## No. 50683

# United States of America and Haiti

Investment Incentive Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Haiti. Port-au-Prince, 29 June 1998

Entry into force: 29 June 1998 by signature, in accordance with article 5

**Authentic texts:** *English and French* 

Registration with the Secretariat of the United Nations: United States of America, 17 April

2013

# États-Unis d'Amérique et Haïti

Accord de promotion des investissements entre le Gouvernement des États-Unis d'Amérique et le Gouvernement d'Haïti. Port-au-Prince, 29 juin 1998

Entrée en vigueur : 29 juin 1998 par signature, conformément à l'article 5

**Textes authentiques:** anglais et français

Enregistrement auprès du Secrétariat de l'Organisation des Nations Unies: États-Unis

d'Amérique, 17 avril 2013

[ ENGLISH TEXT - TEXTE ANGLAIS ]

### INVESTMENT INCENTIVE AGREEMENT

#### BETWEEN

# THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND

#### THE GOVERNMENT OF HAITI

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and THE GOVERNMENT OF HAITI;

AFFIRMING their common desire to encourage economic activities in Haiti that promote the development of the economic resources and productive capacities of Haiti; and

RECOGNIZING that this objective can be promoted through investment support provided by the Overseas Private Investment Corporation ("OPIC"), a development institution and an agency of the United States of America, in the form of investment insurance and reinsurance, debt and equity investments and investment guaranties;

HAVE AGREED as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1

As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings herein provided. The term "Investment Support" refers to any debt or equity investment, any investment guaranty and any investment insurance or reinsurance which is provided by the Issuer in connection with a project in the territory of Haiti. The term "Issuer" refers to OPIC and any successor agency of the United States of America, or any agent designated by OPIC and any successor agency of the United States of America to represent them. The term "Taxes" means all present and future taxes, levies, imposts, stamps, duties and charges imposed in Haiti and all liabilities with respect thereto.

#### **ARTICLE 2**

- (a) The Issuer shall not be subject to regulation under the laws of Haiti applicable to insurance or financial organizations.
- (b) All operations and activities undertaken by the Issuer in connection with any Investment Support, and all payments, whether of interest, principal, fees, dividends, premiums or the proceeds from the liquidation of assets or of any other nature, that are made, received or guaranteed by the Issuer in connection with any Investment Support shall be exempt from Taxes. The Issuer shall not be subject to any Taxes in connection with any transfer, succession or other acquisition which occurs pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Article or Article 3(a) hereof. Any project in connection with which Investment Support has been provided shall be accorded tax treatment no less favorable than that accorded to projects benefiting from the investment support programs of any other national or multilateral development institution which operates in Haiti.
- (c) If the Issuer makes a payment to any person or entity, or exercises its rights as a creditor or subrogee, in connection with any Investment Support, the Government of Haiti shall recognize the transfer to, or acquisition by, the Issuer of any cash, accounts, credits, instruments or other assets in connection with such payment or the exercise of such rights, as well as the succession of the Issuer to any right, title, claim, privilege or cause of action existing, or which may arise, in connection therewith.
- (d) With respect to any interests transferred to the Issuer or any interests to which the Issuer succeeds under this Article, the Issuer shall assert no greater rights than those of the person or entity from whom such interests were received, provided that nothing in this Agreement shall limit the right of the Government of the United States of America to assert a claim under international law in its sovereign capacity, as distinct from any rights it may have as the Issuer pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Article.

#### **ARTICLE 3**

(a) Amounts in the currency of Haiti, including cash, accounts, credits, instruments or otherwise, acquired by the Issuer upon making a payment, or upon the exercise of its rights as a creditor, in connection with any Investment Support provided by the Issuer for a project in Haiti, shall be accorded treatment in the territory of Haiti no less favorable as to use and conversion than the treatment to which such funds would have been entitled in the hands of the person or entity from which the Issuer acquired such amounts.

(b) Such currency and credits may be transferred by the Issuer to any person or entity and upon such transfer shall be freely available for use by such person or entity in the territory of Haiti in accordance with its laws.

#### **ARTICLE 4**

- (a) Any dispute between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Haiti regarding the interpretation of this Agreement or which, in the opinion of either party hereto, presents a question of international law arising out of any project or activity for which Investment Support has been provided shall be resolved, insofar as possible, through negotiations between the two Governments. If, six months following a request for negotiations hereunder, the two Governments have not resolved the dispute, the dispute, including the question of whether such dispute presents a question of international law, shall be submitted, at the initiative of either Government, to an arbitral tribunal for resolution in accordance with paragraph (b) of this Article.
- (b) The arbitral tribunal referred to in paragraph (a) of this Article shall be established and shall function as follows:
  - (i) Each Government shall appoint one arbitrator. These two arbitrators shall by agreement designate a president of the tribunal who shall be a citizen of a third state and whose appointment shall be subject to acceptance by the two Governments. The arbitrators shall be appointed within three months, and the president within six months, of the date of receipt of either Government's request for arbitration. If the appointments are not made within the foregoing time limits, either Government may, in the absence of any other agreement, request the Secretary-General of the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes to make the necessary appointment or appointments. Both Governments hereby agree to accept such appointment or appointments.
  - (ii) Decisions of the arbitral tribunal shall be made by majority vote and shall be based on the applicable principles and rules of international law. Its decision shall be final and binding.
  - (iii) During the proceedings, each Government shall bear the expense of its arbitrator and of its representation in the proceedings before the tribunal, whereas the expenses of the president and other costs of the arbitration shall be paid in equal parts by the two Governments. In its award, the arbitral tribunal may reallocate expenses and costs between the two Governments.