall have the right to use codes and to dispatch and receive offi-

cial correspondence and other official communications by courier or in sealed bags which shall be subject to the same privileges and immunities as diplomatic couriers and bags.

2. The liaison officer shall, as far as may be compatible with the International Telecommunications Convention of 6 November 1982, for his official communications enjoy treatment not less favourable than that accorded by the Kingdom of the Netherlands to any international organisation or government, in the matter of priorities for communication by mail, cable, telegraph, telex, radio, television, telephone, fax, satellite, or other means.

8. Notification

- 1. The Sending State shall promptly notify the Government of the name of the liaison officer, his arrival and his final departure or the termination of his secondment as well as the arrival and final departure of the members of the family forming part of the household and, where appropriate, the fact that a person has ceased to form part of the household.
- 2. The Government shall issue to the liaison officer and members of his family forming part of the household, an identification card bearing the photograph of the holder. This card shall serve to identify the holder in relation to all Host State authorities.

9. Settlement of Disputes

- 1. Any dispute between the Sending State and the Government concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement, or any question affecting the liaison officer or the relationship between the Sending State and the Government which is not settled amicably, shall be referred for final decision to a tribunal of three arbitrators, at the request of the Sending State or the Government. Each party shall appoint one arbitrator. The third, who shall be chairman of the tribunal, is to be chosen by the first two arbitrators.
- 2. If one of the parties fails to appoint an arbitrator within two months following a request from the other party to make such an appointment, the other party may request the President of the Court of Justice of the European Communities or in his absence the Vice-President, to make such an appointment.
- 3. Should the first two arbitrators fail to agree upon the third within two months following their appointment, either party may request the President of the Court of Justice of the European Communities, or in his absence the Vice-President, to make such appointment.
- 4. Unless the parties agree otherwise, the tribunal shall determine its own procedure.