No. 53512*

Austria and Turkmenistan

Convention between the Government of the Republic of Austria and the Government of Turkmenistan for the avoidance of double taxation with respect to taxes on income and on capital (with protocol). Vienna, 12 May 2015

Entry into force: 1 February 2016, in accordance with article 27

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Autriche et Turkménistan

Convention entre le Gouvernement de la République d'Autriche et le Gouvernement du Turkménistan en vue d'éviter la double imposition et de prévenir l'évasion fiscale en matière d'impôts sur le revenu et sur la fortune (avec protocole). Vienne, 12 mai 2015

Entrée en vigueur : 1^{er} février 2016, conformément à l'article 27

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[ENGLISH TEXT – TEXTE ANGLAIS]

CONVENTION BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKMENISTAN FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES ON INCOME AND ON CAPITAL

The Government of Turkmenistan and the Government of the Republic of Austria,
desiring to conclude a Convention for the avoidance of double taxation with respect to taxes
on income and on capital,
Have agreed as follows:

CHAPTER I. SCOPE OF THE CONVENTION

Article 1

PERSONS COVERED

This Convention shall apply to persons who are residents of one or both of the Contracting States.

Article 2

TAXES COVERED

- (1) This Convention shall apply to taxes on income and on capital imposed on behalf of a Contracting State or of its administrative-territorial subdivisions or local authorities, irrespective of the manner in which they are levied.
- (2) There shall be regarded as taxes on income and on capital all taxes imposed on total income, on total capital, or on elements of income or of capital, including taxes on gains from the alienation of movable or immovable property, taxes on the total amounts of wages or salaries paid by enterprises, as well as taxes on capital appreciation.
 - (3) The existing taxes to which the Convention shall apply are in particular:
 - a) in Austria:
 - i. the income tax (die Einkommensteuer);
 - ii. the corporation tax (die Körperschaftsteuer);
 - iii. the land tax (die Grundsteuer);
 - iv. the tax on agricultural and forestry enterprises (die Abgabe von land- und forstwirtschaftlichen Betrieben);
 - v. the tax on the value of vacant plots (die Abgabe vom Bodenwert bei unbebauten Grundstücken);

(hereinafter referred to as "Austrian tax")

- b) in Turkmenistan:
- the tax on profits (income) of juridical persons;
- ii. the tax on income of individuals;
- iii. the tax on property;

(hereinafter referred to as "Turkmen tax").

(4) The Convention shall apply also to any identical or substantially similar taxes that are imposed after the date of signature of the Convention in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. The competent authorities of the Contracting States shall notify each other of any significant changes that have been made in their taxation laws.

CHAPTER II. DEFINITIONS

Article 3

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

- (1) For the purposes of this Convention, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - a) the term "Austria" means the Republic of Austria;
 - the term "Turkmenistan" means the territory of Turkmenistan comprised within its land borders together with the maritime zones (including both marine and sub-marine zones) over which Turkmenistan exercises sovereign or jurisdictional rights under international law;
 - c) the term "person" includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;
 - d) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
 - e) the term "enterprise" applies to the carrying on of any business;
 - f) the terms "enterprise of a Contracting State" and "enterprise of the other Contracting State" mean respectively an enterprise carried on by a resident of a Contracting State and an enterprise carried on by a resident of the other Contracting State;
 - g) the term "international traffic" means any transport by a ship or aircraft operated by an enterprise that has its place of effective management in a Contracting State, except when the ship or aircraft is operated solely between places in the other Contracting State;
 - h) the term "competent authority" means:
 - (i) in Austria: the Federal Minister of Finance or his authorised representative;
 - (ii) in Turkmenistan: the Ministry of Finance and the Main State Tax Service or their authorised representatives;
 - i) the term "national", in relation to a Contracting State, means:
 - (i) any individual possessing the nationality or citizenship of that Contracting State: and
 - (ii) any legal person, partnership or association deriving its status as such from the laws in force in that Contracting State;
 - j) the term "business" includes the performance of professional services and of other activities of an independent character.
- (2) As regards the application of the Convention at any time by a Contracting State, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that State for the purposes of the taxes to which the

Convention applies, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that State prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that State.

Article 4

RESIDENT

- (1) For the purposes of this Convention, the term "resident of a Contracting State" means any person who, under the laws of that State, is liable to tax therein by reason of his domicile, residence, place of management or any other criterion of a similar nature, and also includes that State and any administrative-territorial subdivision or local authority thereof. This term, however, does not include any person who is liable to tax in that State in respect only of income from sources in that State or capital situated therein.
- (2) Where by reason of the provisions of paragraph 1 an individual is a resident of both Contracting States, then his status shall be determined as follows:
 - a) he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the State in which he has a
 permanent home available to him; if he has a permanent home available to him
 in both States, he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the State with which
 his personal and economic relations are closer (centre of vital interests);
 - b) if the State in which he has his centre of vital interests cannot be determined, or if
 he has not a permanent home available to him in either State, he shall be
 deemed to be a resident only of the State in which he has an habitual abode;
 - c) if he has an habitual abode in both States or in neither of them, he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the State of which he is a national;
 - d) if he is a national of both States or of neither of them, the competent authorities of the Contracting States shall endeavour to settle the question by mutual agreement.
- (3) Where by reason of the provisions of paragraph 1 a person other than an individual is a resident of both Contracting States, then it shall be deemed to be a resident only of the State in which its place of effective management is situated.

Article 5

PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT

- (1) For the purposes of this Convention, the term "permanent establishment" means a fixed place of business through which the business of an enterprise is wholly or partly carried on.
 - (2) The term "permanent establishment" includes especially:
 - a) a place of management;
 - b) a branch;